

## सञ्चालक समिति



श्री सञ्चालक समिति, लुम्बिनी जनरल इन्स्योरेन्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड ज्ञानेश्वर, काठमाडौं।

## बिषयः प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त गरेको

महाशय,
$\qquad$ जिल्ला $\qquad$ न.पा./गा.बि.स., वडा नं. $\qquad$ बस्ने म/हामी $\qquad$ ले त्यस कम्पनीको शेयरधनीको हैसियतले आगामी २०७७ साल आषाढ २४ गते बुधबारका दिन हुने १५औ बार्षिक साधारण सभामा स्वयं उपस्थित भई छलफल तथा निर्णयमा सहभागी हुन नसक्ने भएकोले उक्त सभामा भाग लिन तथा मतदान गर्नका लागि $\qquad$ जिल्झा. $\qquad$ न.पा./गा.बि.स., वडा नं. $\qquad$ बस्ने त्यस कम्पनीका शेयरधनी श्री लाई मेरो/हाम्रो प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त गरी पठाएको छु/छौं।

प्रतिनिधि नियुय्त भएको व्यक्तिको:
दस्तखत:
नाम:
ठेगानाः
फोन नं :
शेयरधनी परिचय नं:
डिम्याट खाता नं:

निवेदक:
दस्तखतः
नाम:
ठेगानाः
फोन नं. :
शेयरधनी परिचय नं.:
डिम्याट खाता नें:
शेयर संख्याः
मिति:

१५औं साधारण सभामा उपस्थितिको लागि जारी गरिएको
प्रवेश-पत्र

शेयरधनीको नाम $\qquad$
डिम्याट खाता नं:: $\qquad$ शेयर संख्या: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
शेयरधनी परिचय न.:

(कम्पनी सचिव)
$\qquad$

## प्रतिवेदनमा समाविष्ट सामग्रीहरू

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## (5)imsommonn

## आदरणीय शेयरधनी महानुभावहरू.

$२ ० ७ / \circ २ / ३ २$ मा बसेको सञ्चालक समितिको बैठक नं. २०६ को निर्णयानुसार यस कम्पनीको १५औँ वार्षिक साधारण सभा निम्न उल्लेखित मिति, समय र स्थानमा निम्न उल्लेखित बिषयहरूमाथि छलेफल तथा निर्णय गर्न बस्ने भएको हुंदा कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ बमोजिम सो सभा सम्बन्धी कागजातहरू समाहित गरी यो प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत गरिएको छ।

## साधारण सभा बस्ने मिति, स्थान र समय

मिति: २०७७ साल आषाढ २४ गते बुधबार (जुलाई ०८, २०२०)
स्थानः कम्पनीको कार्यालय, ज्ञानेश्वर, काठमाडौ ।
समयः बिहान ११ बजे ।

## छलफलका बिषय सूचिहरू:

क) सग्चालक समितिको १५औ बार्षिक प्रतिवेदन २०७५/००६ पारित गर्ने।
ख) लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन सहित २०६६ साल आषाढ मसान्तको वासलात, आ.ब.२००५/०0६ को नाफा-नोक्सान हिसाव तथा नगद प्रदाह विवरण र अनुसूचिहरू पारित गर्ने ।

ग) आ.ब. २०७५/०६ को मुनाफाबाट प्रदान गरिने बोनस शेयरको कर प्रयोजनको लागि चुत्ता पूंजीको ०.४०६\% ले हुने रू ४२,९०,०००/-नगद लाभाश स्वीकृत गर्ने।
घ) लेखापरीक्षण समितिको सिफारिस बमोजिम आ.ब. २०७६/०७७ को लागि लेखापरीक्षकको नियुक्ति र निजको पारिश्रमिक तोक्ने ।

ङ) बिशेष प्रस्तावः
9) कम्पनीको हालको जारी तथा चुक्ता पूंजी रू. $9, ० ५, ६ ०, ० 0, ० 0 ० /$ (एक अर्ब पांच करोड साठी लाख) बाट बृद्धि गरी रू. १,१४,१८,००,०००/- (एक अर्ष चौघ करोड अतार लाख) पुन्याउने र सो प्रयोजनको लागि सञ्चालक समितिले प्रस्ताव गरे बमोजिम आ.ब. २०७५/०७६ को मुनाफा मध्येबाट रू ८,५८,00,000/(आठ करोड अन्ठाउन्न लाख) बराबर चुक्ता पूंजीको ८.१२५\% बोनस शेयर जारी गर्ने ।
२) नं. (१) को व्यबस्था अनुसार प्रबन्धपत्रको दफा ५(ख) र ५(ग) संशोधन गर्ने।

च) सञ्चालकको संख्या घटाउने र सो प्रयोजनको लागि नियमावलीको नियम ८(२) सशोधन गर्ने ।
छ) प्रबन्धपत्र र नियमावली को प्रस्तावित संशोधनमा सम्बन्धित निकायको निर्देशन अनुसार आवश्यक समायोजन गर्न सञ्चालक समितिलाई अख्तियारी दिने ।

ज) सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनीहरूको समूह "ख" बाट २ जना सञ्चालकहरूको निर्वाचन गर्ने।
झ) बिबिध ।

## साधारणसभा सम्बन्धी सामान्य जानकारी

१. साधारण सभा हुनुभन्दा ४८ घण्टा अगावै प्रतिनिधि-पत्र (प्रोक्सी) फारम दर्ता गरिसक्नु पर्नेछ। संस्थापक शेयरधनीहरूले संस्थापकमध्येबाट नै कुनै एक प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त गरी सोको फारम कम्पनीको प्रधान कार्यालय. ज्ञानेश्वर, काठमाडौमा र सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनीहरूले सोही समूह अन्तर्गतका कुनै एक शेयरधनीलाई प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त गरी सोको फारम यस कम्पनीको शेयर रजिष्ट्रार श्री एनआईविल एस क्यापिटल लि., लाजिम्पाट, काठमाडौँमा दर्ता गर्नुपर्नेछ।
२. सभामा भाग लिन ₹ मतदान गर्न प्रतिनिधि-पत्र (प्रोक्सी) दर्ता गरिसकेपछि सोलाई बदर गरी अर्को प्रतिनिधि दिन चाहेमा सोको सूचना ४८ घण्टा अगावै जानकारी दिनुपर्नेछ।
३. प्रोक्सी दोहोरो पर्न गएमा पहिले दर्ता गरिएको प्रोक्सीले मान्यता पाउनेछ। प्रोक्सी मुकरर गर्न शेयरघनी स्वयं सभामा उपस्थित भई दस्तखत गर्नुभएमा प्रोक्सी स्वतः बदा हुनेछ।
४. नावालक वा विक्षिप्त शेयरधनीको तर्फबाट कम्पनीको शेयर लगत कितावमा संरक्षकको रूपमा दर्ता भएका व्यक्तिले सभामा भाग लिन, मतदान गर्न वा प्रतिनिधि तोक्न पाउनेछन्।
4. सभामा भाग लिने सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनीहरूले सभा हुने दिन शेयरको प्रमाणपत्र वा सोको प्रतिलिपी वा शेयरधनी परिचय नम्बर सहित नागरिकताको प्रमाणपत्र साथमा लिई आउनुहुन अनुरोध छ। शेयर अभौतिकिकरण गराइसक्नुभएका शेयरधनी महानुभावहरूको हकमा डिम्याट खाता नम्बर र सक्कल परिचयपत्र प्रस्तुत गर्नुपर्पछछ ।
६. छलफलको बिषयमध्ये विविश शिर्षक अन्तर्गत फलफल गर्न इच्छुक शेयरधनीले सभा हुनुभन्दा ७ दिन अगावै छलफलको बिषय कम्पनी सचिव मार्फत स्रञ्चालक समितिको अध्यक्षलाई लिखित रूपमा दिनुपर्नेछ ।
७. विश्वव्यापी रूपमा फैलिएको कोरोना भाइरस (Covid-19) को कारण सभामा उपस्थित हुंदा कम्तीमा १ मिटरको दूरी कायम हुने गरी हाजिरी तथा सभास्थलमा बस्ने व्यबस्था कायम गरिने हुंदा भाइरस संक्रमणबाट बच्न तथा बचाउनका लागि आवश्यक पर्न मास्क, पज्जा लगायतको न्युनतम् सुरक्षाका उपपकरणहरू प्रयोग गर्नुहुन अनुरोध छ।
८. कुनै शेयरधनीहरूले साधारण सभामा भिडियो कन्फरेन्स मार्फत आफ्नो मन्त्तव्य राख्न चाहेमा सभा हुनुभन्दा २ दिन अधि नै कम्पनी सचिवलाई आफ्नो नाम टिपाउनु पर्नेछ। भिडियो कन्फरेन्स मार्फत उपस्थित हुने शेयरधनीहरूलाई Meeting ID/Password उपलव्ध गराई सभामा सहभागी हुने व्यबस्था मिलाइनेछ।
९. सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनीहरूको समूह "ख" बाट प्रतिनिधित्व गर्ने २ सञ्चालकहरूको निर्वाचन सम्बन्धी कार्यक्रम मितिः २०७०/०३/२१ गते निर्वाचन अधिकृत्दारा कम्पनीको प्रधान कार्यालयमा प्रकाशित गरिनेछ। उमेदवारको योग्यता कम्पनी ऐन २०६३ तथा बीमाकको संस्थागत सुशासन सम्वन्धी निर्देशिका २०७५ बमोजिम हुनेछ। निर्वाचन सम्बन्धी विषयहरू लगायत अन्य जानकारीको लागि कम्पनीको प्रधात कार्यालयमा सम्पर्क राख्न सकिनेछ ।
१०. उपस्थिति पुस्तिका बिहान १०:०० बजेदेखि खुल्का रहनेछ।

## अध्यक्षज्यूको मन्तव्यः

आदरणीय शोयरघनी महानुभावएक,
२०६१ स्षाल पौष महिनामा कम्पनी रजिप्र्रारको कार्यालयमा दर्ता भई २०६२ स्षाल आवम महिनादेखि सज्चालनमा आएको यस कम्पनीले कारोवारको १५ वर्ष पूरा गरेको छ। उउत्मृष्ट बीना सेवा, हाप्रो प्रतिवद्दता" भन्ने मूल मन्त्राई आत्मासात गर्दै स्थापनाकालदेखि ने संबे वर्गका जनताहरूलाई स्तरीय बीमा सेवा प्रदान गर्दे आएको २ शेयरधनीहरूलाई यथोचित प्रतिफल प्रदान गर्द आएको स्मरण गराउन चाहनु ।
बीमालाई सबै जनताइरूको जीवनको अभिन्न अद्भको रूपमा बिकास गर्दै आफ्नो सेवालाई शहरदेखि ग्रामिण क्षेत्रसम्म बिस्तार गदे लोगा हौं। प्रधान कार्याल्य लगायत मुलुकभरका ४ क्षेत्रीय/प्रदेशिशक कार्यालयहरू, २१ शाख़ा कार्यालयहरू, २० उपशाखा कार्यालयहरूबाट शहरदेखि गाउंसम्म सेवा प्रदान गर्न हाभी सक्षम भएका छाँ।
बीमा सेवा सामाजिक सुरक्षाको रूपमा मानव जीवनको अनिवार्य आवश्यकताको विषयबस्त् बन्दे गएको छ। कुने दुर्घटना वा विपत्तीको कारणबाट व्यक्तिको जीवनभरको आर्जन गुम्ने, व्यवस्षायबाट ने हात धुनुपर्न्न एवं आर्थिक र पारिवारिक व्यबस्था ने विर्रन जाने अबस्थाबाट मुल्ति पाउन बीमा एक मात्र सहयोगी रहेको चेतना मुखरित भईरहेको छ। यसलाई जनताको जीवनको अनिवार्य आवश्यकता बनाउनको लागि नेपाल सरकार, नियमनकारी निकाय र हानी सवैको साफा प्रयास र व्यापक्र पहल गर्न आवश्यक भएको छ । बीमा कम्पनीको मुख्य सेवा भनेको दावी परेपछि यथाशिप्र बीमितलाई दावी भुक्तानी गर्न नै रहेको कुरामा हामी सचेत छौ। २०७२ सालको महाभुकम्पबाट पर्न आएका दावीहरकको भुक्तानी यस कम्पनीले सवैभन्दा पहिले अर्थात १८ महिनाभित्र भुक्तानी गरेको जानकारी यसअधि हामीले यहाइहरूई गाइसकेका छो। दावी भुक्तानी समयमा गर्न सब्नु ने बीमितहरूको विश्वास जिलसक्ने र व्यवसायको आर्जनको प्रमुख माध्यम हुने मएकोले यसलाई कार्यान्वयन गर्न हामी गम्मीरताप्रूर्वक लागिपरेका हौ।
बीमा समितिको निर्देशन बमोजिम चुक्ता पूजी न्यूततम रू. 9 अर्ब पुन्याउने उद्देश्ये विशेष साधारण स्सभाबाट पारित प्रस्ताव अनुसार चुत्ता पूंजीको $20 \%$ के हुन आउने १७, 40,000 हक्यद शेयरहू निष्काशन गरिएकेमा उत्त शेयर बांडफफंड भई हाल सूविकरण समेत भईसकेको छ। हैकप्रद शेयर बांडफांड पश्चात कमपनीको चुक्ता पूंजी रू. 9,04, $90,00,000 /-$ छ। सेयपषनी महानुभावकरु.
हाल विश्वव्यापी रूपमा फंलिएको कोभिउ-१९ नामक भाइरसको कारणले मानव स्वास्थ्य र विश्व अर्थतन्रमा निक दूलो नोक्सानी व्यहोन्ने परेको छ। यस रोगको जोखिमलाई मध्यनजर गरी नेपाल सरकारले जारी गरेको लकडाउनको कारण बीमा क्षेत्रमा समेत अत्यन्त्त नकारात्मक प्रभाव परेको यथार्थ यहाहरूलाई विदित़त छ। चातु आ.ब. को चेत्रको दोश्रो हप्तादेखि नेपालका उद्योगधन्दा, य्यवसाय, यातायात ल्गायतका क्षेत्रहू बन्द रहका हुंदा कम्पनीको नियमित काम कारवाहहहरू सम्पन्न गर्न, कार्यालय आवत-जावत लगायत दैनिक काममां नोक्सानी व्यहोनेनु परेको छ। नेपालको उद्योग, व्यापर, बैंकिड्न गतिबिधि,

कर्जा प्रवाह लगायतका आर्थिक गतिविधीहरू ठप्प रहंदा त्यससंग अन्तरसम्बन्ध रहेको बीमा क्षेत्रको कारोवारमा समेत असर पर्न गएको छ।

यस प्रतिकूल अबस्थामा पनि कम्पनीले आफ्ना ग्राहकहरूलाई सेवा प्रदान गर्न विश्व स्वास्थ्य संगठन र नेपाल सरकारले तोकेको मापदण्ड अनुसारका सुरक्षा प्रबन्ध गरी सीमित र अत्यावश्यक कर्मचारीहरू परिचालन गरी, विद्युतीय प्रणाली, सफ्टवेयरको माध्यमबाट आफ्ना बीमितहरूलाई बीमा तथा दावी सेवा प्रदान गर्दे आएको छ। साथै बीमा समितिको निर्देशन अनुसार कोभिड-१९ को बीमा सेवा प्रदान गर्द आएको छ। कोभिड-१९ को कारणाबाट सृजना भएको संकटको चांडे नै समाधान हुनेछ भन्ने कुरामा हामी आशावादी छौ। हाल देशमा तिनै तहको निर्वाचन सम्पन्न भई स्थीर सरकार स्थापना भएको, प्रदेश तथा स्थानिय निकायहरूको अधिकार स्थापित भई देशभरी समान रूपले पूर्वाधार बिकासको सम्भावना बृद्धि हुंदै गएको हुंदा बीमा व्यवसायलाई ग्रामिण तहसम्म लैजान र व्यवसाय विस्तार गर्न सहज हुनेछ। यसलाई सफल बनाउन सग्च्चालक समितिले कम्पनीका नीतिगत बिषयहरूमा आवश्यक व्यबस्था गर्ने र सो बाहेक कम्पनीका सबै कामकारवाहीहरूमा व्यबस्थापनलाई अधिकार दिएका छौं।
यस कम्पनीको वित्तीय अबस्था र अन्य गतिविधिहरूको बारेमा यहाहरूलाई हाग्रो वार्षिक प्रतिवेदनको पुस्तिकाबाट अवगत हुने नै छ। त्यसमाथिको छलफलको क्रममा यहांहरूबाट प्राप्त हुने अमूल्य सुभावहरूलाई हामीले मार्गदर्शनको रूपमा अवल्मम्बन गर्द जानेछाँ। अन्तमा, कम्पनीले पाएको सहयोगको लागि शेयरघनी महानुभावहरू, ग्राहकवर्ग, श्री बीमा समिति, श्री कम्पनी रजिष्टारको कार्यालय, श्री धितोपत्र बोर्ठ, श्री नेपाल धितोपत्र बजार विनिमय लि, भ्री सिडिएस एण्ड क्लियरिड़ लि., शेयर रजिष्ट्रार, लेखापरीक्षक, बीमा तथा पुरर्बीमा कम्पनीहरू एवं ब्रोकरहरूप्रति हार्दिक आभार प्रकट गर्दछु । कम्पनीको व्यवस्थापनमा संलग्न पदाधिकारीहरू तथा सम्पूर्ण कर्मचारीहरूलाई कम्पनीको उत्तरोत्तर उन्नति र प्रगतिमा पुन्याउनुभएको क्रियाशिल योगदानका लागि वहांहरूलाई विशेष रूपले घन्यवाद दिन चाहन्छु। साथै हाम्रो क्रियाकलापहरूलाई सकारात्मक रूपमा लिई जनसमक्ष पुन्याइदिने सञ्चार जगतका मित्रहरू र सम्पूर्ण शुभेच्छुकहरूप्रति पनि म हार्दिक आभार व्यक्त गर्दघु ।

धन्यबाद् ।

## १५औ बार्षिक साघारण सभाका लागि सग्चालक समितिको प्रतिवेदन

## ऐोयरधनी महानुभावठरू，

लुम्बिनी जनरल इन्स्योरेन्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको यस १५ओ वार्षिक साघारण सभामा यहाइरूलाई सञ्चालक समितिको तर्फबाट हार्दिक स्वागत गर्दछौ। कम्पनी ऐन，२०६३ अनुरूप तयार गरिएको यो प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत गर्न यहांहरू समक्ष अनुमति माग्दै प्रतिवेदनको समीक्षा गरी आगामी दिनमा अम प्रभावकारी रूपले अगाडि बढ्न यहांहरूबाट मार्गदर्शन प्राप्त हुने विश्वास गर्दे यस साधारण सभामा कम्पनीको काम कारवाहीको प्रतिवेदन，लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन सहित आर्थिक वर्ष 2004／०७६ को वासलात，नाफा－नोक्सान हिसाव，नगद प्रवाह र आवश्यक अन्य विवरणहरू अनुमोदनको लागि अनुरोष गर्दछँ।

## 9．विगत बर्षहरुको कारोवारको सिंहावलोकन

कम्पनीले आफ्नो व्यवसायिक उद्देश्य प्राप्त गर्नको लागि प्रधान कार्यालय लगायत मुतुकभरका ४ क्षेत्रीय／प्रादेशिक कार्यालय，२१ शाखा कार्यालय，२० उपशाखा कार्यालयहरू बाट सेवा प्रदान गर्दे आएको छ। बिगत वर्षमा आर्जन भएको बीमाशुल्क आम्दानीको क्षेत्रगत तालिका，दावी，र नाफा－नोक्सान हिसावको संक्षिप्त विवरण （GAAP प्रणाली अनुसार）निम्न अनुसार रहेको छ।
क）बीमाशुल्क आर्जन ：

| बीमाशुक्क | 206x／00¢ | poby／obx | प्रतियात |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| सम्पत्ती बीमा | २१丩，ムง9，弓९६ |  | 90\％ |
| सामुद्रिक बीमा | ३७，६¢३，ちО७ | ३३，ชヤ२，¢¢३ | 9३\％ |
| मोटर बीमा | ง३७，ム9\％，९९9 |  | －૪\％ |
| इञ्जिनियरिए़न बीमा | १૪२，ห७૪，२३३ | १२२，૪ц०，૪ち२ | १६\％ |
| कृषि तथा लघु बीमा | 6७，३ૂム，२३७ | प७，२૫२，9६० | 3 $3 \%$ |
| विविध बीमा |  | ᄃ७，१४६，२55 | ज\％ |
| जम्मा बीमाशुल्क | १，३६०，३७७，¢०१ | १，२६२，ヤ૫৩，६२६ | 5\％ |
| सुद बीमाशुल्क |  |  | －93\％ |

ख）दावी तघा अन्य ：

| बीमागुक्क | २ovx／00¢ | 2our／obx | प्रतिरान |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| कूल दावी भुत्तानी | ७¢२，00७，Р२९ | ६२६，१૫义，१२९ | २२\％ |
| दावी व्यबस्था | マQง६¢ヶム，३९ง | २०६，ง૦ц，७२९ | \％\％ |
| पुनर्बिमा शुल्क भुक्तानी | ง09，¢२9，११३ | צо5，२̌९，७re | ३ら\％ |
| व्यबस्थापन खर्च | १९६，३२૫，९३ム | १С१，९१३，६७み | 5\％ |
| खुद मुनाफा | २०३，९६७，१३ऐ | २₹३，७ム¢，ちム२ | －93\％ |

## （9）

ग）ब्थबसायको अवस्थाः
बिगतको अनुभवका आधारमा कम्पनीले व्यवसायको जोखिम बिश्लेषण गरी सकमर नाफामूलक व्यवसायसा बढि केन्द्रित रहने नीति तय गरेको छ। व्यवसायमा विविधिकरण र बिस्तार गरी सबै क्षेत्रमा कम्पनीको पहुँचमा बृद्धि गर्दै लगिएको छ। यसको साथै कृषि बीमाबाट अपेक्षित मुनाफा आर्जन गर्न नसकिने भएपनि किसानहरूप्रति सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्वको मर्मलाई मनन गरी यसतर्फ कम्पनीले उल्हेख्य रूपमा व्यबसाय बिस्तार गरिरहेको छ र यसको दायरा बढाई ठूलो परिमाणमा बीमा गर्न सकिएमा यथोचित लाभ पनि लिन सकिने विश्वास लिएका छौ।

## २．राष्टिय तथा अन्तर्राप्ट्रिय परिस्थितिको प्रभाव：

औद्योगिक तथा वित्तीय गतिविधीहरूमा अपेक्षाकृत सुधार हुन नसकेको，आर्थिक क्षेत्रमा उल्टेखनीय परिवर्तन हुने अपेक्षा गरिएको भएपनि सो अनुरूप हुन सकेको छैन। मुतुक संघीय संरचनामा गई केन्द्रको सामर्थ्य र अधिकार स्थानीय तहमा बिकेन्द्वित भएकोले बीमा व्यवसाय बिस्तारे आम जनताको पहुँचमा पुग्ने सम्भावना रहेको छ। कम्पनीहरूको चुक्ता पूंजी बृद्धि हुंदै जाने र सोको अनुपातमा बीमा बजार बिस्तार नहुनु，समग्र बीमा बजार पनि कम्पनीहरूको चुत्ता पूंजीके हाराहारीमा रहनुले शेयरघनीहरूलाई निरन्तर रूपमा आकर्षक प्रतिफल दिन निकै मेहनत गर्नुपन्न देखिन्छ।
विश्वका दुई ठूला अर्थतन्त्र भएका छिमेकी मुलुकहरूको तुलनामा नेपालको आर्थिक बृद्धिदर कमजोर हुनु， आर्थिक गतिविधि，नयां उद्योग，कलकारखानाको बिकास नहुनु，पूर्वाधार बिकासको काम ओमेलमा पर्नु，सामान्य जनतामा बीमा गर्ने बस्तु तथा आयश्रोतको बिकास हुन नसक्नु पनि अर्को समस्या रहेको छ ।

## 3．प्रतिवेदनको मितिसम्म चालु वर्षको उपलब्बी र भविश्यको सम्बन्घमा सञ्वालक सलितिको धारणा：

## क）ीमाशुल्क：

समीक्षा वर्षको तुलनामा आब．२०७६／०ळ को चैत्र ससान्तसम्ममा कम्पनीले क्षेत्रगत रूपसा निम्न अनुसार बीमाशुल्क आम्दानी गरेको छ，जसको लेखापरीक्षण हुन बांकी रहेको छ：

| अबताय | बा．द．२०ใ\％／ouk | आा．a．२०u६／0ง | प्रतिशत |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| सम्पत्ती बीमा | १४¢，ᄃ७२，૪७० |  | ६．9६ |
| मोटर बीमा |  |  | －¢．૪२ |
| सामुद्दिक बीमा |  |  | －90．06 |
| इञ्जिनियरिड़्र बीमा | ๒¢，З¢¢，090 | ち२，२१६，७羽 | ७．¢ $\square^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| कृषि तथा लघु बीमा | 幺ム，२१२，૪ธ० | ४ร，૪९૪，१२२ | －१६．¢९ |
| विविध बीमा | ६७，0ち३， $5 \times 0$ | 50，३२०，¢め5 | 99.93 |
| जम्मा | ९०६，९१२，३६ц | ¢७२，ち૪૪，૪૪ร | －२．6） |

ख）हकम्रद घोयर：
बीमा समितिको निर्देशन बमोजिम चुक्ता पूंजी रू．१ अर्ब पुन्याउने उद्देश्यले २०७६／09／२५ मा सम्पन्न बिशेष साधारण सभाबाट पारित प्रस्ताव अनुसार मितिः २००६／००／२४ देखि २०७६／००／२९ सम्म बिक्री खुल्का हुने गरी २०\％हकग्रद शेयरहरू（ $१ ७, ६ ०, ० ० ०$ कित्ता）निष्काशन गरिएकोमा उक्त अवधीमित्र ८，९७，६०० कित्ता संस्थापक शेयरमा पूरा आवेदन परेको र सर्वसाधारण शेयरतर्फ

८,६२,४०० कित्ता मध्ये ९९,७२६ कित्ता शेयरमा आवेदन नपरेको हुंदा उत्त अवितरित शेयरहरू मितिः २००६ फाल्गुण १४ गतेदेखि २१ गतेसम्म लिलाम बढाबढ़ गरी बिक्री खुल्ता गरिएको, उक्त अवघीमा पर्न आएका आवेदनहरू मिति: २०ध६/१२/०२ गते खोली बढि रकम आवेदन गर्न आवेदकको नाममा शेयर बांडफांड गरिएको छ। हकप्रद शेयर बांडफांड पश्चात कम्पनीको चुक्ता पूंजी रू. $9,04, ६ 0,00,000 /-$ (एक अर्ब पांच करोड साठी लाख) पुगेको छ।

ग) तालिम:
कम्पनीले प्रधान कार्यालय तथा शाखा कार्यालयका कर्मचारीहरूलाई पुनर्ताजगी तालिमहरू प्रदान गर्ने गरेको छ। यस्तो तालिम दिदा मार्केटिड्न बिभाग र अण्डरराइटिड्न विभागका सम्बन्धित कर्मचारीहरूको लागि छुट्टाष्छुट् तालिमको व्यबस्था गरिएको छ। साथै कम्पनी स्वयंले कम्तीमा ४ पटक अभिकर्ता तालिम सज्चालन गर्ने गरेको र कृषि बीमा अभिकर्ताहरूको लागि सम्बन्धित कृषि बिकास तथा पशु बिकास कार्यालयहरूसंग समन्वय गरी बिभिन्न जिल्खामा अभिकर्ता तालिम दिने गरिएको छ। यस प्रकारका तालिमहरूलाई हरेक वर्ष निरन्तरता दिछने छ। यस्ता तालिमहरूबाट कर्मचारीहरू तथा अभिकर्ताहरूको कार्यसम्पादन क्ष्मतता वृद्धि हुंदे गएको छ। साथै, कम्पनीको आवश्य्यक्ता बमोजिम कलेज अफ इन्स्योरेन्म, मुम्बईमा पनि कर्मचारीहरूलाई तालिमको लागि पठाउने गरिएको छ र त्यसलाई निरन्तरता दिइनेछ। हाल लकडाउनको कारण पूर्वनिर्धारित केहि तालिमहरू स्थगित गर्नुपरेको छ ।
घ) पुनर्बीमा व्यबस्था:
बिदेशी पुनर्बीमा कम्पनीहरूसगको सम्बन्ध सुदृढ रहेको र न्यस्ता कम्पनी एव पूनर्बीमा ब्रोकरहरूबाट यस्त कम्पनीले सहयोग प्राप्त गरी रहेको छ।
यस कम्पनीले हाल देहायका पुर्बीमा ब्रोकरहरूद्वारा पूनर्बीना व्यबस्था गरिएको छ:

1. J. B. Boda Reinsurance Brokers Pvt. Ltd., India
2. J. B. Boda \& Co. (U.K.) Limited., United Kingdom
3. UIB Asia Reinsurance Brokers Private Limited., Singapore
4. First Policy Insurance Broker Pvt. Ltd., India.
5. Pionear Insurance \& Reinsurance Brokers, India.
6. Protection Insurance Services W.L.L, Bhaharain.

सायै देशभित्र रहेका बिभिन्न बीमा कम्पनीहरूसंग कायम् रहेको सुमधुर सम्बन्धको कारण आन्तरिक ऐच्छिक पुनर्बीमा आदान-प्रदान गर्ने गरिएको छ। यसबाट कम्पनीले सन्तोषजनक प्रतिफल प्राप्त गर्न सफल भएको छ। यस कम्पनीमा हाल GIC Re, India को नेतृत्वमा मुख्यतः निम्न पुनर्बीमा कम्पनीहरू समेत रहेका छन्:

1. GIC $\operatorname{Re}$ (Leading Reinsurer)
2. Nepal Re
3. Hannover Re
4. The New India Assurance
5. Trust Re
6. ZEP-Re
7. Kenya Re
8. Sirius Re (UK)
9. Asian Re
10. Ocean Intemational Re
11. कम्पनीको औध्योगिक तथा व्यवसायिक सम्बन्धः

बिभिन्न औद्यागिक तथा व्यवसायिक प्रतिष्ठान, संघसंस्थाहरूसंगको सम्बक्ध अभ बढि सुदृढ बनाई बढि बीमाशुल्क सकलनको साथै व्यबसायको जोखिमको बिश्लेषण गरी ब्यबसाय बृद्धि गर्ने लक्ष्यमा बढि केन्द्यित रहने नीति लिएको छ।
श्री बीमा समिति, श्री कम्पनी रजिष्ट्रारको कार्यालय, श्री नेपाल धितोपत्र बोर्ड, श्री नेपाल घितोपत्र विनिमय बजार लि., श्री नेपाल बीमक संघ, बीमा अभिकर्ता, सर्भरयरहरू, शेयर रजिष्ट्रारबाट यस कम्पनीलाई आबश्यक सहयोग प्राप्त भै रहेको छ।
4. सग्वालक समितिमा हेरफेर:

यस कम्पनीमा संस्थापक शेयरधनीहरूको समूहबाट ४ जना, सर्बसाधारण शेयरधनीहरूको तर्फवाट ३ जना र स्वतन्त्र सञ्वालक १ जना गरी ८ जना सञ्वालकहरू रहनुभएकोमा सञ्चालक श्री प्रताप कुमार आचार्यले दिनुभएको राजीनामा मितिः २०७५/५/२७ मा स्वीकृत भएको र बीमा समितिबाट जारी गरिएको बीमकको संस्थागत सुशासन सम्बन्धी निर्देशिका, २०७५ बमोजिम सज्चालकको संख्या बढिमा ७ जना हुनुपर्ने व्यबस्थाको कारण उक्त रिक्त स्थानमा कसैलाई नियुक्त गरिएको छैन।
साथै स्वतन्त्र सञ्चालक डा. अनिल राज भटृराईको पदावधी मितिः २०७६ फाल्गुण मसान्तमा समाप्त भएको र बीमा समितिको निर्देशिका अनुसार स्वतन्त्र सञ्चालकको १ कार्यकाल मात्र हुने व्यबस्था रहेको हुंदा उक्त पदपूर्ति हुन बांकी रहेको छ।
बीमा समितिबाट जारी बीमककों सस्थागत सुशासन सम्बन्धी निर्देशिका, २०७५ बमोजिम सज्चालकको संख्या बढिमा ७ सदस्यीय हुनुपर्न व्यबस्था बमोजिम कम्पनीको नियमावलीको नियम (८) को उपनियम (२) सशोधन गर्न प्रस्ताव यसै सभामा प्रस्तुत गरिएको छ।
सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनीहरूको तर्फबाट प्रतिनिघित्व गर्न २ जना सज्चालकहरूको पदावधी समाप्त हुने भएकोले यसै साधारण समाबाट निर्वाचन गर्ने कार्यक्रम रहेको छ।

## ६. कारोवारकाई असर पार्ने मुख्य कुराहWः

बीमा बजारमा नयां कम्पनीहरू थप हुनु, उच्च प्रतिष्पर्धा, दक्ष जनशक्तिको अभाव, आर्थिक गतिविधिहरूमा अपेक्षाकृत सुधार हुन नसक्तु, बाढ़ी पहिरो लगायतका प्राकृतिक बिपप्तीहरूको कारण दावी बद्नसक्ने कारणबाट कम्पनीको कारोवार असर पर्न देखिन्छ। यसको साथै विश्वव्यापी रूपमा फैलिएको कोरोना भाइरस (कोभिउ-१९) को कारणबाट उत्पन्न आर्थिक मन्दी, बिकास निर्माणका गतिविधि नहुनु, आयात/निर्यातमा गिरावट, उत्पादत्पमा कमी आदिको कारणबाट बीमा क्षेत्रलाई राष्ट्रिय र अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय रूपमा गम्मीर असर परेको र पर्न सम्भावना देखिएको छ।

1. लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा कुने कैफियत उल्ल्येख गरिएको भए सो उपर सज्वालक समितिको प्रतिक्रिया: लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदननमा कुनै उल्लेखनीय कंफियत नभएको जानकारी गराउछौ।
c. मुनाफा बांडफांड सम्बन्धमा:

समीक्षा आब.२००५/०७६ मा भएको मुनाफाबाट चुक्ता पूजीको ८१२५ प्रतिशतले हुन आउने रू. ८,५८,००,०००/शेयरधनीहरूलाई बोनस शेयर वितरण गर्ने प्रस्ताव गरिएको छ।
9. शेयर जफत भएको भए जफत भएको शेयरको संख्या, त्यस्तो शेयरको अंकित मूल्य, त्यस्तो शेयर जफत हुनुमन्दा अगावै सो बापत कम्पनीले प्राप्त गरेको जम्मा रकम र त्यस्तो शेयर जफत भरपछि सो ऐेयर बिक्री गरी कम्पनीले प्राप्त गरेको एकम तथा जफत भरको ऐयर बापत रकम फिर्ता गरेको भए सोको बिबरण:

कम्पनीले कुनै शेयर जफत गरेको छैन ।
१०. बिगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनी र यसका सहायक कम्पनीको कारोवारको प्रकृति र सो आर्थिक वर्वको अन्तना एहेको स्थितिको पुनरावलोकन:
यस कम्पनीको कुनै सहायक्त कम्पनी नभएको जानकारी गराउंछँ ।
११. कम्पनी ए त्यसको सक्षायक कम्पनीजो आर्थिक वर्षमा सम्पन्न गरेको प्रमुख कारोवाएहरू $₹$ सो अवघीमा कम्पनीको कारोवारमा आएको कुन महत्वपूर्ण परिवर्तन:
यस कम्पनीको कारोवार निर्जिवन बीमा व्यबसाय मात्र रहेको र सोमा परिवर्तन नभएको जानकारी गराउंछँ।
१२. बिगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनीका आधास्मूत शेयरधनीहरूले क्पनीलाई उपलब्व गराएको जानकारी: समीक्षा अवधिमा आधारभूत शेयरधनीहरूबाट कम्पनीलाई कुनै जानकारी प्राप्त नमएको जानकारी गराउंछौ।
१3. बिगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनीका सज्वालक तथा पदाधिकारीइरूले लिएको शेयरको स्वामित्वको विवरण र कम्पनीको शेयर कारोवारमा निजहरू संल्रम्न रहेको भए सो सम्बन्घमा निजहरूबाट कम्पनीले प्राप्त गरेको जानकारी:

समीक्षा अवधीमा यस कम्पनीका सञ्चालकहरूको व्यक्तिगत/संस्थागत शेयर स्वामित्वमा देहाय बमोजिम रहेको छ:

| सि.न. | रोयशबनीको नाम | \ोयर स्वामित्व |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | श्री मनोहर दास मुल | Б६૪,О७૪ |
| २ | श्री लुम्बिनी बिकास बैक लि. | 5¢y, 以9\% |
| 3 | श्री नेपाल हिमालयन ट्रेड कम्पनी प्रा.लि. | ¢६२,0ง9 |
| 8 | श्री अरूण राज श्रेष्ठ | २०5,३Б9 |
| 4 | श्री कमल भटृराई | १,१२६ |
| $\varepsilon$ | श्री मधुर लाल सिन्या | ¢о३ |

यस कम्पनीका सञ्चालक तथा पदाधिकारीहरू कम्पनीको शेयर कारोवारमा संलग्न रहेका छैनन् ।
98. बिगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनीसंग सम्बन्धित सम्झ्ञौताहरूमा कुनै सग्वालक तथा निजको नजिकको नातेदारको व्यक्तिगत स्वार्थालाे उपलब्ध गराइएको जानकारीको व्यहोराः

कम्पनीसंग सम्बन्धित सम्झौताहरूमा कुनै सञ्चालक तथा निजको नजिकको नातेदारको व्यक्तिगत स्वार्थ नभएको जानकारी गराउंछाँ।

१५ कम्पनीले आप्नो शेयर आफ़ खरिद गरेको भए ज्यसरी आफ्नो श्चेयर खरिद गर्नुको कारण, त्यसतो शेयरको संख्या, अंकित मूल्य तथा त्यसरी शोयर खरिद गरे बापत कम्पनीले भुक्तानी गरेको रकम: कम्पनीले आम्नो शेयर आफे खरिद नगरेको जानकारी गराउछौ।
१६. आन्तरिक नियन्न्रण प्रणाली भए वा नभएको र भएको भर सोको विस्तूत विवरणः

कम्पनीको आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणाली सक्ष्षम छ। आन्तरिक नियन्नणललई नियमित र व्यबस्थित गर्नको लागि बीमा समितिको निर्देशन बमोजिम कम्पनीको काम कारवाहीना सुधार गर्द लगिएको छ। आन्तरिक लेखापरीष्षक र बाह्य लेखापरीक्षकबाट प्राप्त सुभाव अनुसार सुधार गन्, लेखापरीक्षण समितिबाट समप्र वित्तीय अबस्थाको समीक्षा गर्न र सोको प्रगतिको अनुगमन गर्द जाने नीति लिएएको छ। कम्पनीका शाखा कार्यालयहरू र प्रवान कार्यात्यको ब्यवससाय र अन्य कारोबारहरूलाई अनलाइन प्रणालीबाट सग्चालन गरिएको छ। विभागहरूको कार्यसज्चालनको लागि बिमिन्न विनियम, निर्देशिका ₹ दिग्दर्शनहरू तयार गर्न, समयानुकूल परिमार्जन गर्न गरिएको छ। बीमा समितिबाट जारी निर्देशिकाको व्यबस्था अनुसार हेखापरीक्षण समिति, मानव संशाघन समिति, लगानी, जोखिम ब्यबस्थापन तथा वित्तीय स्वस्थता (सोल्भेन्सी) समिति, दावी भुज्तानी तथा पुर्विंमा समिति, सम्पत्ति शुद्दिकरण निवारण समिति गठन गरिएको छ।
संस्थागत सुशासनः कम्पनीले धितोपत्र सम्बची ऐल, धितोपत्र दर्ता तथा निष्काशन सम्बची निर्दिशका, सम्पत्ति शुद्दिकरण निवारण सम्बन्धी कानून, सूचनाको हक सम्बन्धी कानून, बीमा समितिको निर्देशिका ल्यायत प्रचलित कानून बनोजिम बमोजिम पेश गर्नुप्न तथा प्रकाशन गर्नुप्ने विवरणहरू तोकिएको समयमा पेश गर्ने तथा प्रकाशित गर्न गरेको छ।
कम्पनीको संस्थागत सुशासन, व्यवस्थापकीय क्षमतालाई अभ विश्वसनीय, प्रामाणिक र सुदृढ बनाउदे ।SO 9001: 2015 समेत प्राप्त गरेको छ ।
จ७. समीक्षा वर्षको क्ल व्यबस्थापन खर्चको विवरण;

Q८ लेख्रापरेश्षण समितिका सदस्यहरूको नामावली, निजहरूले प्राम्त गरेको पारिभ्रमिक, भता तथा सुकिषा, समितिले गरेको काम कारबहीको विवरण ₹ सो समितिले कुनै सुझाव दिएको भए सोको बिबरण: कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ तथा बीमकको सस्थागत सुशासन सम्बन्धी निर्देशिकाको व्यबस्था बमोजिम सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनीको अध्यक्षतामा निम्न सज्चालकहरू रहने गरी लेखापरीक्षण समिति गठन गरिएको छ: श्री कमल भटृराई अध्यक्ष
श्री गणेश राज रेग्मी सदस्य
डा. अनिल राज भटृराई सदस्य (हाल रित्त)

लेखापरीक्षण समितिका पदाधिकारीहरूलाई प्रति बैठक रू. ७,०००/- को दरले बैठक भत्ता प्रदान गर्न गरिएको छ। उहाहरूलाई बैठक भत्ता र साधारण सभाको निर्णयानुसार सञ्चालकले प्राप्त गर्न सुबिधा बाहेक अन्य नियमित पारिश्रमिक सुबिधा प्रदान गरिएको छैन ।
समितिले बीमा समितिको निर्देशानुसार प्रत्येक त्रैमासिकको आन्तरिक लेखापरीक्षण गराई सो लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनको आधारमा कैफियतहरू सुधार गर्न, आन्तरिक लेखापरीक्षक तथा बाह्य लेखापरीक्षकका सुभावहरूलाई तदारूकताका साथ कार्यान्वयन गर्न लेखापरीक्षण समितिले समय समयमा व्यबस्थापनलाई निर्देशन दिई सोको कार्यान्वयन भए नभएकोबारे अनुगमन समेत गर्दे आएको छ। वित्तीय विवरणहरूको वास्तविक र अद्यावधिक अमिलेखको लागि आवश्यक प्रकृयाहरूको अवलन्बन गर्न, शाखा कार्यालयहरूको व्यवसास र कामकारवाहीहरूको प्रभावकारी अनुगमन र नियन्त्रण गर्न व्यबस्थापनलाई निर्देशन दिइएको छ। साथै यस कम्पनीले ऊगानीकर्ता तथा सरोकारवालाहरूको जानकारीको लागि प्रत्येक त्रैमासिक विवरणहरू सार्वजनिक रूपमा प्रकाशित गर्दे आएको छ।
१९. सञ्वालक, प्रबन्ध सञ्चालक/कार्यकारी प्रमुख, कम्पनीका आधारमूत शेयरधनी वा निजको नजिकरो नातेदार वा निज संलन्न रहेको फर्म, संगठित संस्थाले कम्पनीकाई कुनै रकम बुझाउन बाँकी रहेको भए सो कुरा:
कम्पनीलाई कुनै रकम बुझाउन बाँकी रहेको छैन ।
२०. सज्वाल्रक, प्रबन्ध सउबालक, कार्यकारी प्रमुख तथा पदाघिकारीहरज्णाई भुत्तानी गरिएको पारिभमिक, भत्ता तथा सुबिधाको रकम:
समीक्षा वर्षमा अध्यक्ष तथा सञ्चालकहरूलाई साधारण सभाको निर्णयको अधिनमा रहि सञ्चालक समितिको रू. ८,८६, ०००/- र अन्य समितिहरूको रू. ६,७९,०००/- बैठक भत्ता प्रदान गरिएको छ । साथै, साधारण सभाको निर्णय अनुसार अध्यक्ष र सञ्चालकको रू. १५ हाख बराबरको व्यक्तिगत दुर्घटना बीमा र पति-पत्नी सहित समेट्ने गरी रू. ३ लाख बराबरको औषधोपचार बीमा गरिएको र अध्यक्ष तथा सञ्चालकहरूलाई मोबाइल, इन्टरनेट, पत्रपत्रिका, इन्धनको लागि प्रति महिना प्रतिव्यक्ति रू $\varphi$ हजार उपलव्व गराइएको छ।
यस समीक्षा वर्षमा प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत तथा प्रबन्धक तहसम्मका १९ जना पदाधिकारीहरूलाई पारिभ्रमिक, भत्ता तथा अन्य सुविधा बापत रकम रू. ३,५३,४४,३५९/- प्रदान गरिएको छ।
२१. शेयरधनीहरूले बुझिलिन बाँकी नगद कासांश रकम:

यस कम्पनीले आ.व. २०६४/०६५ र २०६५/०६६ को लागि घोषित नगद लामांशमध्ये रू ३,३१,२०५/- बुभिलिन बांकी रहेकोमा कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को व्यबस्था तथा कम्पनी रजिष्ट्रारको कार्यालयको निर्देशन अनुसार आवश्यक प्रकृया पूरा गरी हाल उक्त रकम लगानीकर्ता संरक्षण कोषमा जम्मा गरिएको छ ।
२२. दफा १४१ बयोजिम सम्पत्ती खरिद वा बिक्री गरेको कुराको विवरण:

दफा १४१ बमोजिम सम्पत्ती वा आम्दानीको $१ ५ \%$ बढि हुनेगरी सम्पत्ती खरीद वा बित्र्री नगरिएको जानकारी गराउंछौ।
२३. दफा १०ुप बसोधिम सम्बद्ध कम्पनी बीच भएको कारोवारको विवरणः

नभएको जानकारी गराउंछौ।

## धन्यवाद ज्ञापनः

कम्पनीले पाएको सहयोगको लागि शेयरधनी महानुभावहरू, ग्राहकवर्ग, श्री बीमा समिति, श्री कम्पनी रजिष्ट्रारको कार्यालय, श्री धितोपत्र बोर्ड, श्री नेपाल धितोपत्र बजार विनिमय लि., श्री सिडिएस एण्ड क्लियरिङ़ लि., शेयर रजिष्ट्रार, लेखापरीक्षक, बीमा तथा पुनर्बीमा कम्पनीहरू एवं त्रोकरहरूप्रति हार्दिक आभार प्रकट गर्दछु । कम्पनीको व्यवस्थापनमा संलग्न पदाधिकारीहरू तथा सम्पूर्ण कर्मचारीहरूलाई कम्पनीको उत्तरोत्तर उन्नति र प्रगतिमा पुन्याउनुभएको क्रियाशिल योगदानका लागि वहांहरूलाई विशेष रूपले धन्यवाद दिन चाहन्छु। साथै हाग्रो क्रियाकलापहरूलाई सकारात्मक रूपमा लिई जनसमक्ष पुन्याइदिने सञ्चार जगतका मित्रहरू र सम्पूर्ण शुभेच्छुकहरूप्रति पनि म हार्दिक आभार व्यक्त गर्दछु।
धन्यबाद ।

मनोहर दास मूल अध्यक्ष, सञ्चालक समिति

## घितोपत्न दर्ता तथा निष्काशन नियमावली, २०७३ को नियम २६(१) संग सम्बन्धित थप विवरणः

क) कम्पनीको आव. २०७५/०७६ को बार्षिक प्रतिवेदन यसै पुस्तिकामा समाविष्ट छ।
ख) कम्पनीको आकी २०७५/ण७६ को लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन यसै पुस्तिकामा समाविष्ट छ।
ग) कम्पनीको आ.ब. २०७५/०७६ को वित्तीय विवरण प्रतिवेदन यसै पुस्तिकामा समाविष्ट छ।
घ) कानूनी कारवाही सम्बन्धी विवरणः
अ. समीक्षा अवधिमा केहि बीमा दावी भुक्तानी सम्बन्धी बिचाराधिन मुद्धा बाहेक अन्य नरहेको।
आ. कम्पनीको संस्थापक वा सञ्चालकले संस्थापक वा सञ्चालकको बिरुद्धमा प्रचलित नियमको अवज़्रा वा फौज्दारी अपराध गरेको सम्बन्धमा कुने दायर गरेको वा भएकोबारे कुन जानकारी प्राप्त नभएको ।
इ. कुनै सञ्चालक वा संस्थापक बिरुद्ध आर्थिक अपराध गरेको सम्बन्धमा कुने मुद्दा दायर भएकोबारे कुने जानकारी प्राप्त नभएको ।
ङ) कम्पनीको शेयर कारोवार तथा प्रगतिको विश्लेषण:
अ. कम्पनीको शेयरको कारोवार बजारको सिद्धान्त अनुसार सञ्चाहन हुने भएकोले यस सम्बक्यमा व्यबस्थापनको कुनै छुद्ध धारापा रहेको छैन।
आ. गत वर्ष २०७प/०७६ को प्रत्येक त्रैमासिक अवधिमा कम्पनीको शेयरको अधिकतम, न्युनतम र अन्तीम मूल्यका साथै क्लु कारोवार शेयर संख्या र कारोवार दिन देहाय बमोजिम रहेको छ। (श्रोतः नेपाल स्टक एक्वेज्ज)

| त्रैमातिक अवाध |  | न्यूनतम मूल्य ( | बन्तीम मूल्य स | कारोबार दिन | बबरोबा संख्या | पोया संख्या |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| प्रथम | Yoo/- | ४९५/- | Y२0/- | ६२ | 9,8৩0 | २,२८,६०१ |
| दोश्रो | 4<\%/- | 890/- | 439/- | \&o | 9,९৭४ | ३.२९,१८८ |
| तेश्रो | 4६\%/- | 8๒\%/- | Yoc/- | ¢0 | 9,880 | २,४०,६२९ |
| चौथो | Ч६c/ | ४२マ/- | 8з | ६४ | २,११४ | ४,०८, ७८3 |

च) समस्या र चुनातिका मक्षहरू यसैसास्य समाविष्ट भएको सज़्चालक समितिको प्रतिवेदनमा उल्लेख गरिएको छ।
छ) सस्थागत सुशासन सम्बन्दी विषय यसैसाथ समाविष्ट भएको सज्वालक समितिको प्रतिवेदनमा उल्लेख गरिएको छ।

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LUMHINI GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

We have andited the accompanying financial statements of Lumbini General insurance Company Limited (hereafter referred to as "LGIC" or "the Company") which comprise Statement of Financial Position as at Ashad 31,2076 (July 16, 2019), and statement of profit or loss and Other Comprehensive income, Statement of Changes In Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory notes (hereafter referred to as "the financial Statements").
In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lumbini General Insurance Company Limited, as at Ashad 32. 2076 (July 16, 2019), and its financial performance, cash flows, changes in equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with Nepal Standlards on Auditing (NSAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further deseribed in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Compariy in accordance with the Handbook of The Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ICAN's Handbook of The Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

## Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Therem

The Company's Management is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management report, Report of the Board of Directors and Chairman's statement but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.
Our opinion on the finaneial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of 3ssurance conclusion tikereon.
In connevtion with out audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the pther information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our andit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are retquired to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to ftaud or error, and ro issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarmitee that an audit conducted in accordance with NSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of iusers taken on the basis of these financinl statements.
As part of an audit in accordance with NSAs, we exercise professionai judgment md maintain professional skepticism throughout the andit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material raisstatement of the financial statemente, whether due to fraud or ertor, design and perform audit procedures responsjve to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a bass for our opinion. The risk of nnt detecting a material misstatement restulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of intermal control.
 y
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conelude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncestainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and
timing of the gudit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in iuternal control that we identify during our audit.
We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.


## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

On the basis of our examination, we would like to further report that:
i. We have obtained all the information and explanations, which were considered necessary for the purpose of our audit.
ii. The financial statements are in agreement with the books of account maintained by the Company.
iii. In our opinion, proper books of accounis as required by the law have been kept by the Company.
iv. During our examination of the books of account of the Company, we have not come across the cases where the Board of Directors or any member thereof or any representative or any office holder or any employee of the company has acted contrary to the provisions of law or caused loss or damage to the company.
$v$. The details of the branches are adequate for the purpose of our audit, and
vi. We have not come across any fraudulence in the accounts, so far as it appeared from our examination of the book.
vii. This Audit Report replaces Audit Report issued by us on January 26, 2020 as the company bas decided to replace the financial statement as per directive issued by Insurance Board dated Fehruary 18,2020.

Place: Kathmandu
Date: February 24, 2020
UDEN: 200302 CAO 003142 e Zd


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## Lumbini General Insurance Company Ltd.

## Statement of Financial Position

## As at Ashadh 2076

| Amount (NPR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Notes | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Assets |  |  |  |
| Property, Plart and Equipment | 5.1 | 123,161,543 | 124,379,960 |
| Deferred Tax Assets | 5.2 | 54,280,210 | 49,217,168 |
| Financlal Assets | 5.3 | 1,955,635,058 | 1,801,750,674 |
| Financlal Assets measured at Amortzed Cost | 5.3.1 | 1,763,736,744 | 1,664,392,966 |
| Fnanclal Investments at FVIOCI | 5.3.2 | 191,898,314 | 137,357,709 |
| Deferred Expenses | 5.4 | 17,375,660 | 17,832,250 |
| Other Assots | 5.5 | 100,619,745 | 117,273,075 |
| Reinsurance Assols | 5.6 | 717,224,147 | 520,685,803 |
| Relnsurance Recelvables | 5.7 | 225,441,787 | 156,354,321 |
| Income tex recelvable | 5.8 | 41,119,038 | 18,147,517 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalerit | 5.9 | 339,180,457 | 196,831,152 |
| Total Assets |  | 3,574,037,645 | 3,002,471,920 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Equlty |  |  |  |
| Share Capital | 5.10 | 880,000,000 | 880,000,000 |
| Call In arvance |  | 84,091,000 | - |
| Share Premium |  | 30,842,451 | 30,842,451 |
| Insurance Fund | 5.11 | 542,412,469 | 439,885,664 |
| Catastrophe Reserve |  | 49,930,858 | 39,769,059 |
| Retained Earnings |  | 65,633,690 | (17,313,322) |
| Other Reserves | 5.12 | 53,197,802 | 47,121,087 |
| Total Ordinary Shareholders Equily |  | 1,710,108,270 | 1,420,304,940 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |
| Insurance Contract Liabilities | 5.13 | 1,380,218,520 | 1,188,348,354 |
| Employee Benefit Obligation | 5.14 | 105,012,137 | 83,975,690 |
| Deferred Revenue | 5.15 | 72,716,269 | 63,422,564 |
| Relnsurance Payables | 5.16 | 253,864,066 | 187,557,836 |
| Other Payables | 5.17 | 71,539,336 | 58,283,490 |
| Income Tax Payable |  | - | - |
| Other Provisions | 5.18 | 579,047 | 579,047 |
| Total Labilitles |  | 1,863,829,375 | 1,582,166,981 |
| Total Ordinary Shareholders Equity and Liabilities |  | 3,574,037,645 | 3,002,471,920 |

The Notes to the Financial Statments as set out on 5.1 to 8.6 form an intagral part of these Financial Stataments.
As per our report of even date

| N.P. Proding Chief Exerrtive afftrs | Arun Ral Shrostha Dreatri | Blatwo Ral Rogeml Directa | Gunow Ral Rogml Drector | Manchar Das Mool Chairmen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amita Derpol chict Rnance Omicer | Dr.Anil Ria Bhethri independert Directir | Knan Binttari Drecka | Mrohur Lal Sininye Drector | Buturan Rais Pundey, F.C.A Senlor, Periner SR. Pandey \& Ca, Chartery Accountants |

Date: 12 Falgun 2076 ( $24^{4 \mathrm{hn}} \mathrm{Feb}$ 2020)
Place: Kealhmandu.

## Lumbini General Insurance Company Lid.

## Statement of Profit or Loss

For the Year Ended 31 ${ }^{\text {at }}$ Ashach 2076

|  | Amount (NPR) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Notes | 2075/76 | $2074 / 75$ |
| Gross Preernlum | 6.1.1 | 1,360,377,801 | 1,262,457,626 |
| Premlum Ceded to Relnsurers | 6.1.2 | (701,621,113) | (508,259,749) |
| Net Premium |  | 858,756,788 | 754,197,877 |
| Fees and Commission Income | 6.2 | 190,831,626 | 120,966,468 |
| Investment Income | 6.3 | 179,612,731 | 163,195,087 |
| Net Reallsed Galns and Losses | 6.4 | $(4,208)$ | 341,861 |
| Fair value gains and losses |  | - | - |
| Other Operating Income | 6.5 | 4,573,557 | 5,030,189 |
| Other revenue |  |  |  |
| Total revenue |  | 1,033,770,494 | 1,043,731,482 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Gross Benefits and Claims Paid | 6.6 (a) | (762,007,929) | (626,155,129) |
| Claims Ceded to Reinsurers | 6.6 (b) | 322,189,319 | 218,256,290 |
| Net benefits and clalms pald |  | (439,818,610) | $(407,898,839)$ |
| Net Change in Insurance Cortract Labillites | 6.7 | 24,668,177 | $(75,587,507)$ |
| Other Operating and Administrative Expenses | 6.8 | (230,494,556) | (211,219,771) |
| Other Expenses | 6.9 | $(42,784,782)$ | $(38,570,815)$ |
| Provisions | 6.10 | $(30,757,455)$ | $(5,453,557)$ |
| Totel beneits, clalms and other expenses |  | (719,167,227) | (738,730,490) |
| Proilt belore tax |  | 314,603,267 | 305,000,992 |
| Incorne Tax Expenses | 6.11 | (107,598,580) | (97,708,732) |
| Proilt for the ybar |  | 207,004,688 | 207,292,260 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Eamings per shars |  |  |  |
| Basic EPS | 6.13 | 23.52 | 24.46 |
| Diluted EPS | 6.13 | 23.52 | 24.46 |
| Basic EPS (Restated) |  |  | 24.46 |

The Notes to the Financial Statments as set out on 5.1 to 8.6 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.
As per our report of even date

| N.P. Pruchan Cilet Execuive otica | Anu fall sirestin | $\underset{\substack{\text { Bron } \\ \text { Drectar }}}{ }$ |  | Manohar Des Mod Chalman |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anlin Dangol Chles Fnence Onicr | Dr.Anll Ral Ehrattaral Independerit Disedor | Kamal Bhathral Drector | Marhur Lal Shma D\|fectr | Sudtrchan Ral Pandey, FCA Sontor Peitner SR. Pandey 8 On. Chatred Abcourtimis |

Date: 12 Falgun $2078\left\{24^{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{Fab}, 2020\right)$ Place: Kathmandu.


## Lumbini General Insurance Company Ltd. Statement of Total Comprehensive Income <br> For the Year Ended Ashadh 2076

|  |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 2075/78 | 2074/75 |
| Profit tor the Year | 207,004,688 | 207,292,260 |
| Other comprehensive income (OC) |  |  |
| Net gain on revaluation of Financial Assets at fair value | 693,855 | $(4,571,502)$ |
| Actuarial Gains(Lossess) on Defined Benefit Plan | ( $2,540,077$ ) | $(4,043,144)$ |
| Income tax relating to above lems | 553,867 | 2,584,394 |
| Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax | $(1,292,355)$ | (6,030,252) |
|  |  |  |
| Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax | 206,712,332 | 201,262,008 |

The Notes to the Financial Statments as set out on 5.1 to 8.6 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.
As per our report of even date

| N.P. Predhan Chlaf Expeuthe ontar | Arn Ral Shrodha Dheder | Blenwo Rial Ropgnl Director | Garoeh Ruy Rosgml Drectipr | Manchar Das Mool Chalmen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amiln Danged Griel Finande Offider | Dr.Anll Ral Bhetrard Indepercien Director | K.nal Bhettral Dinector | Madhur Lal Sliniye Crector |  Seniar, Pertier SR. Pander \& Cn, Chataried Accountarits |

Lumbini General Insurance Company Lid.

## Statement of Cash Flow

For the Year Ended Ashadh 2076
Amount (NPR)

| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash flow from operating activities |  |  |
| Cash Recelved |  |  |
| Net premium income | 658,756,788 | 754,197,877 |
| Fee and Commission income | 190,831,626 | 120,966,468 |
| Investritent Income | 179,612,731 | 163,195,087 |
| Net realred galns and losses | $(4,208)$ | 341,861 |
| Other Operating Incorme | 4,573,557 | 5,030,189 |
| Cash Paid |  |  |
| Not Claim Paid | $(439,818,610)$ | $(407,898,839)$ |
| Other Operating and Administrative Expenses | (230,494,556) | (211,219,771) |
| Other Expenses | (42,764,782) | (38,570,815) |
| Incorme tax | $(107,598,580)$ | (97,708,732) |
| Adjustment |  |  |
| Deferred Arinsuranca cornmission incerne | 9,293,705 | 20,276,748 |
| Deferred Expenses | 456,590 | $(2,492,773)$ |
| Deprectation | 11,121,996 | 11,764,875 |
| Change in insurance contract liabilities | 171,670,166 | 269,454,637 |
|  |  |  |
| (increase)/Decrease of Current Assets |  |  |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Rnanclal Assets | $(189,886,719)$ | (130,856,939) |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Relnsurance Asset | $(196,538,343)$ | (193,867,130) |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Others Assets | 16,653,329 | (32,463,110) |
|  |  |  |
| Increasa/(Decrease) of Current Labilities |  |  |
| Increase/(Decrease) In Fnanclal Llab\|illes | 141,883,282 | 85,321,230 |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Other Liabilities | 44,098,297 | $(34,375,454)$ |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Revenue |  |  |
| Net cash flow from operating ectivites(A) | 222,046,270 | 280,995,409 |
|  |  |  |
| Cash flow from Inverting activtles |  |  |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Fixed Assets | (9,903,580) | (15,317,690) |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Investment in Fixed Deposit of Banks \&Financial Institutions | (39,343,780) | $(599,920,383)$ |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Investment in Equity Share | $(54,540,605)$ | $(6,540,836)$ |
| Net Cash Row trom Investing Activtles (B) | $(163,787,865)$ | (621,778,910) |
|  |  |  |
| Cash Fow on Financing Activities |  |  |
| Interest Expense |  |  |
| Dividend Paid | - | $(5,263,158)$ |
| Increase/(Decrease) In Equlty | 84,091,000 | 420,842,451 |
|  |  |  |
| Not cash flow from financing activities(C) | 84,091,000 | 415,579,294 |
| Change in Exchange rate in Cash and Bank Balances(D) |  |  |
| Net Increasa/(Decrease) In Cash and cash equivalents(E) | 142,348,305 | 74,785,783 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 196,831,152 | 122,035,359 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 339,180,457 | 186,831,152 |

The Notes to the Financial Statments as set out on 5.1 to 8.6 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

## Lumblni General Insurance Company Ltd.

Statement of Changes in Equity
For the Year Ended Ashadh 2076


# Lumbinl General Insurance Company Ltd. 

Significant Accounting Pollcy for the Year Ended 2075/076

## 1. Genveral Information

Lumbini General Insurance Co. Ltd (herein after referred to as the 'Company' or 'LGIC') was incorporated on 2061/6/6 under Company Act, 2063 with the registration number 908/061/62 and operating as General Insurance Company after obtaining license on 2062/03/31 under Insurance Act 2049. The registered office of the Company is located at Gyaneshwor, Kathmandu, Nepal. The Insurance Company is listed in Nepal Stock Exchange Limited (the sole stock exchange in Nepal) for public trading.

The financial statements for the year ended on 16 July 2019 (Asadh 31, 2076) have been approved by the Board of Directors on 12.10.2076. The managernent acknowledges the responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of these fiscal statements in accordance with NFRS.
The principal activities of the Company are described in Note 4. Information of the company's structure is also provided in Note 4. Information on other related party relationships of the company is provided in Note 7.5.

## 2. Basls of Preparailon

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS), as issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Nepal.
The financial staternents have been prepared on an historical cost basis, except for investment properties and financial assets and derivative instruments that have been measured at fair value.
The financial statements provide comparative information in respect of the previous period. In addition, the company presents an additional statement of financial position at the beginning of the earliest period presented when there is a retrospective application of an accounting policy, a retrospective restatement, or a reclassification of iterns in financial statements.
The company presents its statement of financial position broadly in order of liquidity. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within twelve months after the reporting date (no more than 12 months) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (more than 12 months) is presented in the respective notes.

### 2.1 Statement of Compllance

The financial statements were prepared on an accrual basis of accounting in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) along with the approved carve-outs issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal on September 20, 2018 on NFRS requirement, which allowed alternative treatments and the Company adopted following carve outs:
NAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and measurement, - Impairment accounting,

- Calculation of interest income as per effective interest rate
- Calculation of interest income on amortized cost

Historical cost convention was used for financial statement recognition and measurement except otherwise required by NFRS. Where, other method(s), other than historical costs, such as fair value has been applied, these have been disclosed in accordance with the applicable reporting framework.
The adoption of NFRS for preparation of financial statements was brought in effect from fiscal year 2074/75.

### 2.2 Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupees (NPR) which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in NPR has been rounded to the nearest rupee except where indicated otherwise.

### 2.3 Reporting period and approval of Financial Statements

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements and in preparing the opening NFRS statement of financial position as 16th July, 2018, which is the opening date of the previous financial year.
The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of Financial Statements of the Company as per Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS). The approval of financial statements along with notes to the financial statements have been adopted by the Board of Directors on 12.10.2076 and after adjustment made as per direction of regulatory board the Board of Director has approved on 2076.11.12.

### 2.4 Use of Estimates, Assumptions and Judgements

The Company, under NFRS, is required to apply accounting policies to most appropriately suit its circumstances and operating environment. Further, the Company is required to make judgments in respect of items where the choice of specific policy, accounting estimate or assumption to be followed could materially affect the financial statements. This may later be determined that a different choice could have been more appropriate.
The accounting policies have been included in the relevant notes for each item of the financial statements and the effect and nature of the changes, if any, have been disclosed.
The NFAS requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that will affect the assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and profit or loss as reported in the financial statements. The Company applies estimates in preparing and presenting the financial statements and such estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed periodically. The revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and are applied prospectively.
Disclosures of the accounting estimates have been included in the relevant sections of the notes wherever the estimates have been applied along with the nature and effect of changes of accounting estimates, if any.

### 2.5 Golng Concern

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, as the Board of the Company is satisfied that the Company has the resources to continue the business for the foreseeable future. In making this assessment, the Board of Directors have considered a wide range of information relating to present and future conditions, including future projections of profitability, cash flows and capital resources. Furthermore, Board is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon Company's ability to continue as a going concern and they do not intend either to liquidate or to cease operations of it.

### 2.6 Changes in Accounting Poilicles

Accounting policies are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices applied by the Company in preparing and presenting financial statements. The Company is permitted to change an accounting policy only if the change is required by a standard or interpretation; or results in the financial statements providing reliable and more relevant information about the effects of transactions, other events or conditions on the entity's financial position, financial performance, or cash flows. The Company uses the same accounting policies in its opening NFRS statement of financial position and throughout all periods presented in its first NFRS financial statements. Those accounting policies comply with each NFRS effective at the end of its first NFRS reporting period.

### 2.7 New Standards in isaue by IASE but yet to be adopted by ASB

A number of new standards and amendments to the existing standards and interpretations have been issued by IASB after the pronouncements of NFRS with varying effective dates. Those become applicable when ASB Nepal incorporates them within NFRS.
Standards issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the financial statements are set out below. The Company will adopt these standards when they are adopted by ASB.

## NFRS 9-Financlal Insiruments

NFRS 9 states a logical principle base to classify financial assets and financial liabilities which is driven by cash flow characteristics and the business model in which an assets or liability is held. Further this standard recommends the assessment of impairment based on more timely recognition of incurred losses as referred in NAS 39 and entities are required to account for incurred credit losses from the initial recognition of financial instruments. Currently, Incurred Loss Model as specified in NAS 39 is used. The requirement of IFRS 9 is Expected Credit Loss Model.
IFRS 9 became effective on 1 January 2018 and will have an effect on classification and measurement of the Company's financial assets. NFRS 9 , as issued reflects the first phase of work on replacement NAS 39 and applies to classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities. NIRFS 9 has been complied for the classification of Financial Instruments.

## IFRS 15-Revenue from contract with customera

The IASB issued a new standard for revenue recognition which overhauls the existing revenue recognition standards. The standard requires the following five step model framework to be followed for revenue recognition:
a) Identification of the contracts with the customer
b) Identification of the performance obligations in the contract
c) Determination of the transaction price
d) Allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract (as identified in step b)
e) Recognition of revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The new standard would be effective for annual periods starting from 1 January 2018 and early application is allowed internationally, ASB Nepal is yet to adopt the standard. The management is assessing the potential impact on its financial statements resulting from application of IFRS 15.

## IFRS 17- Insurance Contracts

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts was issued by the IASB on 18 May 2017 and has a mandatory effective date of annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. It supersedes IFRS 4 Insurance Contract. IFRS 17 with corresponding effective date has not been endorsed by Accounting Standard Board (ASB) of Nepal yet. The management is still assessing the potential impact on its financial statements, if IFRS 17 is applied in future.

## IFRS 16-Leased

IFRS 16 'Leases' is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 internationally but is yet to be adopted by ASB Nepal. IFRS 16 is the new accounting standard for leases and will replace IAS 17 'Leases' and IFRIC 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease'. The new standard removes the distinction between operating or finance leases for lessee accounting, resulting in all leases being treated as finance leases. All leases will be recognized on the statement of financial position with the optional exceptions for shor-term leases with a lease term of less than 12 months and leases of lowvalue assets (for example mobile phones or laptops). A lessee is required to recognize a right-of-use
asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. The main reason for this change is that this approach will result in a more comparable representation of a lessee's assets and liabilities in relation to other companies and, together with enhanced disclosures, will provide greater transparency of a lessee's financial leverage and capital employed. The standard permits a lessee to choose either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective transition approach.

### 2.8 Discounting

When the realization of assets and settlement of obligation is for more than one year, the Company considers the discounting of such assets and liabilities where the impact is material. Various internal and external factors have been considered for determining the discount rate to be applied to the cash flows of company.
Discounting has been applied where assets and liabilities are non-current, and the impact of the discounting is material.

## 2.s Limiltation of NFRS implementation

Wherever the information is not adequately available, and/or it is impracticable to develop the, such exception to NFRS implementation has been noted and disclosed in respective sections.

## 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Pollcles to Fnanclal Statamente

### 3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

## Besle of Recognition

Property, Plant and Equipment are recognized if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Company and cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

## Basis of Measurament

Property, plant and equipment is initially recorded at cost. and subsequently measured at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accurnulated impairment losses, with the exception of land which is not depreciated. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

## Subsequent Cosis

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized a.e a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the itern will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

## Repairs and Malntenance

Repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred. The cost of major renovations is included in the carrying amount of the assets when it is probable that future economic benefits in excess of the most recently assessed standard of performance of the existing assets will flow to the Company and the renovation replaces an identifiable part of the asset. Major renovations are depreciated during the remaining useful life of the related asset.

## Dopreclation

Depreciation is calculated using the written down value method to allocate the cost of each asset to its residual value over its estimated useful life as follows:

| Furniture, fixtures and fittings | $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Computers | $25 \%$ |
| Vehicles | $20 \%$ |
| Office Equipment | $25 \%$ |
| Building | $5 \%$ |

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reassessed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate. The depreciation rates are determined separately for each significant part of an item of Property, Plant \& Equipment and commence to depreciate when it is available for use, i.e., when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as held for sale or the date that the asset is derecognized.

## Carrying Value

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. An asset's carrying amount is witten down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater then its estimated recoverable amount. The residual values of assets that are not insignificant are reassessed annually. Depreciation on revaluation of a class of assets is based on the remaining useful life of the assets at the time of the revaluation.

## De - recognition

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Gains and losses on disposal of property and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amount and are included in profit or loss.
When replacement costs are recognised in the carrying amount of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment, the remaining carrying amount of the replaced part is de - recognised. Major inspection costs are capitalized. At each such capitalization the remaining carrying amount of the previous cost of inspections is derecognized.

## Borrawing Cosita

Borrowing costs incurred for the constructions of any qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. Other borrowing costs are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which they occur.

## Capital Work in Progrese

These are expenses of capital nature directly incurred in the construction of buildings, major plant and machinery and system development which are to be capitalized. Capital Work in Progress would be transferred to the relevant asset when it is available for use. Capital Work in Progress is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

### 3.2 Intangllble Assets

## Besis of Recognition and Measurement

An Intangible Asset is recognized if it is probable that future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.
Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalized development costs, are not
capitalized and the related expenditure is reflected in statement of profit or loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

## Subsaquent Expendifure

Subsequent expenditure on intangible assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

## Usaful Economic Life and Amortization

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite.
Amortization is recognised in income statement on straight line method over the estimated useful life of the intangible assets, from the date that it is available for use since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life ate reviewed at least at each financial year end. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit or loss (other operating and administrative expenses). Company does not have any intangible assets with indefinite useful life.

## Derecognition

An Intangible Asset is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from it. The gain or loss, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, arising from the de-recognition of such Intangible Assets is included in the Statement of Income Statement come when the item is derecognized.

## Impalment of Non-IInancial Asaeta

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.
In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

## Impalrment Loases are Recognised In the Statement of Profit or Loss.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased
amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

### 3.3 Taxes

As per Nepal Accounting Standard- NAS 12 (Income Taxes) tax expense is the aggregate amount included in determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current and deferred taxation. Income Tax expense is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss, except to the extent it relates to items recognized directly in equity or Other Comprehensive Income in which case it is recognized in equity or in Other Comprehensive Income. The Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to tax authorities.

## Current Income Tan

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to Inland Revenue Department in respect of the current year, using the tax rates and tax laws enacted or substantively enacted on the reporting date and any adjustment to tex payable in respect of prior years.

Current income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity or OCl is recognised in equity or OCl and not in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions, where appropriate.

## Daferred Tex

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

* Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.
Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tex items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCl or directly in equity.
Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.
Tax benefits acquired as part of a business combination, but not satisfying the criteria for separate recognition at that date, are recognised subsequently if new information about facts and circurnstances change. The adjustment is either treated as a reduction in goodwill (as long as it does not exceed goodwill) if it was incurred during the measurement period or recognised in profit or loss.

### 3.4 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

## A. Recognition

The Company initially recognizes a Financial Asset or a Financial Liability in its Statement of Financial Position when, and only when, it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company initially recognizes loans and advances, deposits on the date that they are originated which is the date that the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Investments in equity instruments, bonds, debenture, are recognized on trade date at which the Company commits to purchase/ acquire the Financial Assets. Regular way purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognized on trade date at which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

## B. Classtilcation

## I. Finenclal Asserg

The Company classifies the Financial Assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value on the basis of the Company's business model for managing the Financial Assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the Financial Assets.
The Financial Assets are classified under two classes which are detailed as under;
i. Financial Assets Messurec at Amorized Cost

The Company classifies a Financial Asset measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
* The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
ii. Financial Asset Measured at Falr Value

Financial assets other than those measured at amortized cost are measured at fair value. Financial assets measured at fair value are further classified into two categories as below:

- Financial Assels at Pair Value Through Proftit or Loss.

Financial assets are classified as Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) if they are held for trading or are designated at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction cost is directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.

- Finaricial Assets at Falr Vaine Through Other Comprehensive income

Investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading and at the initial recognition, the Company makes an irrevocable election that the subsequent changes in fair value of the instrument is to be recognized in other comprehensive income are classified as Financial Assets at Fair Value Though Other Comprehensive Income. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.
II. Financial Liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities, other than financial guarantees and loan commitments, as follows;

- Fnanclal Llabillties at Fair Value Thmugh Profit or Loas

Financial liabilities are classified as fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction costs are directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss as incurred. Subsequent changes in fair value is recognized at profit or loss

- Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortized Cost

All financial liabilities other than measured at fair value though profit or loss are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

## C. Measuremert

i. Initial Measurament

A financial asset or financial liability is measured initially at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. Transaction cost in relation to financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.
ii. Subsequent Measurement

A financial asset or financial liability is subsequently measured either at fair value or at amortized cost based on the classification of the financial asset or liability. Financial asset or liability classified as measured at amortized cost is subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

The amortized cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest rate (EIR) method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impaiment or un-collectability. However, the Company has opted to apply carve-out and measure the financial assets and liabilities at carrying amount.
Financial assets classified at fair value are subsequently measured at fair value. The subsequent
changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in Staternent of Profit or Loss whereas of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in other comprehensive income.

## D. Darecognition

## Derscognition of Fnancial Asseta

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.
On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset transferred) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assurned) shall be recognized in profit and loss account.
In transactions in which the Company neither retains nor transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset and it retains control over the asset, the Company continues to recognize the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement, determined by the extent to which it is exposed to changes in the value of the transferred asset.

## Derecognidion of Financlal Llabillides

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or canceled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognized in Staternent of Profit or Loss.

## E. Offeetting of Financial Assels and Financial Liabilities

The company has not offset any of its financial assets with financial liabilities as at 16 July 2018. Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount are reported in the statement of financial position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

## F. Datarmination of Falr Value

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction on the measurement date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk
The fair values are determined according to the following hierarchy:
Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 valuations are those with quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial instruments valued using models where all significant inputs are observable.
Level 3 portfolios are those where at least one input, which could have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation, is not based on observable market data.
When available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using quoted prices in an active
market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.
The best evidence of the fair value of $a$ financial instrument at initial recognition is the transaction price - i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received. However, in some cases, the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition may be different to its transaction price. If such fair value is evidenced by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument (without modification) or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable markets, then the difference is recognized in profit or loss on initial recognition of the instrument. In other cases, the difference is not recognized in profit or loss immediately but is recognized over the life of the instrument on an appropriate basis or when the instrument is redeemed, transferred or sold, or the fair value becomes observable.
All unquoted equity investments are recorded at book value per share.

## G. Impalrment

At each reporting date the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may have been impaired. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is determined. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events occurring after the initial recognition of the asset (a loss event), and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.
The Company considers the following factors in assessing objective evidence of impairment:

- Whether the counterparty is in default of principal or interest payments.
- When a counterparty files for bankruptcy and this would avoid or delay discharge of its obligation.
- Where the Company initiates legal recourse of recovery in respect of a credit obligation of the counterpart.
- Where the Company consents to a restructuring of the obligation, resulting in a diminished financial obligation, demonstrated by a material forgiveness of debt or postponement of scheduled payments.
- Where there is observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows of a group of financial assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with specific individual financial assets.

The Company considers evidence of impairment for loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities at both a specific asset and collective level. All individually significant loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified.
Loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities with similar risk characteristics. Impairment test is done on annual basis for trade receivables and other financial assets based on the internal and external indication observed.

## Impairmen Losees on Assets Measured at Amortised Cost

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (such as amounts due from Company, loans and advances to customers as well as held-to-maturity investments is impaired, and impairment losses are recognized, only if there is objective evidence as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset. The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the deemed recoverable value of loan.

### 3.5 Defarred Expenses

Deferred expenses are those expense which are deferred for next Fiscal Year in proportion to the risk assumed in each policy in relation to policy period. These expenses include agent commission expenses and Reinsurance commission expense of the company.

### 3.6 Relngurance Assety

Reinsurance assets are the assets which are created against insurance contract liabilities of the amount which are recoverable from the Reinsurers. These assets are created for the Reinsurer's share of Unexpired Risk Reserve and Outstanding Claims as per the reinsurance treaty entered by the company.

### 3.7 Cagh and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-tem deposits with a maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### 3.8 Ordinary Share Capltal:

The Company has issued ordinary shares that are classified as equity instruments. Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Equity is defined as residual interest in total assets of the Company after deducting all its liabilities. Common shares are classified as equity of the Company and distributions thereon are presented in statement of changes in equity.
Dividends on ordinary shares are recognized in equity in the period in which they are passed by AGM.

### 3.9 Insurancs Fund

The Company has allocated insurance fund for the amount which is $50 \%$ of the net profit every year as per Regulator's Directive on net profit derived as per Special Purpose Financial Statement.

### 3.10 Catasirophe Reserve

The Company has allocated insurance fund for the amount which is $10 \%$ of the distributable profit for the year as per Regulator's Directive on distributable profit derived as per Special Purpose Financial Statement.

### 3.11 Fair Value Reserve

The Company has policy of creating fair value reserve equal to the amount of Fair Value Gain recognized in statement of other comprehensive income as per regulator's directive.

### 3.12 Deferrad Tax Reserve

The Company has policy of creating deferred tax reserve equal to the amount of the deferred tax assets appearing in its' as per regulator's directive.

### 3.13 Insurance Contract Llabilities

Insurance contract liabilities include the outstanding claims provision, the provision for unearned premium and the provision for premium deficiency. The outstanding claims provision is based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims incurred but not settled at the reporting date, whether reported or not, together with related survey fees and expenses. Delays can be experienced in the notification and settlement of certain types of claims. Therefore, the ultimate cost of these cannot be known with certainty at the reporting date. The liability is calculated at the reporting date using a range of standard actuarial claim projection techniques, based on empirical data and current assumptions that may include a margin for adverse deviation. The liability is not discounted for the time value of money. No provision for equalization
or catastrophe reserves is recognised. The liabilities are derecognised when the obligation to pay a claim expires, is discharged or is cancelled.

The provision for unearned premiums represents that portion of premiums received or receivable that relates to risks that have not yet expired at the reporting date. The provision is recognised when contracts are entered into and premiums are charged, and is brought to account as premium income over the term of the contract in accordance with the pattern of insurance service provided under the contract.

### 3.14 Employees Benertis

## a. Short Term Employee Benefita

Short term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.
A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid under short term cash bonus or profit sharing plans, required by the Bonus Act, 2030, if the Company has present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Short-term employee benefits include all the following items (if payable within 12 months after the end of the reporting period):

- wages, salaries and social security contributions,
- paid annual leave and paid sick leave,
- profit-sharing and bonuses and
- non-monetary benefits
b. Post-Employment Benefits


## b. Post-employmant Benefit Plan Includes the Followings:

I. Detlined Contributlon Plan

Defined contribution plan is a post-mployment benefit plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee services in the current and prior periods, as defined in Nepal Accounting Standards - NAS 19 (Employee Benefits).

The obligations for contributions payable by the employer to defined contribution plans are recognized as personnel expenses in profit or loss in the periods during which related services are rendered. Unpaid contributions are recorded as a liability under 'Other Liabilities'. The contributions to a defined contribution plan that are due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees render the service are discounted to their present value.
All employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined contribution plan, in which both the employee and the Compary contribute morthly at a pre-determined rate of $10 \%$ of the basic salary which are identified as contributions to 'Defined Contribution Plans' as defined in Nepal Accounting Standards - NAS 19 (Employee Benefits). The Company does not assume any future liability for provident fund benefits other than its annual contribution.

## II. Defined Benefit Plan

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. Accordingly, staff gratuity and leave encashment has been considered as defined benefit plans as per Nepal Accounting Standards - NAS 19 (Employee Benefits).
a) Gratuily

In compliance with Labor Act, 2017, provision is made in the account year of service, for gratuity
payable to employees who joined Company on a permanent basis. An actuarial valuation is carried out every year to ascertain the full liability under gratuity.

LGIC's obligation in respect of defined benefit obligation is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned for their service in the current and prior periods and discounting that benefit to determine its present value, then deducting the fair value of any plan assets to determine the net amount to be shown in the Statement of Financial Position. The value of a defined benefit asset is restricted to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reduction on the future contributions to the plan. In order to calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any minimum funding requirement that apply to any plan in Company. An economic benefit is available to Company if it is realizable during the life of the plan, or on settlement of the plan liabilities.
The Company recognises gains and losses on the curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan when the curtailment or settlement occurs. The gain or loss on curtailment or settlement comprises any resulting change in the fair value of plan assets, any change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation, any related actuarial gains and losses and any past service cost that had not previously been recognised.
Company determines the interest expense on the defined benefit liability by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit liability at the beginning of the annual period to the defined benefit liability at the beginning of the annual period. The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on government bonds that have maturity dates approximating to the terms of Company's obligations.
The increase in gratuity liabilities attributable to the services provided by employees during the year ended 16th July, 2018 (current service cost) has been recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss under 'Personnel Expenses' together with the net interest expense. Company recognizes the total actuarial gain and loss that arises in calculating Company's obligation in respect of gratuity in other comprehensive income during the period in which it occurs.

The demographic assumptions underlying the valuation are retirement age ( 60 years), early withdrawal from service and retirement on medical grounds.
b) Unutilized Accumulated Leave

LGIC's liability towards the accumulated leave which is expected to be utilized beyond one year from the end of the reporting period is treated as other Long-term employee benefits. LGIC's net obligation towards unutilized accumulated leave is calculated by discounting the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods to determine the present value of such benefits. The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on govemment bonds that have maturity dates approximating to the terms of Company's obligation. The calculation is performed using the Projected Unit Credit method. Net change in liability for unutilized accumulated leave including any actuarial gain and loss are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss under 'Personnel Expenses' in the period in which they arise.
c) Termination Benaflita

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the Company is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognised as an expense if the Company has made an offer of voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably. If benefits are payable more than 12 months after the reporting date, then they are discounted to their present value.

### 3.15 Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue includes Reinsurance Commission Income deferred for next Fiscal Year in proportion to the risk assumed in each policy in relation to policy period.

### 3.16 Provisions:

Provisions are recognised when the Company have a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outtlow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit or loss net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.
In the case of onerous contracts, a provision is recognised in which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The unavoidable costs reflect the least net cost of exiting the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfil it.
A disclosure for contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.
Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognized in the period in which the change occurs.

### 3.17 Leeses

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease, or contains a lease, is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset (or assets) and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset (or assets), even if that asset is (or those assets are) not explicitly specified in an arrangernent.
A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease, which are explained as under:

### 3.17.1 Finance Lease

Agreements which transfer to counterparties substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of assets, but not necessarily legal title, are classified as finance lease. When Company is the lessor under finance lease, the amounts due under the leases, after deduction of unearned interest income, are included in 'Loans to $\&$ receivables from other customers', as appropriate. Interest income receivable is recognized in 'Net interest income' over the periods of the leases so as to give a constant rate of return on the net investment in the leases.

When Company is a lessee under finance leases, the leased assets are capitalized and included in 'Property, plant and equipment' and the corresponding liability to the lessor is included in 'Other liabilities'. A finance lease and its corresponding liability are recognized initially at the fair value of the asset or if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Finance charges payable are recognized in
'Interest expenses' over the period of the lease based on the interest rate implicit in the lease so as to give a constent rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

The company does not have any finance lease arrangements in its books for the FY 2075-76.

### 3.17 .2 Operatling Leasa

All other leases are classified as operating leases. Leases that do not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset to the Company are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

When acting as lessor, Company includes the assels subject to operating leases in 'Property, plant and equipment' and accounts for them accordingly. Impairment losses are recognized to the extent that residual values are not fully recoverable and the carrying value of the asseta is thereby impaired. When Company is the lessee, leased assets are not recognized on the Statement of Financial Position.
The lease payments under an operating lease shall be recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless either:
(a) Another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit even if the payments to the lessors are not on that basis;

OR
(b) The payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. If payments to the lessor vary because of factors other than general inflation, then this condition is not met.
The Company has recognized lease expenses on straight line over the lease term and difference amount from GAAP has recognized as lease liability (NFRS) which has shown on other payables.

## Segment Reporting

Under NFRS 8 'Operating Segments', the Company needs to determine and present operating segments based on different types of insurance contracts issued by the company.
Based on the operating segments identified, the Company has classified and disclosed segmental information separately. The businesses are segmented into Fire Insurance, Marine Insurance, Engineering Insurance, Cattle and crop Insurance and Miscellaneous Insurance. There are no reportable geographical segments, since all business is operating in Nepal. The allocation and apportionment of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities to specific segments is done in the following manner, which is applied on a consistent basis.
Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities that are directly identifiable to the segment are allocated on actual basis;
Other revenue, expenses (including depreciation and amortization), assets and liabilities that are not directly identifiable to a segment are apportioned based of weightage as prescribed by the Beema Samiti.

### 3.18 Foreign Currency Transiafion

The Company's financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupee (NPR) which is also the company's functional currency.
Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company's entities at their functional currency spot rate prevailing at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rate of exchenge at the reporting date.

All differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are taken to the statement of profit or loss with the exception of differences on foreign monetary items that form part of a net investment in a foreign operation. These are recognised in OCI until the disposal of the net investment, at which time they are reclassified to profit or loss. Tax charges and credits attributable to exchange differences on these monetary iterns are also recorded in OCl .

Non-monetary iterns that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction and are not subsequently restated. Nonmonetary iterns measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of a gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCl or profit or loss, respectively).

### 3.19 Revanue Recognittion:

### 3.18.1 Gross Premlum:

Gross written premiums comprise the total premiums received/receivable for the whole period of cover provided by contracts entered into during the accounting period. Grose premium is recognized on the date on which the policy is effective. Premiums include any adjustments arising in the reporting period for premiums receivable in respect of business written in prior accounting periods. Rebates that form part of the premium rate, such as no-claim rebates, are deducted from the gross written premium; others are recognised as an expense.

## Unearned Premiume Reserve:

Unearned premiums represent the proportion of the premiums written in periods up to the accounting date that relates to the unexpired terms of policies in force at the reporting date. Unearned premiums are calculated on a daily pro rata basis. The proportion attributable to subsequent periods is deferred as a provision for unearned premiums.

### 3.19.2 Refund Premium

Premium refunded during the review period are deducted (set off) from the gross premium received.

### 3.19.3 Relnsuranca Premlumt

Reinsurance premiums written comprise the total premiums payable for the whole cover provided by contracts entered into the period and are recognized on the date on which the policy incepts. Premiurns include any adjustments arising in the accounting period in respect of reinsurance contracts incepting in prior accounting periods.
Unearned reinsurance premiums are those proportions of premiums written in a year that relate to periods of risk after the reporting date. Unearned reinsurance premiums are deferred over the term of the underlying direct insurance policies for risks-attaching contracts and over the term of the reinsurance contract for losses occurring contracts.
Reinsurance premiums and claims on the face of the statement of profit or loss have been presented as negative iterns within premiums and net benefits and claims, respectively, because this is consistent with how the business is managed.

### 3.19.4 Provisions for Unpald Claims and Adjustment Expenses:

Individual loss estimates are provided on each claim reported. In addition, provisions are made for adjustment expenses, changes in reported claims. The estimates are regularly reviewed and updated,
and any resulting adjustments are included in current income. Claim liabilities are carried on an undiscounted basis.

### 3.19.5 Relngurer's Share of Unearned Premlum:

The reinsurer's share of unearned premiums are recognized as an assets using principles consistent with the company's method for determining the unearned premium liability.

### 3.19.6 Relnsurer's Share of Provisions for Unpald Ciaims and Adjustment Expenses:

The company enters into reinsurance contracts in the normal course of business in order to limit potential losses arising from certain exposures. Reinsurance premiums are accounted for in the same period as the related premiums for the direct insurance business being reinsured. Reinsurance liabilities, comprised of premiums payable for the purchase of reinsurance contracts, are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and are recognized as an expense when due.
Expected reinsurance recoveries on unpaid claims and adjustment expenses are recognized as assets at the same time and using principles consistent with the company's methods for establishing the related liability.

### 3.19.7 Fees and Commission Income

Insurance and investment contract policyholders are charged for policy administration services, investrnent management services, surrenders and other contract fees. These fees are recognised as revenue over the period in which the related services are performed. If the fees are for services provided in future periods, then they are deferred and recognised over those future periods.

### 3.19.8 Investmant Incame:

Interest income is recognised in the statement of profit or loss as it accrues. Investment income also includes dividends when the right to receive payment is established.

## Reallzed Gains and Losses

Realized gains and losses recorded in the statement of profit or loss include gains and losses on financial assets and properties. Gains and losses on the sale of investments are calculated as the difference between net sales proceeds and the original or amortised cost and are recorded on occurrence of the sale transaction.

### 3.20 Beneftis, Claims and Expenses Recognition:

General insurance and health claims include all claims occurring during the year, whether reported or not, related internal and external claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims, a reduction for the value of salvage and other recoveries, and any adjustments to claims outstanding from previous years.

### 3.21 Finance Costs:

Interest paid is recognised in the staternent of profit or loss as it accrues and is calculated by using the EIR method. Accrued interest is included within the carrying value of the interest bearing financial liability.

### 3.22 Earninge per Share Including Diluted Earnings

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. The basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

## 4. Company'a Siructure and Producta

a. Sharehalding Structure of the Companty

|  |  | 2075/76 |  | $2074 /$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. of | \% | No. of | \% |
| Promoter | Nepali Organized Institutions | 1,584,000 | 18 | 1,584,000 | 18 |
| Group | Nepali Citizen | 2,904,000 | 33 | 2,904,000 | 33 |
|  | Foreigner | - |  | - |  |
|  | Total | 4,488,000 | 51 | 4,488,000 | 51 |
| General P | Group | 4,312,000 | 49 | 4,312,000 | 49 |
| Others |  | - | - | - | - |
| Total |  | 8,800,000 | 100 | 8,800,000 | 100 |

b. Datails of Sharaholders Holding $1 \%$ or more of Total Shares of the Company

| Particulars | 2075/76 |  | 2074/75 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \% | Amount | \% | Amount |
| Lumbini Bikas Bank Lid. | 9.84 | 86,571,403 | 9.84 | 86,571,400 |
| Mr. Manohar Das Mool | 9.82 | 86,407,421 | 9.82 | 86,407,400 |
| Nepal Himalayan Trade Compary Put. Ltd | 6.39 | 56,207,159 | 6.39 | 56,207,100 |
| Mr. Shankar Ghimira | 3.76 | 33,122,367 | 3.76 | 33,122,300 |
| Mr. Suraj vaidya | 3.69 | 32,476,910 | 3.69 | 32,476,800 |
| Mr. Chintamani Bhattarai | 3.20 | 28,160,398 | 3.20 | 28,160,300 |
| Mr. Aun Raj Shrestha | 2.37 | 20,838,203 | 2.37 | 20,838,100 |
| Mr. Brendra Balracharya | 2.32 | 20,450,090 | 2.32 | 20,449,900 |
| Mrs Rina Sigh Rana | 2.04 | 17,908,859 | 2.04 | 17,908,800 |
| Mr. Prem Bahadur Shrestha | 1.62 | 14,235,517 | 1.62 | 14,235,500 |
| Mr. Gopal Hamal | 1.29 | 11,327,374 | 1.46 | 12,884,000 |
| Mr. Lokraj Part | 1.28 | 11,220,048 | 1.27 | 11,219,700 |
| Central Finance CO. Lid. | 1.28 | 11,220,048 | 1.27 | 11,219,700 |
| Mr. Pamkaji Gurung Kaney | 1.24 | 10,901,667 | 1.24 | 10,901,600 |
| Sunrisu Bank Ltd. | 1.09 | 9,565,638 | 1.09 | 9,565,600 |
| Kumarl Bank Ltd. | 1.02 | 8,976,100 | 1.02 | 8,976,100 |
| Mr. Bhavadhauj Dhunagana | 1.01 | 8,911,050 | 1.01 | 8,911,000 |
| Mr. Swaroop Gurung Kone | 0.92 | 8,065,297 | 0.92 | 8,065,200 |

## c. Product Clasglification

Insurance contracts are those contracts that transfer significant insurance risk. Such contracts may also transfer financial risk. As a general guideline, the Company defines as significant insurance risk, the possibility of having to pay benefits on the occurrence of an insured event.
General insurance business means insurance business of any class or classes not being long term insurance business.

## LGIC has following portfollos under which if operates its' business:

- Fire Portiolio - Fire insurance business means the business of affecting and carrying out contracts of insurance, otherwise than incidental to some other class of insurance business against loss or damage to property due to fire, explosion, stom and other occurrences customarily included among the risks insured against in the fire insurance business.
- Motor Portiollo - Motor insurance business means the business of affecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against loss of, or damage to, or arising out of or in connection with the uss of, motor vehicles, inclusive of third party risks but exclusive of transit risks.
- Marlne Portfollo - Marine insurance business means the business of affecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against loss of consignment of goods during transit.
- Engineering Portfollo - Engineering insurance business means the insurance that provides economic safeguard to the risks faced by the ongoing construction project, installation project, and machines and equipment in project operation.

Product categories: Depending on the project, it can be divided into construction project all risks insurance and installation project all risks insurance; depending on the attribute of the object, it can be divided into project all risks insurance, and machinery breakdown insurance.

- Micro Portfollo - Micro Insurance protects against loss of or damage to crops or livestock. It has great potential to provide value to low-income farmers and their communities, both by protecting farmers when shocks occur and by encouraging greater investment in crops.
- Miscellaneous Partfollo - All the insurance business which doesn't fall in above categories fall under miscellaneous insurance business. Group Personal Accidents, Medical Insurances, Professional indemnity insurance etc. fall under this category of business.


## Lumbini General Insurance Company Ltd.

Notes to the Financial Statements 5
As at End of Ashadh 2076

## Property, Plant and Equipments

|  | Freehold land | Bullding | Funlture and Fxture | Oince Equlpments | Computer and TEqulpments | Valldes | Leasphold PToperties | Totul |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At 320d Asar, 2075 | 38,679,414 | 62,435,295 | 18,330,027 | 19,092,219 | 11,517,318 | 46,022,466 | 531,094 | 196,607,834 |
| Addritions | - | - | 1,361,831 | 1,351,318 | 1,818,177 | 5,388,000 |  | 9,919,326 |
| Disposals | - | - |  | $(17,249)$ | - | - |  | $(17,249)$ |
| At 314t Asar, 2076 | 38,678,414 | 62,435,295 | 19,681,658 | 20,426,256 | 13,335,485 | 51,410,466 | 531,094 | 206,509,911 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accumulated Depreciation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At 320dAsar, 2075 | - | 16,082,976 | 13,491,919 | 13,719,623 | 7,254,731 | 21,147,564 | 531,094 | 72,227,907 |
| Depreciation | - | 2,317,616 | 1,350,868 | 1,494,692 | 1,349,047 | 4,609,773 | - | 11,121,996 |
| Disposals | - | - | - | $(1,502)$ | - | - | - | $(1,502)$ |
| At $91{ }^{\text {th }}$ Asar, 2076 | - | 18,400,591 | 14,842,786 | 15,212,813 | 8,603,778 | 25,757,397 | 591,094 | 83,348,402 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carying Amount |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At 32 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Asar, 2075 | 38,679,414 | 46,352,320 | 4,836,108 | 5,372,596 | 4,262,587 | 24,674,902 | - | 124,379,860 |
| At 31 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Asar, 2076 | 38,678,414 | 44,034,704 | 4,849,072 | 5,213,443 | 4,731,717 | 25,653,129 | - | 123,161,543 |

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## Lumbini General Insurance Company Ltd.

| Daferred Tax (2074-75) | 5.2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount (NPR) |  |  |
| Particulars | Acrounting Base | Tax base | Assets/(Liabilities) |
| Agent Commssion Expense - Deferred | 17,627,451 | - | $(17,627,451)$ |
| RI Premium Expense - Defferrad | 204,799 | - | $(204,799)$ |
| Ri Commission Income - Deferred | 63,422,564 | - | 63,422,564 |
| Unexplred Risk Reserve | 395,871,867 | 379,773,745 | 16,098,122 |
| Outstanding Cliams | 271,790,683 | 206,705,729 | 65,084,954 |
| Employee Benefits - Grauity | 21,455,397 | 24,713,548 | $(3,258,151)$ |
| Employee Benefits - Leave | 38,593,468 | 17,099,703 | 21,493,765 |
| Property, Plart and Equlpmerrit | 61,982,537 | 73,694,614 | 11,702,077 |
| Provision for Bad Debts | 5,121,557 | - | 5,121,557 |
| Provision for livestrnent | 1,123,874 | - | 1,123,874 |
| Total |  |  | 162,956,511 |
| Deferred Tax Assets/ Labillilies (1) 30\% |  |  | 48,866,853 |
| Deterred Tax Aready in Books |  |  |  |
| Total Deferred Tax |  |  | 48,886,953 |
| Deferred Tax recognized In OCl Amount (NPR) |  |  |  |
| Particulars | Accounting Base | Tax base | Assets/(Labilliles) |
| Investment Galn | 2,942,429 |  | $(2,942,429)$ |
| Acturial Gains - Gratuity | 4,043,144 |  | 4,043,144 |
| Acturial Gains and Losses - Leave |  |  | - |
| Total |  |  | 1,100,715 |
| Detered Tax Assets/ (Labllities) @ 30\% |  |  | 330,215 |
| Deferred Tax Alrearly In Books |  |  | - |
| Total Deferred Tax |  |  | 330,215 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Deferred Tax Assets/(Labilliles) for FY 2074-75 |  |  | 48,217,168 |

## Lumbini General Insurance Company Ltd.

Deferred Tax (2075-76)

| Deferred Tex Recognized in Profit or Lose Account |  |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Accounting Base | Tax base | Ascete/(Labilitles) |
| Agert Cornmsslon Expense - Deferred | 17,209,758 | - | $(17,208,758)$ |
| Pl Premlum Expense - Deferred | 165,902 | - | $(165,902)$ |
| PI Commission Income - Deferred | 72,716,289 | - | 72,718,269 |
| Leasa Liability | 12,217,576 | 11,331,231 | 886,345 |
| Unexpired Risk Reserve | 350,486,687 | 333,791,768 | 16,694,919 |
| Outstanding Cllams | 292,507,686 | 217,610,387 | 74,888,280 |
| Employee Benefits - Grauily | 30,847,658 | 29,729,207 | 1,118,451 |
| Employee Benefits - Leave | 47,094,713 | 21,024,934 | 26,069,779 |
| Property, Plent end Equipment | 60,590,514 | 66,349,328 | 5,758,814 |
| Provision for Bad Debls | - | - | - |
| Provislon for Investment | 1,272,034 | - | 1,272,034 |
| Total |  |  | 182,030,239 |
| Deforred Tax Asesta/Liabilities @ 30\% |  |  | 54,609,072 |


| Deferred Tax Recognized In OCI |  |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Accounting Base | Tax base | Assels/(Liabilities) |
| Investinent Gain | 3,636,284 |  | $(3,636,284)$ |
| Acturial Gains - Grauily | 2,540,077 |  | 2,540,077 |
| Acturial Gains and Losses - Leave |  |  | - |
| Total |  |  | (1,096,207) |
| Deterred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities) © 30\% |  |  | $(328,862)$ |
| Deferted Tax Arearly In Books |  |  | - |
| Total Deferrad Tax |  |  | $(328,862)$ |
| Deferred Tax Assets/(Uabllities) tor FY 2075-76 |  |  | 54,280,210 |

## Lumbini General Insurance Company Ltd.

| Rriancial Assets |  | 5.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial Irvestments Measured at Arrorized Cost |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5.3 .1 \\ \text { Amount (NPR) } \end{array}$ |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Government Bond | 13,780,619 | 6,517,324 |
| Debertures of Banks and Pnancla linstutions |  |  |
| Fixed Deposits in Commerial Banks | 1,460,700,000 | 1,375,146,877 |
| Fixed Deposits in Developments Barks | 257,000,000 | 258,024,595 |
| Fixed Deposits in Finance Companies | 32,500,000 | 24,948,045 |
| Less: Prowislon for Losses of Investment | $(243,874)$ | $(243,874)$ |
| Total | 1,763,736,744 | 1,664,392,966 |

Government Bonds and Fxed Deposits are inclusive of inlerrst ascrued as on the reporting date. The provision for losses in imessiment includes Fixed Deposits placed in problematic banks and financial insstitutions classified by Nepal Rastra Bank.

Amount (NPR)

Financial Investments at PVOC $\quad 5.3 .2$

| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ordinary Share-Publlc Companles | 28,303,426 | 23,357,671 |
| Nepal Peinsurance-Promuter's Share | 181,816,800 | 112,911,700 |
| Nepal Insurance Association-Promotar's Share | 1,734,868 | 1,045,118 |
| Insurance Instiute Nepal Limited | 43,220 | 43,220 |
| Preference Share/Debenture of Bank and Ananclal Instittion | - | - |
| Total | 191,898,314 | 137,357,709 |
|  |  | Amount (NPR) |

Financial Investrnentis at PVOCl includes investrient in ordinary gand promoters sheres of differerl compenies. The movement in fair value of these instruments have been adjusted through Other Comprehensive Income ( OC ).

| Ordinary Share-Public Companies | 31/03/2078 | 32/03/2075 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Corporate Equity sharee: |  |  |
| Quoted | 18,002,406 | 12,999,565 |
| Unqucted | = | - |
| Micro-Finance Institutions |  |  |
| Quoted | 166,228 | 167,107 |
| Unqucted | - | - |
| Hydro Compary |  |  |
| Quoted | 103,134,792 | 10,190,999 |
| Unqueted | - | - |
| Allowance for impairment loss |  |  |
| Total | 28,303,426 | 23,357,671 |

Deffered Expenses

| Particulars | $\mathbf{3 1 / 0 3 / 2 0 7 8}$ | 32/03/2075 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Agent Commission Expenses | $17,209,758$ | $17,627,451$ |
| Aelnsumance Commksion Expenses | 165,902 | $\mathbf{2 0 4 , 7 9 9}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 7 , 3 7 5 , 6 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 , 6 3 2 , 2 5 0}$ |

Deferred Expenses indude agent commission and reinsurance commission expense deferred for next Fiscal Year in proportion to the risk to be assumed in each policy in relation to policy period.

Lumbini General Insurance Company Ltd.

| Other Assets |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5.5 \\ \text { Anownt (NPR) } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Advance Paymert | 64,597,076 | 44,318,446 |
| Advance to Employee | 1,437,023 | 860,611 |
| Other Advances | 2,508,449 | 3,280,316 |
| Application for livestiment |  | 45,100 |
| Employees Laan | 11,928,002 | 5,517,724 |
| Sundry Detters | 26,929,156 | 45,050,569 |
| Deposis | 1,766,576 | 1,616,576 |
| Deposit in Citizen Investment Tust | 22,758,919 | 21,705,289 |
| Less: Allowance for impaiment loss | $(31,305,455)$ | (5,121,557) |
| Total | 100,619,745 | 117,273,075 |
| Reinsurance Assets |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5.6 \\ \text { Amount (NPR) } \end{array}$ |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Reinsurance Assets against URR | 388,188,611 | 270,954,804 |
| Peinsurance Assets against Outstanding Clains | 349,035,536 | 249,730,999 |
| Total | 717,224,147 | 520,685,803 |

Relnsurance Assets Includes amount recoverable from relnsurers on arcourt of Unexplred Risk Reserve and Outtanding Claims

| Reinsurance Recelvables | Amount (NPR) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Peceivable from Local Insurance Company | 71,617,212 | 32,802,666 |
| Recaivable from Reinsurance Compary | 153,824,575 | 123,551,655 |
| Total | 225,441,787 | 156,354,321 |

Felnsurance Recetvable Inculudes amourt recelvable trom local Insurance companles as well as international reingurers on account of normal business transaction

| Income Tax Recelvable |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Advance Tax | 153,226,793 | 133,642,658 |
| Provision for tax | (112,107,755) | $(115,495,141)$ |
| Total | 41,119,038 | 18,147,517 |


| Cash and Cash Equivalent |  | 5.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Amount (NPR) |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Cash | 77,201 | 5,201 |
| Commercial Banks | 221,519,171 | 112,411,939 |
| Development Barks | 93,769,488 | 50,757,276 |
| Franclal Instuttons | 23,814,598 | 33,656,737 |
| Total | 339,180,457 | 196,891,152 |
|  |  | 5.10 |
| Share Capital |  | Amount (NPR) |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Authorised Capital ( $12,500,000$ no. of shares © O NRs 100 per share) | 1,250,000,000 | 1,000,000,000 |
| Issued Captial (8,800,000 no. of shares NRs 100 per share) | 880,000,000 | 880,000,000 |
| Pald-up Capltal (8,600,000 no. of shares @ NRs 100 per share) | 880,000,000 | 880,000,000 |
| Total | 880,000,000 | 880,000,000 |

## Lumbini General Insurance Company Ltd.

| Insurance Fund | Amount (NPR) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Fire | 95,571,092 | 70,264,816 |
| Marine | 13,866,752 | 11,557,857 |
| Motor | 378,447,630 | 319,066,016 |
| Englneering | 13,288,394 | 10,155,470 |
| Agriculture | 1,951,796 | 1,951,796 |
| Misto |  |  |
| Miscelleneous | 39,286,807 | 26,889,909 |
| Total | 542,412,469 | 439,885,664 |

Insurance Fund are provided of $50 \%$ of the net profit as per Regulatar's Directive on net profit deived as per Special Purpose Financial Statement.

| Other Reserve |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Particulars | $\mathbf{3 1 / 0 3 / 2 0 7 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 / 0 3 / 2 0 7 5}$ |
| Insurance Reserve | $1,684,479$ | $1,684,479$ |
| Fair value Reserve | $3,636,284$ | $2,942,429$ |
| Deferred Tax Reserve | $54,280,210$ | $49,217,168$ |
| Acturlal Remeasuremerit | $(9,263,066)$ | $(6,722,989)$ |
| Regulatory Reserve | 2859896 | - |
| Tatal | $\mathbf{5 3 , 1 9 7 , 8 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 , 1 2 1 , 0 8 7}$ |

Fair Velue resenfas are unimalized gain on investment mede which are meesured at fair value. Defented Tax Reserve is created at the amount equal to deferred tax assats es per reukatri's guiddine. Acturial remeasurements are acturial gains/ (losses) on acturial valuaion of emplayes benelits.
Regulatary Reserve is created on excess net profit in general financial purpose statemert compare to sepcial purpose financial stetement as per regulatar's direcitives.

| Insurance Contract Liabilities | $\begin{array}{r} 5.13 \\ \text { Amount }(N P R) \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Outsanding Claims Provision | 538,288,924 | 429,475,112 |
| Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) | 103,274,298 | 92,046,571 |
| Gross Unexpired Risk Reserve | 718,675,298 | 666,826,671 |
| Total | 1,360,218,520 | 1,188,348,354 |

Insurance Contract: Liabilias includes provision for Unexpired Risk Reserve, Outsanding amount of claim payables and provision for IBNR as valued by actuary
Incurred But Not Reported (IENE)
As per Insurance Board the liabilities of the insurance company shall be higher of the liailties determined by the actuary as per NRRS 4 or the liabilities as required by Pegulatory Authority. Hence the liabilities has been deternined accordingly.

|  | Amount (NPR) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| IBNA as per LAT Reporl (A) | 103,274,298 | 92,046,571 |
| 15\% provison created on Nat Outstanding Claim | 28,385,008 | 26,961,617 |
| Higher of (A) and (B) | 103,274,298 | 92,046,571 |

## Gross Uniexpired Risk Reserva

Unexpled Rik Reserve is the llabllites related whth the gross premlum Income thet is not related whth currert Year and is deferred for next reporting period.
It will be measured at higher of Actury valuation as per LAT report or as per regulatory requlrement
Amount (NPR)

| Particulars | $31 / 03 / 2076$ | $32 / 03 / 2075$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Net Unexpired Risk Reserve as per regulatory requirement | $333,791,768$ | $377,098,938$ |
| Net Unexplred Risk Reserve as per LAT | $350,486,687$ | $395,871,868$ |
| HIgher of (A) and (B) | $\mathbf{3 5 0 , 4 8 6 , 6 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 5 , 8 7 1 , 8 6 8}$ |

Net Unaxplred Risk Reserve as per LAT is Calculated by deducting relnsurance assets pertaining to Unexplred Risk Reserve of respective year tom Gross Unexpired Fisk Reserve

## Lumbini General Insurance Company Ltd.

| Employes Benefit Obligation | Amount (NPR) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Graduily | 33,387,735 | 25,498,541 |
| Leave Encashment | 19,099,491 | 18,485,506 |
| Payable to Employee | 17,568,893 | 8,823,282 |
| Proviston for Bonus | 34,955,919 | 31,168,361 |
| Total | 105,012,137 | 83,975,690 |

Employæe Benefit Obligation on account of Gratrity and Leave Encashment is velued by an independent acturary, no plan assets has been created against. such obigation as per Actury's Reporl

| Deferred Revenue |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5.15 \\ \text { Amownt (NPR) } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Reinsurance Commission Income | 72,716,269 | 63,422,584 |
| Total | 72,716,269 | 63,422,564 |

Deferred revenue include Reinsurance Commission Income deferred for next Fiscal Year in proportion to the risk to be assumed in each policy in relation to policy period.

| Reinsurance Payables | $\begin{array}{r} 5.16 \\ \text { Anount (NPR) } \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Due to Other Insurance Compary | 1,842,021 | 850,496 |
| Dus to Other Reinsurance Compary | 252,022,045 | 186,707,340 |
| Total | 253,864,066 | 187,557,836 |

Reinsurance Payable indudes amount payable to local insurance companies as well as intemational reinsurers on account of nommal businass transaction

$$
5.17
$$

| Other Payables |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Payable to Agent | 8,273,671 | 5,737,427 |
| Shorl term Loan | - | - |
| Deposit Premium | 9,711,590 | 6,543,424 |
| Unidentified Insurance Prerrium | - | - |
| Sundry Crediturs | 16,222,284 | 11,765,833 |
| Payable to Subsidary/Holding Compary | - | - |
| TDS Payable Amourt | 3,450,933 | 3,059,229 |
| VAT Payable Amount | 14,211,109 | 15,284,598 |
| Income Tax Prayable | - | $\checkmark$ |
| Service Charge payable | 13,603,779 | 12,624,576 |
| Payable to Drectors | - |  |
| Dividend Payable | - | - |
| Payable to Surveyor | 3,720,832 | 2,208,161 |
| Premium Refundable | 1,458,793 | 1,060,241 |
| Deferted Tax Liability | - | - |
| Advance Payment related to Shares | - | - |
| Leaso Liability (NFPS) | 886,345 | - |
| Rent Payables | - | - |
| Total | 71,538,336 | 56,283,480 |


| Other Proulsions |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 31/03/2076 | 32/03/2075 |
| Provison For Legal Cases | - | - |
| Provison for possible Losses | 579,047 | 579,047 |
| Total | 579,047 | 579,047 |

## Lumbinı General Insurance Company Ltd.

| Notes to the Profit or Loss Account <br> Nst Premiums <br> As at End of Ashadh 2076 <br> Gross Pramlum |  | 6 6.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6.1 .1 \\ \text { Anown (NPRy } \end{array}$ |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Direct Premium | 1,358,849,060 | 1,259,839,396 |
| Facultative Inward Premium | 1,528,841 | 2,618,229 |
| Total Gross Premiums | 1,360,377,901 | 1,262,457,626 |
| Premlum Ceded to Relnsurers |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6.1 .2 \\ \text { Amourn (NPR) } \end{array}$ |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Premium ceded to Reinsurers | (701,621,113) | $(508,259,749)$ |
| Total premiums caded to reinsurers | $(701,621,113)$ | $(508,259,749)$ |
| Fees and Commission Income |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6.2 \\ \text { Amocm (NPF) } \end{array}$ |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Reinsurance Commlssion Income | 190,831,626 | 120,966,468 |
| Others | - | - |
| Total Commission Income | 190,831,626 | 120,966,468 |
| Investment Income |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6.3 \\ \text { Amoum (NPF) } \end{array}$ |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Income from Govemmert Securtiks and Securities guaranteed by Govt | 220,650 | 212,374 |
| Income from Flxed Deposit of Commerdal Bank | 141,679,035 | 120,468,219 |
| Income from Fixed Deposit of Developmert. Bank | 28,082,019 | 27,924,956 |
| Income from Fxxed Deposit of Firancial Instustions | 2,891,209 | 2,303,740 |
| Dividend Incorme from the Shares of Public Compary | 738,783 | 683,623 |
| Miscel\|aneous Income | 2,183,610 | 7,505,495 |
| Income from Bank Deposit (Expect Fixed Deposit) | 3,753,669 | 4,096,681 |
| Total | 179,612,731 | 163,195,067 |


| Net Realised Gains and Losses |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6.4 \\ \text { Anount (NPR) } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | $2074 / 75$ |
| Property and Equipment |  |  |
| Pealised Gains | $(4,208)$ | 341,861 |
| Total net realised gaine and losses | $(4,208)$ | 341,861 |


| Other Operating Income |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6.5 \\ \text { Amount (NPA) } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Witten Back of Provision for Loss in Investments |  | 3,260,921 |
| Wetten Bank of Prowsion for Doubtiul Debt | 4,573,557 | 1,761,269 |
| Total Other Operating Income | 4,573,557 | 5,030,189 |


| Nst Benefits and Claims |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6.6 \\ \text { Anocm (NPF) } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| a. Gruss beneltts and clalms pald |  |  |
| Claim Lodged This Year | $(374,543,126)$ | (356,317,619) |
| Claim Lodged in Prior Years | $(387,464,803)$ | (269,837,510) |
| Total gross beneilts and ckalms pald | (762,007,929) | $(626,155,129)$ |
| b. Clams Ceded to Relnsurer | 322,189,319 | 218,256,290 |
| Net benefits and claims paid | $(439,818,610)$ | $(407,898,839)$ |


|  |  | 6.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Change in Insurance Contract Liabilities | Amount (NPR) |  |
| a. Change in Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Change in Insurance Contract Oustanding Caims Provision | (125,112,884) | $(190,035,524)$ |
| Change in Charged for Incurred But Not Reported (BNP) | $(9,804,336)$ | $(10,612,015)$ |
| Change In Unexplred Risk Reserve (JRR) Prowslon | ( $51,848,627$ ) | (87,507,085) |
| Total Change In Gross Insurance Contract Labilities | $(186,765,847)$ | $(288,154,624)$ |
| b. Change in Reinsurance Assets |  |  |
| Change In Relnsurance Asset created on Outstanding Calm Prowision | 114,200,217 | 143,366,563 |
| Change in Reinsurance Asset created on Unexpired Risk Reserve (URR) | 97,233,807 | 69,200,553 |
| Total Net Change in Insurance Contract Liabilidies | 211,434,024 | 212,567,116 |
| Not Change in Insurance Contract Liabilities | 24,688,177 | (75,587,507) |
| Other Operating and Administrative Expenses |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6.6 \\ \text { Amount (NPR) } \end{array}$ |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Employee Expenses (Note 6.8.1) | 137,786,784 | 121,963,321 |
| House Rerit | 12,217,576 | 8,300,202 |
| Eactricily and Watar | 1,877,278 | 1,719,704 |
| Repair and Maintenance |  |  |
| Bullding | 1,289,139 | 905,090 |
| Venicle | 258,508 | 291,988 |
| Office Equipment and Accessories | 583,282 | 331,043 |
| Others | 90,696 | 53,564 |
| Communication Expenses | 7,796,241 | 6,643,799 |
| Pririting and Stailonary | 5,790,928 | 4,206,754 |
| Non Capitalized Experses | - | 11,580 |
| Fual and Coryenance | 6,097,605 | 4,397,544 |
| Traveling Expenses (Including Allowance) |  |  |
| Domestc | 1,114,174 | 735,394 |
| Internatlonal | 207,128 | 489,542 |
| Agent Training | - | 23,000 |
| Insurance Expenses | 846,445 | 798,785 |
| Securty Expenses | 1,605,200 | 978,600 |
| Legal and Consultancy | 1,637,000 | 1,684,118 |
| Books and Periodicals | 139,161 | 119,101 |
| Advertisemert and Publicity | 2,423,018 | 2,567,771 |
| Business Promotion Expenses | 1,607,952 | 631,376 |
| Guest and Reffeschiment Expenses | 6,943,500 | 4,207,781 |
| Glits and Donations | 124,791 | 384,731 |
| Board Meeting Fees and Expenses |  |  |
| Board Meeting Fee | 686,000 | 844,500 |
| Board Meeting Expanses | 68,159 | 148,490 |
| Committee Meeting Fees and Expenses |  |  |
| Comrilitee Meeting Fees | 679,000 | 581,000 |
| Commitree Meeting Expenses | 444,003 | 491,702 |
| Annual General Mesting Expenses | 292,732 | 871,248 |
| Audit Related Fees |  |  |
| Audt Fees | 140,000 | 140,000 |
| Tax Audit Fees | 140,000 | 140,000 |
| LFAR Fees | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Intigrnal Audit Fees | 300,000 | 300,000 |
| Other Fees | 13,904 | 3,470 |
| Intrest | - | 308,105 |

## Lumbinl General Insurance Company Ltd.

| Bark Charge |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Membership and Renewal Cherges | 343,239 | 442,869 |
| Depreciation Expenses | 747,315 | $1,088,937$ |
| Stamp Tlicket | $11,121,996$ | $11,764,875$ |
| Other | 9,880 | 103,560 |
| Outsourcing Services- Contuact |  |  |
| Other Expenses | $14,073,850$ | $15,484,000$ |
| Foreign Currency Loss | $9,602,914$ | $15,191,781$ |
| Share Related Expenses | 71,017 | 379,434 |
| Total | $1,304,144$ | $1,471,215$ |


| Exployse Benefit Expenses |  | $\begin{gathered} 6.8 .1 \\ \text { Amount (NPR) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Salary and Alowance | 85,955,564 | 63,861,127 |
| Providerit Fund | 3,864,210 | 2,963,652 |
| Training Expenses | 1,397,774 | 1,380,547 |
| Insurance Expenses | 1,979,970 | 850,244 |
| Pension and Gratuly Expenses | 5,754,648 | 12,016,268 |
| Leave Encashment | 3,878,700 | 9,723,122 |
| Stantury Borus | 34,955,919 | 31,168,361 |
| Total | 137,788,784 | 121,983,321 |


Income Tax Expenses

| Particulars |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Income Tax | $\mathbf{2 0 7 5 / 7 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 7 4 / 7 5}$ |
| Deffered Tax Assets/Labillites | $112,107,755$ | $\mathbf{1 1 5 , 4 8 5 , 1 4 1}$ |
| Total | $(4,509,175)$ | $\mathbf{( 1 7 , 7 8 6 , 4 0 9 )}$ |

## Lumblni General Insurance Company Ltd.

| Dividend Pald and Proposed |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Paid During the year |  |  |
| Stock Dividend for 74/75 | - | - |
| Cash Dividend for 74/75 | - | - |
| Total Dividend Paid in the year | - | - |
| Proposed for approval at AGM |  |  |
| Stock Dividend | 85,800,000 | - |
| Cash Dividend | 4,290,000 | - |
| Total Proposed Dividend | 90,080,000 | - |
| Eaming Per Share (EPS) Amount (NPR) |  |  |
| Particulars | 2075/76 | 2074/75 |
| Proff altulbutable to ordinary equlty Holders | 207,004,688 | 207,292,260 |
| Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares | 8,800,000 | 8,475,000 |
| Basic EPS | 23.52 | 24.46 |
| Dllutad EPS | 23.52 | 24.46 |
| Welghted average number of shares for Restatemernt | - | 8,475,000 |
| Basic EPS restated |  | 24.46 |

## Diaclosures and Additional Information

### 7.1. Risk Management

### 7.1.1. Insurance Riak

The principal risk the Company faces under insurance contracts is that the actual claims and benefit payments or the timing thereof, may differ from expectations. This is influenced by the frequency of clairns, severity of clairns and actual benefits paid. Therefore, the objective of the Company is to ensure that sufficient reserves are available to cover these liabilities.
The risk exposure is mitigated by diversification across a large portfolio of insurance contracts and geographical areas. The variability of risks is also improved by careful selection and implementation of underwriting strategy guidelines, as well as the use of reinsurance arrangements.
The Company Principally issues the following type of contracts: Fire Policies, Marine Policies, Motor Policies, Engineering Polcies, Micro Policies, Miscellaneous Policies and Aviation Policies. Alisks under non life insurance contracts usually cover twelve month duration. The most significant risk arise for non life insurance contract due to increase in accident rates, climate changes, natural disasters and terrorist activities.
The above risk exposure is mitigated by diversification across a large portfolio of insurance contracts and geographical areas. The variability of risks is improved by careful selection and implementation of underwriting strategies, which are designed to ensure that risks are diversified in terms of type of risk and level of insured benefits. This is largely achieved through diversification across industry sectors and geography. Furthermore, strict claim review policies to assess all new and ongoing claims, regular detailed review of claims handling procedures and frequent investigation of possible fraudulent claims are established to reduce the risk exposure of the Company.
The Company also enters into reinsurance arrangement according to its Reinsurance Policy. Generally, $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ of the insurance policies are reinsured as a part of the policy. Although the Company has reinsurance arrangements, it is not relieved of its direct obligations to its policyholders and thus a credit exposure exists with respect to ceded insurance, to the extent that any reinsurer is unable to meet its obligations assumed under such reinsurance agreements.

| Paricularg | Amount (NPR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Outstanding Clams | IBNH | Reinsurance of Llabllities | Net |
| Fire | 76,636,544 | 4,404,511.00 | 70,690,927 | 10,350,128 |
| Maine | 11,828,265 | 1,191,725.00 | 9,508,481 | 3,511,509 |
| Molor | 269,956,272 | 93,180,657.00 | 99,898,840 | 263,238,089 |
| Englineering | 108,919,598 | 921,570.00 | 106,864,825 | 2,976,344 |
| Agraulure | 12,943,525 | 1,529,072.00 | 10,610,510 | 3,862,087 |
| Micro Insurance | - | - | - | - |
| Miscollaneous | 57,984,721 | 2,046,763.00 | 51,461,953 | 8,569,531 |
|  | 538,268,924 | 103,274,298 | 349,035,536 | 292,507,686 |

### 7.1.2 Financial Riak

The primary source of financial risk to an insurer arises from its investment exposures and investment activities. Thus, the investment portfolios maintain a prudent approach in its investment strategy and investment exposures to ensure that investment returns are optimised on a risk adjusted basis and to ensure the Company operates within its defined risk appetite.

## I Crodit Risk

Credit risk refers to a risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Thus, for an insurance contract, credit risk includes the risk that an insurer incurs a financial loss because a reinsurer defaults on its obligations under the reinsurance contract The following policies and procedures are in place to mitigate the Group's exposure to credit risk:
a) The Company does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single couterparty or any group of counterparties.
b) Reinsurance is placed with counterparties that have a good credit rating and concentration of risk is avoided by entering into agreement with more than one party. At each reporting date, management performs an assessment of creditworthiness of reinsurers and updates the reinsurance purchase strategy, ascertaining suitable allowance for impairment.
c) The company deals with only creditworthy counterparties and obtains sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

| Amount (NPR) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial investments at amortized cost | Neither past due nor impaired | Past due less 90 Days | Past 91 to $180 \mathrm{Dajas}^{2}$ | Past due and impaired | Carrying Amount |
| Fixed deposits | 1,750,200,000 | - | - | - | 1,750,200,000 |
| Govermment Bonds | 13,780,619 | - | - | - | 13,780,619 |
| Loans to employees | 11,928,002 | - | - | - | 11,928,002 |
| Recelvables from Re-Insurers | 225,441,787 | - | - | - | 225,441,787 |
| Depostis | 24,525,496 | - | - | - | 24,525,496 |
| Sundry Debtors | 26,929,156 | - | - | - | 26,929,156 |
| Total | 2,052,805,059 | - | - | - | 2,052,805,059 |

## II Llquidilty Risk

The risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Liquidity adequacy is a measure or assessment of the ability of a company to meet payment obligations in a full and timely manner within a defined time horizon. It is a function of its sources of liquidity relative to its liquidity needs. Liquidity sources can be internal and external, available immediately or within the defined time horizon, and includes all funds, assets and arrangements that allow an insurer to meet its liquidity needs. Liquidity needs include all current and expected payment obligations within the defined time horizon.
The following table depicts the maturity profile of the investment portfolio on a discounted cash flow basis which is designed and managed to meet the required level of liquidity as and when liquidity outgo arises taking into consideration the time horizon of the financial liabilities of the business.

| As at 16 July, 2019 |  |  |  | Amount (NPA)Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Less than 1 Years | 1 to 3 Years | More than 3 years |  |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Firancial Investments at FVTOCl | - | - | 191,898,314 | 191,898,314 |
| Financial Invegiments at amortizad cosi | 1,757,236,744 | 6,500,000 | 1,763,736,744 |  |
| Reinsurance assets | 717,224,147 | - | - | 717,224,147 |
| Other Ananclal assets at amortzed cost | 7,551,702 | - | - | 7,551,702 |
| Cash and cash equivalerts | 339,180,457 | $\div$ | - | 339,180,457 |
|  | 2,821,193,050 | - | 198,398,314 | 3,019,591,364 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Llabilites |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance contrect labillites | 1,360,218,520 | - | - | 1,360,218,520 |
| Other Financial liabilities at amorized cost | 253,864,086 | - | - | 253,864,068 |
| Other liabillitieg | 113,466,312 | - | 52,487,226 | 165,953,538 |
| Provisions |  | - | 579,047 | 579,047 |
|  | 1,727,548,888 | - | 53,066,273 | 1,780,615,171 |
| Net Asset/(liabilities) | 1,093,644,152 | \% | 145,332,040 | 1,238,976,193 |



## III Markat Riak

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: foreign exchange rates (currency risk), market interest rates (interest rate risk) and market prices (price risk).

## a) Currency Rlak

Foreign exchange risk is the potential for the Company to experience volatility in the value of its assets, liabilities and solvency and to suffer actual financial losses as a result of changes in value between the currencies of its assets and liabilities and its reporting currency. The Company does not maintain foreign currency denominated assets in its investment portfolios and as such is not exposed to foreign exchange risk related to investments.
The Company has no significant concentration of currency risk. The amount with reinsurer is settled in Nepali Rupee.

## b) Interast Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.
The major interest rate risk that the Company is exposed to is the discount rate for determining insurance liabilities.

## c) Equily Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in equity prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or by factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.
The Company's equity price risk exposure relates to financial investment held at FVTOCl , whose values fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

| Market indices | \%age change | Impact on Other <br> Comprehensive Income | Impact on equity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEPSE | $5 \%$ | 990,620 | 990,620 |
| NEPSE | $-5 \%$ | $(1,415,171)$ | $(1,415,171)$ |

Note: Due to lack of information on Beta (correlation ) of NEPSE with the securtites, it has been considered 1.

### 7.2 Llabillity Adequacy Test

"NFRS 4 requires the insurance company to determine their business liabilities using the actuaries.
A Liability Adequacy Test (LAT) was performed by an independent actuary as at 31st Ashad 2076, required by NFRS 4 -Insurance Contracts in order to assess the adequacy of the carrying amount of the provision for unexpired risk. The valuation is based on internationally accepted actuarial methods.
At each reporting date, the Compeny reviews its unexpired risk and a liability adequacy test is performed to determine whether there is any overall excess of expected claims and deferred acquisition costs over unearned premiums. The calculation uses current estimates of future contractual cash flows after taking account of the investment return expected to arise on assets relating to the relevant non-life insurance technical provisions. If these estimates show that the carrying amount of the unearned premiums is inadequate, the deficiency is recognized in the statement of profit or loss by setting up a provision for liability adequacy.
Following are the assumption used by actuaries for the calculation of liabilities of the company as required by NFRS 4

### 7.2.1 The Accauniling Pollcy for Llablility Testling Including the Frequency and Nature of Testing.

"NFRS 4 Accounting Policy document is a policy framework which specifies the fundamental approach of the company to implementation of the NFRS 4 in the background of regulatory specifications (of Bima Samiti) for estimation of various liability provisions.
The FY 2018-19 being the first year of application of NFRS 4, it is expected that this Accounting Policy docurnent shall undergo changes so as to capture directions of the Bima Samiti including experience of the Company as the business develops.

### 7.2.2 The Cash-Flows Considered.

'Cash Flows considered and estimation are as follows:
Income side:
Premium
Reinsurance claims
Reinsurance commission

## Outflow side:

Claims
Reinsurance premium
Commission for intermediation

## Expenses

The current liability estimates are not based on present value of future cash flows, the portfolio size being very small. Alternatives methods have been applied"

### 7.2.3 Valuation Methode and Aseumptions

For all one-year policies, except for Marine Cargo Open Cover Policies, the UPR is determined on $1 / 365$ th basis, assuming the risk is uniform over the policy year.
For shorter than one-year Marine Cargo Policies, UPR is determined:
i. Using straight-line method over the policy term; or
ii. In the absence of date required for (i) above, using the last three months' premium for the relevant period of Implementing Regulations.

### 72.4 The Discounting Pollcy.

No discounting has been used. The estimates of liability amount for non-life insurance contracts are always carried out on non-discount basis for 1) liability terms being short and 11) the Pricing (determination of premium) is on non-discount basis.

### 7.2.5 Aggregation Practises.

## Principles of Aggregation

"when applying an existing accounting policy, the aggregation practice follows that practice already established in that policy. When using an NAS 37 measure of the future cash flows, the test "shall be made at the level of a portfolio of contracts that are subject to broadly similar risks and managed together as a single portfolio."
The portfolio of insurance contracts as at the reporting date is very small, hence no aggregation has been considered.

### 7.2.1 Lisbillity Aclequacy Fieport Reault

Amount (NPR)

| Portiolios | Net Unexpired Risk Reserve |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2018 | 2019 |
| Fire/Property | 35,186,272 | 32,624,222 |
| Marine | 2,489,336 | 3,611,614 |
| Mator | 338,591,880 | 255,312,183 |
| Engineering | 2,433,636 | 4,882,456 |
| Agrialture | 6,920,174 | 8,476,436 |
| Mico Insurance | - | 362,178 |
| Miscellaneous | 10,250,570 | 45,417,598 |
| Total | 395,871,868 | 350,488,687 |
|  |  |  |
| Portiollos | Incurred but nor Reportad |  |
|  | 2018 | 2019 |
| Fre/Property | 6,179,529 | 4,404,511 |
| Marine | 412,048 | 1,191,725 |
| Motor | 81,928,854 | 93,180,657 |
| Engineering | 483,153 | 921,570 |
| Agrlalture | 1,073,390 | 1,529,072 |
| Micro Insurance | - | - |
| Miscellaneous | 1,958,583 | 2,048,763 |
| Total | 92,035,557 | 103,274,298 |
|  |  |  |
| Portiollos | Outstanding Claim as per LAT |  |
|  | 2018 | 2019 |
| Fire/Property | 19,558,062 | 76,636,544 |
| Marine | 16,820,447 | 11,828,265 |
| Motar | 251,760,195 | 269,956,272 |
| Englneering | 89,829,411 | 108,919,598 |
| Agrialture | 3,294,909 | 12,943,525 |
| Micro Insurance | - | - |
| Miscellaneous | 48,212,088 | 57,984,721 |
| Total | 429,475,112 | 538,268,924 |

7.3 Capltal Managamant

### 7.3 Capttal Management

The focus of capital management is to maintain a strong capital base to support the business and business growth, and to satisfy regulatory capital requirements at all times.
In view of this the Company has established the following objectives, policies and approach;
a) To maintain the required solvency level and to pay out its' liabilities on time
b) To allocate capital efficiently and support the growth of the business by ensuring that returns on capital employed meets the requirements of business
c) To maintain financial strength to support new business growth and to satisfy the requirements of the insured, regulators and stakeholders.

### 7.3.1 Regulatory Minimum Paid Up Capital

Non-Life insurance companies were required by the Monetary Policy 2015/16 to attain a stipulated minimum paid up cepital of NPR 1 billion by mid-July 2018. As on the reporting date, the company's paid up capital is NPR 88 Million against the stipulated requirement. Company has issued $20 \%$ right share to fulfilled the capital requirement.

### 7.3.2 Solvency Margin

The Company has Solvency Margin Ratio of 1.30 (Previous Year 1.4) computed in accordance with Solvency Margin Directive, 2070.

### 7.4 Employee Banefit

Amount (NPR)

|  | 31/03/2076 |  | 31/03/2075 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Farticilars | Grashity Luwility | Acculnuiving Puld | Gtamity Libuty | Actumulating Pald |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Cumentservice most | 4,224,736 | 3,969,977 | 1,805,583 | 9,723,122 |
| Net liturest cost | 1,529,912 | 1,137,533 | 682,566 |  |
| Expected Reumio on Pan Assects |  |  |  |  |
| Past Servica Cost | - | - | 9,428,119 |  |
| Expenses recognizad in the Puotit Loss At | 5,754,648 | 5,107,510 | 12,096,266 | 9,723,122 |
| Experses Reconized In Other Comprehersive Income (0C) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Acturial (Gains)/ Losses on Obigation | 2,540,077 | (1,228,810) | 4,043,144 | - |
| Actural (Mains)/ Lossse on Pan Assets | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2,540,077 | (1,228,810) | 4,043,144 | - |
| Change in Preent Value Obligetions |  |  |  |  |
| Opening Net Libility | 25,498,541 | 18,485,508 | 11,376,099 | 12,505,763 |
| Experises recognisad in SoPL | 5,754,648 | 5,107,510 | 12,016,268 | 9,723,122 |
| Expentses recogrised in 0 OI | 2,540,077 | (1,228,810) | 4,043,144 |  |
| Benefit padd dlectiy by Employer | (405,531) | (3,264,715) | (1,936,970) | (3,743,378) |
| Acturial (Gain/ Loss |  |  |  |  |
| Limblity at the end of the year | 30,387,735 | 19,099,491 | 25,48, 541 | 18,485,506 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Change in Fair kilue of Plan Assts |  |  |  |  |
| FVof Plan Assetat Bednning of the Year |  | 12,517,625 |  |  |
| htrest licome | 272,779 |  |  |  |
| Expected Rotum on Pan Assols |  |  |  |  |
| Corruturion by Empleyar | 10,067,936 |  |  |  |
| Benentif pad | (975,303) | (241,500) |  |  |
| Acturala (Eann) Loss on Plan Assets | 464,878 | 652,504 |  |  |
| Fair value of Phen Asset it End of the Har | 9,830,290 | 12,928,629 | - |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount Resognteed in SOP |  |  |  |  |
| Present Yalue of Oblogilors at Yex End | 33,387,735 | 19,099,491 | 25,498,541 | 18,485,506 |
| Fair Value of Pan Assets ait Year End | 9,830,290 | 12,928,629 | - | - |
| Untunded Statur | [22,557,40] | (8,170,882) | (25,483,541) | (18,485,508) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Netuaral Assumptons |  |  |  |  |
| Fate of Discourting | 6.5\% | 6.5\% | 6.5\% | 6.5\% |
| Fatit of Salay lingese | 5\% | 5\% | 5\% | 5\% |
| Rata of Employee Tuntover | 11\% | 11\% | 11\% | 11\% |
| Retienerna lage (emmaing working lives in years) |  |  |  |  |

(1)" ${ }^{2}$ manaman

### 7.5 Related Parties

The Company identifies the following as the related parties under the requirements of NAS 24.
Amourt (NPR)

| Name | Relationshlp | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manohar Das Mool | Chaiman |  |
| Bishwo Paj Regri, Directir | Key Manegernert Personnel |  |
| Arun Raj Shrestha, Director | Kay Management. Personnal |  |
| Ganesh Ral Regrn, Director | Key Managernert Personnel |  |
| Kamal Bhattaral, Director | Key Managernert Personnel |  |
| Mashur Lal Sinnya, Director | Key Manegernert Personnel |  |
| Dr. Anil Rej Bhattrai, Director | Kgy Manegernent. Personnel |  |
| Noor Prakash Pradhan, CEO | Key Managernert Personnel |  |

7.5.1 Board Member Allowances and Facillitias

The Board of Directors have been paid meeting fees of NPR 6,86,000 during the fiscal year. There were 26 Board Meetings conducted during the fiscal year. Audit Committee and other committees were paid meeting allowace of NPR 679,000 during the year.

### 7.5.2 Transactions with Related Parties

Compensation to Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

| S No. | Partcular | Short Term Employee Benetts | Post Employee Benefls |  | Othor Long-term Benefts | Termination Benefits | Share Based Payment (f any) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Grauity | Leave Encashrnent |  |  |  |
| 1 | Noor Prakash Predhan | 5,639,138 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Total | 5,639,138 | - | - | - | - | - |

Other than above, vehicle facility and mobile phone expenses have been reimbused by the Company.

### 7.6 Detalis of Investment In Listad Sharas (Measured at FVTOCI)

| Particulars | 2075/2076 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net Amourt | Face Value | Cost | Falr Value | GalmLoss |
| Nepal Investrient Bank Limititd ( 8,517 shares) | 5,118,717,00 | 5,118,717,00 | 5,118,717.00 | 4,420,323.00 | (698,394.00) |
| Nepal livestment Bank Lirmited ( 5354 Bonus shares) |  |  |  | 2,778,726.00 | 2,778,726.00 |
| Jababidyut Lagani tattra Bikas Co. Ltul. (HIDCL) ( 5,793 shares) | 579,300,00 | 579,300,00 | 579,300.00 | 932,673.00 | 353,373.00 |
| Jalablkyut Laganl tatita Blikas Co. Ltod. (HIDCL) (579 Bonus shares) |  |  |  | 93,219.00 | 93,219.00 |
| Mero Micro Finance Biltyy Sanstha Limited ( 41 sharss) | 4,100.00 | 4,100.00 | 4,100.00 | 21,812.00 | 17,712.00 |
| Mero Mcro Fnance Blitya Sanstha Umilted (26 bonus shares) |  |  |  | 13,632.00 | 13,632.00 |
| Mero Micro Finance Bittya Sanstha Limited (68 Right shares) | 6,800,00 | 6,B00,00 | 6,800.00 | 36,176.00 | 29,376.00 |
| National Mlero Flnance Blitya Sanstha (19 shares) | 1,900.00 | 1,900.00 | 1,900.00 | 28,120.00 | 26,220.00 |
| Netional Micro Finance Bitiya Sanstha (10 shares) |  |  |  | 14,800.00 | 14,800.00 |
| Green Development Bank (105 shares) | 10,500,00 | 10,500,00 | 10,500.00 | 12,075.00 | 1,575.00 |
| Green Development Bark (420 shares) | 42,000.00 | 42,000,00 | 42,000.00 | 48,300.00 | 6,300.00 |
| Suryadaya Laghu Bitifya Sanstha (10 shares) | 1,000,00 | 1,000,00 | 1,000.00 | 7,930.00 | 6,930,00 |
| Suryadaya Laghu Bittiya Sanstha (7 Rlght shares) | 700.00 | 700.00 | 700.00 | 5,551.00 | 4,851.00 |
| Suryadaya Laghu Bittiya Sanstia (9 Bonus shares) | . | . | - | 7,137.00 | 7,137.00 |
| RSDC Laghu Bittya Sanstha (10 shares) | 1,000.00 | 1,000,00 | 1,000.00 | 3,430.00 | 2,430.00 |
| RSDC Laghu Bitija Sanstha (16 bonus sharas) |  | . | - | 5,488.00 | 5,488.00 |
| RSDC Laghu Bittya Sanstha (64 Right shares) | 6,400.00 | 6,400,00 | 6,400.00 | 21,952.00 | 15,552.00 |
| Aun Kabeli Power Compary (295 shares) | 29,500,00 | 29,500,00 | 29,500.00 | 55,460.00 | 25,960.00 |
| Synery Power Development Compary (816 shares) | 81,600,00 | 61,600,00 | 61,600.00 | 55,440.00 | (6,180.00) |
| Nepal Life Insurance Company (1,741 shares) | 2,480,925,00 | 2,480,825,00 | 2,480,825.00 | 1,568,641.00 | (912,284.00) |
| Nepal Lite Insurance Company (2121 bonus shares) | . | . | - | 1,911,021.00 | 1,911,021,00 |
| Standard Chartered Bank (1630 shares) | 2,102,700,00 | 2,102,700,00 | 2,102,700.00 | 1,111,660.00 | (991,040.00) |
| Standard Chatered Bank (1630 Bonus shares) | . | . | - | 1,111,660.00 | 1,111,660,00 |
| Butwal Power Company Lid. (20,000 shares) | 10,020,000,00 | 10,020,000,00 | 10,020,000.00 | B,180,000.00 | (1,840,000.00) |
| Butwal Power Company Lid. ( 20,00 shares) | . | . | . | 818,000.00 | 818,000,00 |
| Neapl Bank L tod ( 15,000 shares) | 4,200,000,00 | 4,200,000,00 | 4,200,000.00 | 5,040,000,00 | 840,000.00 |
| Total | 24,687,142.00 | 24,667,142.00 | 24,687,142.00 | 28,303,426.00 | 3,636,284.00 |

7.7 Segment Reporting

Profit and Loss of Business Segments for Fiscal Year 2075-076

| Paticulars | Fifo | Matina | Motur | Enpineeiny | Agriatius | Miceo lnumares | Miscalmacus | Profitalose | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Goss premiums | 215,871,896 | 37,663,807 | 737,815,991 | 142,574,233 | 77,019,060 | 362,178 | 149,070,735 | - | 1,360,377,901 |
| Premums ceded to renssurers | ( $149,479,836$ ) | (29,999,057) | (244,342,065) | (133,790,985) | (61,783,580) | - | ( $82,225,490$ ) | - | (701,621,113) |
| Net premiums | 66,391,961 | 7,664,750 | 483,473,926 | 8,783,248 | 15,235,480 | 362,178 | 66,845,246 | - | 658,756,789 |
| Fees and commission income | 41,155,609 | 11,496,317 | 69,539,491 | 23,395,231 | 10,830,606 | - | 34,414,372 | - | 190,831,626 |
| hwestinent icame | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 179,612,731 | 179,612,731 |
| Net realised gains and losses | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(4,208)$ | $(4,208)$ |
| Far value galns and losses | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other operating income | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,573,557 | 4,573,557 |
| Other revenue | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |
| Total revenue | 107,547,570 | 19,161,067 | 563,013,418 | 32,178,479 | 26,066,085 | 362,178 | 101,259,618 | 184,182,080 | 1,033,770,495 |
| Gross benefits and claims paid | (34,709,467) | (23,868,032) | ( $538,582,839$ ) | (68,542,857) | (63,505,297) | (289,205) | $(32,510,231)$ | - | (762,007,929) |
| Calms ceded to rensures | 31,326,943 | 18,938,513 | 138,351,900 | 65,917,539 | 50,804,238 | - | 16,850,186 | - | 322,189,319 |
| Net benefitit and ctaims | $(3,382,524)$ | $(4,929,519)$ | (400,230,939) | (2,625,318) | $(12,701,059)$ | (289,205) | (15,660,045) | - | (439,818,610) |
| Net Change in Insurance Corrtect Lemilies | 1,430,908 | $(1,390,311)$ | 70,637,991 | (2,039,548) | $(3,652,531)$ | $(362,178)$ | (39,556,093) | - | 24,668,177 |
| Other cperaing and administrative expenses | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (230,494,556) | $(230,494,556)$ |
| Other expenses | (6,050,257) | (960,294) | (13,754,115) | (6,139,180) | $(11,368,958)$ | $(100,349)$ | $(4,300,630)$ | - | (42,764,782) |
| Rrovisons | - | - |  |  | - | - | - | (30,757,455) | (30,757,455) |
| Total benefits, clains and other expenses | (8,001,873) | (7,280,124) | $(343,347,123)$ | $(10,804,048)$ | (27,723,548) | (751,733) | ( $60,006,789)$ | $(281,252,011)$ | (719,187,227) |
| Profit before chare of profit of an associate | 99,545,697 | 11,880,944 | 219,666,294 | 21,374,433 | $(1,857,483)$ | $(389,555)$ | 41,252,849 | $(7,069,931)$ | 314,603,267 |
| Share of profil of an associate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Profit betore tax | 89,545,697 | 11,880,944 | 219,666,294 | 21,374,433 | $(1,657,483)$ | (389,555) | 41,252,849 | (77,069,891) | 314,603,267 |

7.8 Contingent Llabilities and Commitments ( to the extont not provided for)
i) The Company does not have any capital commitment or investment commitments
ii) The Company doesn't have any claimed lodged against it except for the claims related with insurance policies
iii) The Company hasn't provided guarantees of any type to other parties
7.8.1 Company has following legal casea pending with clalmants for review of claim assassad by the company which are booked as Clalm outstandiling.

| Party | Amourt (NPP) |
| :--- | ---: |
| Khajurico Nepal PYt Ltt. | 900,000 |
| Agricaltural Development Bank Ltd. | $40,250,000$ |
| The Sanjen Jalsydlhyut Company Ltd | $10,000,000$ |
| Pasupatl Constuction | 100,000 |
| Tutal | $\mathbf{5 1 , 2 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

### 8.1 Signifleant Changes from the Policies Adopted In the Past

Significant changes from the accounting policies adopted under previous GAAP (erstwhile Nepal Accounting Standards and directives issued by Insurance Board of Nepal) and the adoption of NFRS has been disclosed in the respective segments, including the impact. The detailed impact disclosure is given below.

B. 2 Reconciliation of Total Equity ass at 18 July 2019 and 18 July 2018

Amount (NPR)

| Particulars | As at 18 July 2019 | As at 18 July 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total equity (shareholders funds) under previous GAAP | 1,791,394,301 | 1,501,310,377 |
| NFRS AdJustments: |  |  |
| Unexplred Risk Reserve | (16,694,790) | $(16,097,994)$ |
| Deterral of Relnsurance Commission Income | $(72,716,269)$ | $(63,422,564)$ |
| Deferral of Agerit Commision | 17,209,758 | 17,627,451 |
| Deferral of Reinsurance Commission Expense | 165,902 | 204,799 |
| Lease Liability (NFAS) | $(886,345)$ | - |
| Unrealized Gair/ (Loss) on Irvestmert | 3,636,284 | 2,942,429 |
| Deferred Tax Adjustments | 43,772,389 | 37,800,527 |
| (Additional) Writeback of Employee Beneffi Provision | (1,733,085) | (2,170,796) |
| Reversel/ (Payment of Cash Dividend) | 4,290,000 | 6,315,789 |
| Reversal of Provison on Investmerit | 1,028,160 | 880,000 |
| Reversal of Provison on Doubtiul Debt | 15,353,724 | - |
| Additional IBNP provision | (74,889,290) | (65,084,954) |
| Total adjustment to equity | $(81,483,688)$ | $(81,005,438)$ |
| Total Equlty under NFRS | 1,710,108,270 | 1,420,304,940 |

8.3 Reconcillation of Proflt

Amount (NPR)

| Particulars | Year ended 16 July 2018 | Year ended 16 July 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit as per previous GAAP | 204,144,792 | 239,789,889 |
| Adjustments under NFPS |  |  |
| Ungxpired Risk Reserve | $(596,796)$ | $(14,048,437)$ |
| Deterral of Reirsurance Commission Income | (9,293,705) | $(20,276,748)$ |
| Deferral of Agerit Commison | $(417,693)$ | 2,408,889 |
| Deferral of Reinsurance Commission Experse | $(38,897)$ | 83,784 |
| Lease Liability (NFAS) | (886,345) |  |
| Deferred Tax Adjusiments | 5,417,995 | 11,733,323 |
| (Addilional) Writehack of Employee Beneft Provision | 2,977,788 | 3,333,480 |
| Reversal of Provision wite back for Invesiment | ( 880,000 ) |  |
| Reversel of Provison on Irvestmerit | 1,028,160 | 880,000 |
| Reversal of Provison on Doubtiul Debt | 15,353,724 |  |
| Additional IBNR provsion | (9,804,336) | (10,612,015) |
| Total Adjuatment to proilt or loss | 2,859,896 | $(26,497,625)$ |
| Profit or loss under NFRS | 207,004,688 | 207,292,280 |
| Other Comprehersive Income | (1,292,355) | (6,030,252) |
| Total Comprehenslve Income under NFPS | 205,712,332 | 201,262,008 |

### 8.4 Reconciliation of Statement of Financial Positions

### 8.4.1 Reconcillistion of Statement of Financial Positions Reported as et 16 July, 2019

|  |  |  |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Explanatory Notes | Re-classified GAAP | Adjustments | NFPS |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Property, Plant and Equipment |  | 123,161,543 |  | 123,161,543 |
| Deferred Tax Assots | a | 10,507,621 | 43,772,389 | 54,280,210 |
| Financial Assets measured at Amortized Cost |  | 1,763,736,744 | - | 1,763,736,744 |
| Financlal Investmerts at PVTOC\| | b | 188,262,031 | 3,636,284 | 191,898,315 |
| Deferred Expenses | c | - | 17,375,660 | 17,375,660 |
| Other Assets |  | 100,619,745 |  | 100,619,745 |
| Reinsuranca Assets | d |  | 717,224,147 | 717,224,147 |
| Relnsurance Recelvables |  | 225,441,787 |  | 225,441,787 |
| Income Tax Recelvable |  | 41,119,038 | - | 41,119,038 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalent |  | 339,180,457 | - | 339,180,457 |
| Total Assots |  | 2,792,029,185 | 782,008,480 | 3,574,037,645 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Equily |  |  |  |  |
| Share Capital |  | 880,000,000 |  | 880,000,000 |
| Call In Advance |  | 84,091,000 |  | 84,091,000 |
| Shara Premium |  | 30,842,451 |  | 30,842,451 |
| Insurance Fund |  | 542,412,469 |  | 542,412,469 |
| Catastrophe Peserve |  | 49,930,858 |  | 49,930,858 |
| Revained Eamings |  | 192,102,880 | (122,469,190) | 69,633,690 |
| Other Reserves |  | 12,192,300 | 41,005,502 | 53,197,802 |
| Total Ordinary Shareholders Equlty |  | 1,791,571,958 | $(81,463,688)$ | 1,710,108,270 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance Contract Liabilities | e | 551,410,185 | 808,808,355 | 1,360,218,520 |
| Employee Benefit Obligation | $f$ | 103,279,053 | 1,733,085 | 105,012,137 |
| Deferred Revenue | $g$ |  | 72,716,269 | 72,716,269 |
| Relnsurance Payables |  | 253,864,066 |  | 253,864,066 |
| Other Payables |  | 70,652,991 | 886,345 | 71,539,336 |
| Other Provisions | h | 21,250,931 | $(20,671,884)$ | 579,047 |
| Total Llablilties |  | 1,000,457,206 | 863,472,169 | 1,863,929,375 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Ordinary Shareholders Equlty and Llabillites. |  | 2,792,028,164 | 782,008,481 | 3,574,037,645 |


B. 5 Reconciliation of Statement of Profit or Lass Accoum

### 8.5.1 Reconelliation of Proffi and Loss for the year ended 16 July, 2019

|  |  |  |  | Amount (NPR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Explanatory Notes | GAAP | AdJustments | NFRS |
| Gross Premlum |  | 1,360,377,901 |  | 1,360,377,901 |
| Premlum Ceded to Relnsurers |  | (701,621,113) |  | (701,621,113) |
| Net Premium |  | 658,756,789 | - | 658,756,789 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Fees and Commission Income | $g$ | 200,125,330 | $(9,293,705)$ | 190,831,626 |
| Investunert Income |  | 179,612,731 |  | 179,612,731 |
| Net Realised Gains and Losses |  | $(4,208)$ |  | $(4,208)$ |
| Other Operating Income |  | 5,453,557 | (880,000) | 4,573,557 |
| Total Revenue |  | 1,043,944,199 | $(10,173,705)$ | 1,033,770,494 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Goss Beneftls and Claims Pald |  | (762,007,929) |  | (762,007,929) |
| Claims Ceded to Reinsurers |  | 322,189,319 |  | 322,189,319 |
| Net Benefita and Claims |  | (439,818,610) | - | $(439,818,610)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Change in Insuranco Contract Labllites | e | 35,069,310 | $(10,401,133)$ | 24,668,177 |
| Other Operating and Administratve Expenses | f | (232,586,000) | 2,091,444 | (230,494,556) |
| Other Expenses | c | $(42,308,192)$ | $(456,590)$ | $(42,784,782)$ |
| Ptovisions |  | $(47,139,339)$ | 16,381,884 | $(30,757,455)$ |
| Total Benentis, Claims and Other Expenses |  | (726,782,832) | 7,615,605 | (719,167,227) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Profit Before Tax |  | 317,161,367 |  | 314,603,287 |
| Income Tax Expenses | a | $(113,016,575)$ | 5,417,995 | $(107,598,580)$ |
| Profit for the Year |  | 204,144,792 | 2,859,895 | 207,004,687 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Comprehensive Income |  |  |  |  |
| Net Gain on Revaluation of Financial Assets at Fair Value |  |  | 693,855 | 693,855 |
| Actuarial Gains(Losses) on Defined Benefit Plan |  |  | $(2,540,077)$ | (2,540,077) |
| Income Tax relating to above items |  |  | 553,867 | 553,867 |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year |  | 204,144,792 | 1,567,540 | 205,712,332 |

### 8.6 Reconciliation of Statement Cash Flow for the year ended 18 July 2019

Amount (NPR)

| Particulars | For the Year Ended 16 July 2019 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Previnus GAAP | Elect of transition to NFPS | Anourtit as per NFRS |
| Net Cash Fows from Operating Activities | 48,237,923 | 173,808,347 | 222,046,270 |
| Net Cash Fows from Investing Activites | (130,769,099) | (33,018,865) | (163,787,965) |
| Net Cash Fows from Fnandng Activties | 84,091,000 | - | 84,091,000 |
| Net increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalent | 1,559,824 | 140,789,482 | 142,349,305 |
| Cash and Cash equivalents at the begirning of the pariod | 33,159,952 | 163,671,201 | 196,831,152 |
| Cash and Cash equlyalents at the end of the period | 34,718,776 | 304,460,683 | 338,180,457 |

## Notes on Cash Flow Statement

There is no any cash inflow due to NFRS. However, major adjustments are observed mainly due to reclassification of call deposits from investment in Local GAAP to cash and cash equivalent in NFRS financials. Also, Interest Income and other realized gain on disposal of assets is Classified as operating Income in case of NFRS causing the difference in classification.

## Explanatory Nofes:

a) Deffered tax assets and Liabilities are created on all the adjustments made for converging the financials into NFRS Compliant.
b) FVTOCl are valued at the fair value (Mark to Market) as on Asadh End and the unrealized gain is also routed through OCl
c) Under Previous GAAP, agent commission expenses and Reinsurance commission expense were accounted on cash basis. Under NFRS, these expenses are reported on accrual basis in proportion to the policy period using 1/365th Method
d) Under previous GAAP, reinsurance assets related to Unexpired Risk reserve and Outstanding Claims were presented on Net Basis by setting off against respective assets. Under NFRS, these assets are presented in Gross Basis.
e) Insurance Contract Liabilities under previous GAAP were presented on Net basis. Under NFRS it is presented in Gross basis by separately disclosing Provisions for Outstanding Claims, IENR and Unexpired Risk Reserve
f) Acturial Valuation of Employee Benefits (Leave Encashment and Gratuity) has been done under NFRS. Previously, it was calculated as per the methods prescribed in its' employee byelaws
g) Under Previous GAAP, Reinsurance Commission Income was accounted on cash basis. Under NFRS, reinsurance income are reported on accrual basis in proportion to the policy period using 1/365th Method
h) Under previous GAAP, bonus share and cash dividend were charged to retained earning for the year which it has been declared. Under NFRS, provision for cash dividend and Bonus Shares has been reversed and disclosed in notes only and charged in the year on which it has been passed by AGM

# S．R．PANDEY \＆Co． <br> Chartered Accountants 

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Kathmandu，Nepal

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## बीमा समितिको निर्देशन अनुसार तथार गरिएको लुम्बिनी जनरल द्न्स्योरेन्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको <br> वित्तीय विवरण उपर स्वतन्त्र लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन

मन्तव्य
हारीले लुम्बिनी जनरल इन्स्योरेन्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको ।यस पधि＂कम्पनी＂भरनिएको। कों यसै साथ सलग्न २०ज्ध अपाढ ₹१（ई स जुलाईं १६，२०१९，मितिको वासलात，सो मितिता समाप्त मएको आर्थिक वर्पको नाफा नोक्सान हिसाब， नाफा नोक्सान बाँढफाँड हिसाव，नगाद प्रवाह विवरण，इक्युटीमा भएको परिवर्तन र प्रमुख लेख्रा नीतहरु तया लेब्रा सम्बन्धी टिप्पणीहर（वयस पछि समग्रमा वित्तीय विवरणहरु र्मनिएको）को लेख्रापरीक्षण सम्पन्न गरेका छौ⿺⿻⿻一㇂㇒丶刂口刂土।

हामो रायमा र हामीले पाएएको अधिकत्त् जानकारी तथा हार्मीलाई दिईएको स्पष्टीकरणहरू बमोजिम माधि उल्लेखित वित्तीय विवरणहरुले सारभूत रुपमा कम्पनीको मिति २०जध अणाढ ₹१ को वित्तीय अबस्था तथा सो मितिमा अन्त्य भएको आर्थिक वर्षको नाफा नोक्सान हिसाव，नाफा नोक्सान बाँडफांड हिसाब，नगद प्रवाह विवरण，इक्युटीमा भएको परिवर्तन र प्रमुख्ख लेखा नीतिकरु तथा लेखा सम्बन्धा टिप्पणीहरु प्रचलित कननुनका अधिनमा रही कम्पनी एंन २०६३，बिमा ऐन २०४९ र बिमा सर्मतिको निर्देशका अनूरुप यथार्य चित्रण गर्दछ्，

सन्तव्यको आधार
हामीले हामो लेखापरीक्षण नेपाल लेख्खापरीक्षणमान बमोजिम सम्पन्न गरेका औ। ती मान बमोजिम हामो जिम्मेवारी यसै प्रतिबेदनको＂बित्तीय विवरणको लेख्यापरीक्षणमा लेखापरीक्षकको उत्तरदायित्व＂शीर्पक अन्तर्गत थक व्याख्या गरिएको छ। नेपाल चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्दस संस्थाद्वारा जारी गरेको＂$द$ हयाण्ड युक अफ द कोड अफ इथिक्स् फोर प्रोफेसनल एकाउन्टेन्टस （The Hăndbook of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants）बमोंजिम हामी कम्पनीसगाँ स्वतन्त्र हौँ र हामीले सो हयाण्डबुक बमोजिमकों अन्य नैतिक दायित्वको पालना गरंका ही। हामों लेखापरीक्षण प्रमापले हामो मन्तव्यलाइं पयांप्त आधार प़द्दान गर्न कुरामा हार्मी विश्वस्त छौं।

## विषय जपर जोह－लेखाहनको आयार

हामी वित्तीय विवरण संग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेख्रा नीतिहरुको बुदाको $q$ न．मा उल्लेखित लेखाशनकों आधारमा व्याब्या गरिएको बुंदाहरुमा ध्यानाकृष्ट गराउछ़ौ। वित्तीय विवरणहरु बीमा समितिको निर्देशन अनुसार तयार गरिएका छन। फलस्वरूप विर्तीय विवरणहरु अन्य प्रयोजनको लागि उपयुक्त नहुन पानि सक्दछन्। यस विपयले हामों राय परीमार्जंन भएको छैन।

अन्य मामिला
कम्पनीले नेपाल वित्तीय विवरण प्रांतेदनमान（Nepal Financial Reporting Standards）बमोंजन मिति र०जद आधाढ
 शेयरधर्नीहरूलाइ छुद्टै लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदन पेश गरेका छौं।

वित्तीय विवरण उपर व्यवस्थापन तथा सुशासनको जिम्मेवारी घत्तन गरेकाको उत्तरदायित्व
बौमा समितिको निर्देशन अनुरुप यथार्थ र उंचित चित्रण शर्ने वित्तीय विवरणहरु तयारी एवम पस्तुत गनें तथा चाहे जालसाजी बा गल्तीवाट होस，सारमूत रुपमा क्रुरीरहित विर्तीय विवरण तयार गर्ने सम्बन्धि आर्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणालीको तजुमा गर्ने जिम्मेवारी ब्यवस्थापनमा रहेको छ।

वित्तीय विवरण तयार गर्दा व्यवस्थापनलाई कम्पनी चिघटन गर्ने, सञ्चालन बन्द्द गर्ने वा सो बाहेक व्यबहारिक वैकल्पिक
 नर्न ₹ निरन्तर सञ्चालनमा आधारित लंखा नाति प्रयोग गरि वित्तीय विवरण तयार गर्ने जिम्मेवारी कम्पनीको व्यवस्थापनमा रहेको छ।
स₹्चालक समिति कम्पनीको वित्तीय सम्मोषण प्रकियाको रेखदेखको लागी जिम्मेवार छ।

## वित्तीय विवरणको लेखापरीक्षणमा लेखापरीक्षकको उत्तरदायित्व

विर्तीय विवरणहर सम्पूर्ण रुपमा चाहे जालसाजी वा गल्लीबाट होसु, सारमूत रुपमा हूटीरहित छ वा छैन भन्नेवारे उचित आश्वस्त्रा प्राप्त गर्नु र हामो राय समावेश गरी लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदन जारी गर्नु हामोो उद्देश्य हो। उचित आश्वस्त्ता

 वा हुटीबाट उत्पन्न हुन सक्दछ्ञन् र ती प्रस्तुतिहरहले वित्तीय विवरणको आधारमा प्रयोगकर्ताहरले लिने आर्थिक निर्णयहरुलाई अलग अलग वा समग्ररुपमा प्रभाव पार्न सक्ने उचित ग्रपेक्षा गारिन्ध मने, उक्त गलत प्रस्तुतिलाई सारभुत रुपमा गलत स्त्तित मनिन्ध। नेपाल प्रस्तुतिहरकोो पहिचान नलाग्ने जोखिम अधिक रतन्धे।
बित्तीय विवरणमा जालसार्जी वा छुटीबाट हुन सक्ने सारभूत गलत प्स्तुतिहरको जोखिम पहिचान तथा मुल्याइ़न गरी ती जोखिमहरुको लागी प्रभावकारी लेखापरीक्षण प्रकियाहसं तर्जुमा गरि हामो मन्तव्य पदान गर्ने आधारको लाति पयांप्त तथा उचित लेखापरीक्षण प्रमाण संकलन गर्दंधौं। मिलिमगत, ठगी. जानाजानी चक, गलत प्रतितिनिधित्व बा आन्तरिक नियन्ब्रण प्रणालीकों मिचाई समावेश हुने भएकोले गल्लीहर मन्दा जालसाजीबाट हुने सारमूत गलत
कम्पनीको आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणारीको प्रभावकारीता सम्बत्चि र्राय व्यक्त गर्ने उद्देश्य नमई, लेखापरीक्षण प्रक्यिाहर तर्जुमा गर्नका लाति लेखापरीक्षणमा प्रार्सीगक हुते कम्पतीकों आन्तरिक नियन्नण प्रणालीको वारेमा जानकारी प्राप्त
व्यवस्थापनले प़योग गरेका लेखा नीतिहरको औचित्य, लंखा अनुमानको व्यावहारिकता तथा लेखा सम्बीन्चि धुलासाहरको मुल्याइन गदर्छँ।

- व्यवस्थापनले प्रयोग गंरेको व्यवसायको निरन्तरतामा आध्धारित लैख्षा नीतिको औचित्यता तथा प्राप्त लेखापरीक्षण प्रमाणको आध्वारमा कुनै घटना वा अवस्थाहरसगों सम्बान्धित सारमूत अनिश्चितताको कारणले कम्पनीको व्यवसायिक निरन्तरताको क्षमतामा उल्लेख्य शका उत्पन्न गनं सके अवस्थामा तथा यदि हामीले सारमूत अनिशिचतता रहेकों निफ्कर्ष निकालेसा, लेखापररक्षण प्रतिवेदनममा विर्तीय विवरणको सम्बध्धित खुलासा उपर थ्यानाकृष्ट गनुपर्द्रछ्छ वा यदि ती खुलासा अपर्याप्त भएमा, हाम्रो राय परिमार्जन गन्नुपर्वंध। हाम्रो निफ्कर्ष लेख्बापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदन मिमिसम्म प्राप्त लेखापरीक्षण प्रमाणमा आधारित रहंको हुन्छ। अथापि सविष्यका घटना तथा अवस्थाहरले कम्पनी अर्बिच्छिन्न निकायको रुपमा नरहन सक्दछ।
वित्तीय विवरणको समग्र प्तस्तुतीकरण छांचा ₹ घुलासा सहितको विषयवस्तु तथा अन्नींनिहित कारोधार एवम



## पृष्ठ १ मध्ये ₹

हार्मीले वित्तीय विवरण उपर व्यवस्थापन तथा सुशासनको जिम्मेवारी बहन गरेक्राहरूलाई अन्य विषयका अतिरिक, लेखापरीक्षण कार्योजना, समय तालिका ₹ महत्वपूर्ण लेखापरीक्षण खोजहरु लगायत कर्पनीको आन्तरिक नियन्वण प्रणालिमा रहेको महत्वपूर्ण कमी कमजोरीहरुकों जानकारी गरॉउदछँ। ।
शुशासनको जिम्मेवारी बहन गरेकाहरुलाई प्रासंगिक नैतिक आवश्यकताहरु पालना गरेका जानकारी सहितको विवरण र हामो स्वतन्चतामा उल्लेख्य प्रभाव पारंन सकने मारनएका सजै सम्बन्ध तथा अन्य कुराहरु साथै सो सम्बन्चि प्रतिरोध बारेमा समेत जानकारी गराउँदछौं।

> अन्य कानूनी तथा नियमक निकायका आवश्यकता सम्बन्धि प्रतिवेदन
हामीद्धारा सम्पन्न गरिएको परीक्षणको आधारमा प्रतिवेदन पेश गर्दछ्छीं कि :
(ग) यो प्रतिवेदनसँग सम्बन्धित संलग्न वासलात, आय विवर्ण, नाफा नोक्सान हिसाब, स्वामित्व अंशमा भएको परिवर्तन विवरण, नगद प्रवाह बिवरण र संलग्न अनुसूचिहर बिमा समितिले तोकेको ढाँचा ₹ तरिका अनुसार तयार गरिनुका साथै कम्पनीले राखेको हिसाब किताब, बहीखाता श्रेस्ता व लेखासंग दुरक्त रहंका छन्।
|घ| हारीले लेखा परिक्षणकों समयमा कर्म्पनकों संचालक सरिति वा कैनै प्रतिनिधि वा कुनै कर्मचारीले प्रार्चलित कानून विपरित कुनै कार्य गरेको का कम्पनीको सम्पत्ति हिनामिना गरेको वा कम्पनीको हानौ नोक्सानी गरे गराएको हामो जानकारीमा आएन ।
(ङ) कम्पनीको शाखाहरुबाट प्राप्त विवरणहरू स्वतन्त्र लेखापरिक्षण नगरिएको भएतापनि हाम्रो लेखापरीक्षणको लागि पर्याप्त थिए।
(च) कम्पीले बिमा समितिले मिति २०ज६/११/०६ मा जारी गरेको निर्देशन बमांजिस वितिय विवरणहरु परिमार्जन गरेका
 निमित्त : एस आर पाप्डे एण्ड को

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# S. R. Pandey \& Co. <br> 2nd Floor, House No, 2979/33 <br> Tel.: 977-1-4720983, 2104700 Chartered Accountants Nabil Galli, Maharajgunj 

## लुम्बिनी जनरल इन्स्योरेन्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड

## बीमकको संस्थागत सुशासन सम्बन्चि निर्देशिका, २०अ को दफा ४० बमोजिम को प्रतिवेदन:

## आर्थिक वर्ष २०ज्य/ज

वीमकको संस्थागत सुशासन सम्बन्धि निर्देशिका, २०ง૫ को दफा ४० वमोजिम लेखार्परिक्षणमा खुलाउने पर्ने विषयहरममा हाम्रो राय हामीद्धारा सम्पन्न गरिएको परीक्षणको आधारमा पेश रार्धौं कि:
(क) बीमकको बीमा कोष, अनिवार्य जगेडा कोष तथा न्यस्तै प्रक्कितिका अन्त कोष वा सम्पत्ति वीमकको दायित्वको अनुपातमा राखिएको ब,
(ख) बीमकले इजाजतप्राप्त बीमा ब्यवसाय बाहेक अन्य बीमा व्यवसाय वा करोबार गरेको हाम्रो जानकारीमा आएन,
(ग) वीमकले वीमितको हक हित विक्द्वको कुनै कार्य गरेको हाम्रों जानकारीमा आएन,
(घ) वीमकले बीमा समितिको निर्देशन अनुरुप कार्य गरेको छ,
(ङ) इजाजत प्राप्त वाहेकका बीमालेख जारी गरेको हाम्रो जानकारीमा आएन,
(च) शेयरधनीलाई जानकारी गराउनु पनें वित्तीय वा अन्य विषयमा शेयर्धनीलाई जानकारी गराएको छ,
(छ) बीमकले लिएको दीर्घकार्लीन दायित्वको अनुपातमा न्यस्तो जायजेथाबाट त्यस्तो दायित्व निर्वाह गर्न वीयक सक्षम रहेको छ ,
(ज) हामीलाई जानकारीमा अएसम्म वीमकक्ता आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणारी प्रभावकारी छ।

स्थान : काठमाडौं
मिति : २०ఆ६/१०/१₹


सुदर्शन राज पाण्डे, एफ सी ए. वरिष्ठ साभेदार



लमिबनी जबरल इन्स्योरेन्स कन्पनी लिमिटेड
₹oטध आपाब मलतन्तको बाललात




एन.मि. प्रधान प्रमुख्व कर्यक्यारी अधिक्त

घमिता छंगोन प्रमुख्र वित्त घधिक्त

अरुण राब श्रेष्ठ वन्त्रातन

डा. बनिन राब महराई्क स्वतन्त्र सन्बालक्र
विएवराज रेग्मी
सन्चालक
कमल महराई
क्चल्चलक

किति: २०जी, फान्गुण स गते स्थान: बाठ्माबो

लिबनी जनरल इन्स्योरेन्स कन्पनी लिगिटेड
अार्थिक बर्ष २००Y／0७६ को नाफा－तोक्सात हिसाब विवरण

| क．सं． | निबरण | अन्सूपी | पस बर्ष | गत बर्प |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | घाम्बानी |  |  |  |
| 9 | आय－क्यय हीसासषाट सारेको नाफा／（नोक्सान） | 15 |  |  |
| ？ | लगानी कर्जा तषा शन्यदाट गाय | 7 | १०४，१६ص，9＞0 |  |
| ३ | व्यबस्पा फिता | 5 |  | ช，940，95\％ |
| Y | वन्य काम्दानी（विषएण घुसाउने） |  | － | － |
|  | नम्मा बाम्बानी（ ${ }^{\text {（ }}$ ） |  |  |  |
|  | －र्ष |  |  |  |
| 4 | व्यवस्पापन सर्च | 4 |  | 95，7\％9，3¢ゝ |
| $\xi$ | अपसेखन खर्च | 8 | － | － |
| $\checkmark$ | शैयर सम्बन्दी खर्च | 9\％ | १，३०Y，9YY | 9，Yロ9，79\％ |
| 5 | बन्य सर्षर्पहए | 90 | － | － |
| 1 | नोक्सानीको लागि ष्ययस्पा | 99 |  | 4，YK |
| 90 | कर्मचारी बाषास व्यवस्खा |  | － | － |
| 99 | कर्मचारी बोनस व्यबस्पा |  |  | ₹，१६¢，滑9 |
| 97 | समायोजित धायकर（अ）［（झा）－（ङ）］ |  | 99き，О9६如以 | १०P，पY२，04X |
|  | वा）श्रायकर |  | 997， 1000 ，以及 | ११\％，Y94，979 |
|  | E）स्पगन कर（सम्पत्ति）／बायित्व |  | 105，5マO | （6，043，05\％） |
|  | चम्मा चर्ष（ （ $^{\text {（ }}$ |  | २9\％，Oイ5，¢00 |  |
|  |  |  |  | マ⿰习习习゙けんそっちらマ |
| १३ | （क）बीमा कोषमा सारेको | १7 |  | 9१₹，5¢5，3¢5 |
|  | （ख）बीमा बगेख्रामा सारेको | 97 | － | － |
| 9\％ | वधिन्सो वर्षसंण सम्बन्षित सर्ष |  | － | － |
| 94 | अधिक्जो अर्षयाट सारिएको नाफा／（नोक्सान） |  |  | २，१せ9，¢२२ |
|  | बौँतफौडको नागि उपनज्ब रहुम |  |  | १२₹，О0३，90¢ |
| १₹ | श़यर प्रिमियम |  | ₹०，ヶ૪२，ช૫१ |  |
| 90 | （क）स्थगन कर् बगेहा | $9 \%$ | 905，570 | （ $¢, 043,0<5)$ |
|  | （ख）पूबीगत घगेडा | 9\％ | － | － |
|  | （ग）विरोष जगेढा |  | － | － |
|  | （घ）बन्य घगेढ़ा | 97 | － | － |
|  | （E）प्रस्ताबित नाभांश |  |  |  |
|  | （可）नोनस शोयर | q\％ | （54，500，000） | － |
|  | （का）नगद लापारा | 习习 ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | （ $\mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{P} 90,000$ ） | － |
|  | （च）महा－¢िपत्ती जगेढा | 9\％ | （90，9F9，＊＊） | （११，¢¢ २，१४¢） |
| T5 | बासनात्तमा साऐेको जाफा／（नोष्सान） |  |  | 90\％，0२3，56\％ |


आजको मितिके अंलग्र प्रतिकेषन बनुसार

| एन．पि．प्रघान प्रमूब्य कार्यकारी वधिक्त्त | वरण राब मेष्ठ सन्थालक्र | निश्वराज रेगमी सन्वालक | गणेश्र राब रेगमी सन्च्वालक | मनोहर वास मूल सहख्यछ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| अमिता संगोण | हा．घनिन राज भट्टरार्ष | कमश यहरण | मधुरकाप सिन्या | सुपर्रान ताब पाण्ड，एफ．सिए |
| प्रमुख वित्त धधिक्त | हलतन्य सन्चाजक | सञ्चालक | सक्घालक | बरिष्ठ साफेंदार |
|  |  |  |  | एस．कार．पाण्डेत एण्ड कम्पनी |
| मिनि：२०जद，भान्मुण से गो स्थान：काठमातों |  |  |  |  |

## लमिबनी जनरल इन्स्योरेन्स कन्पनी लिगिटेड

आघाद ३१ सम्मको नगब प्रवाहको विवरण
（6म（ F ）

| ד．．स． | बिबरण | यस बस्य | गत बस |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| क | कारोबार संचालनबाट नगद प्रवात ： |  |  |
|  | बीमा चाल्क बाम्बानी |  | १，२४९，555，२5१ |
|  | पुनर्बींमा पुन्क काम्बानी | $9, \chi$ ¢5，5¢9 | २，¢9¢，२२९ |
|  | पुनर्षींगा कमिष्य काम्बानी | १¢९， $5 \times 2, \bigcirc 90$ | १¢२，¢00，95§ |
|  | अन्य प्रत्पष्ष बाम्बानी | － | － |
|  | पुनर्षीमक्लाट प्राप्त दाषी रिक्मरी |  | २१¢，२૫๕，マ¢० |
|  | पुनर्Aीमा पुन्क भुक्तानी | （งロ9，§ఇ，११ఇ） |  |
|  | पुनर्षीमा कमिशन भुक्तानी |  | （ro३，¢३れ） |
|  | अभिकर्ता कमिबान भुक्तानी | （\％२，55¢，२きら） | （₹३，きちマ，३₹7） |
|  | दावी धुक्तानी |  |  |
|  | सेषा पुल़क भुक्तानी |  |  |
|  | अन्य प्रत्यक्ष घर्च |  |  |
|  | व्यवस्यापन घर्ष युक्तानी | （97\％，04¢，\％9） | （१ง0，R5\，¢¢\％） |
|  | कर्मचारी बोनस भुक्तानी | （₹१，१६5，₹¢9） |  |
|  | वायकर भुक्तानी | （9३\％，0ヶง，199） |  |
|  | चालु सम्पत्तिमा（वृ｜क）／कमी | （ro，३＞¢，549） | （90ט，¢イア，¢9\％） |
|  | भानू दायित्बसा पृधि／（क्गी） |  |  |
|  |  | イム，२३७，Рマ३ | १२०，\％め5，以¢5 |
| － | ตगानी गतियिधीषाट नगर प्रषाए |  |  |
|  | स्थिर सम्पत्तिमा（वृबि）／क्मी |  |  |
|  | सरकारी र सरकारको बमानत प्राप्त सेक्यूरिटी लगानीमा（वृद्धि）／क्मी | － | （9，000，000） |
|  | औ० तथा बित्तीय संस्याको मुत्रती निकेप नगानीमा（वृष्यि）／कमी | （१०२，§¢п，¢09） |  |
|  | ＊＊क तथा वित्तीय सस्याको शन्य निक्षेप लगानीमा（बृष्षि）／कमी |  | （F२，め¢イ，${ }^{\text {人१२）}}$ |
|  | कब्यूटी रोयर नगानीमा（वुदि）／क्मी | （re，yer， $5 \times 0$ ） | （9，0ヶ5，3३ら） |
|  | घगताधिकार शोयर／डिबेन्वर लगानीमा（वृब्व）／कमी | － | ， |
|  | अन्य नगानीमा（वृबि）／क्नी |  | （१०，०२४，000） |
|  | पेशकी तथा कर्जामा（वृद्वि）／कमी | （¢，¢90，₹（\％） | （¢१७，৩マヤ） |
|  | भुक्तानी प्राप्त ख्याज काम्बानी（मगानीमा） | १७゚，\ア৩，0९§ | १¢イ，з०§，00¢ |
|  | भुक्तानी प्राप्त लामाश |  | ६¢३，६२३ |
|  | भाउा बाम्दानी | － | － |
|  | भुक्तानी प्राप्त ब्याज काम्बानी（कर्लामा） | － | － |
|  | अन्य अप्पत्पक्ष काम्बानी | २．14३，¢90 | u，yロz，¢¢ |
|  | नगानी गलिबिषीबाट घृत कगा प्रबाद（ब） |  |  |
| $\pi$ | कितीय जोत कारोबाइसाट नगाए प्रषपात |  |  |
|  | शोयरााट प्राप्त रकम | ¢४，0९१，000 |  |
|  |  | － | － |
|  | बल्पकानित कणना（वृदि）／क्मी | － | － |
|  | श्राण सापटीमा व्याब भुक्तानी | － | － |
|  | －1मांश भुक्तानी | － |  |
|  | कितीय जोत कारोपारजाट बृप नगए प्रताए（ग） |  |  |
|  |  |  | १२，マ₹१，マちマ |
|  | नग¢ तथा औैकम्मा रहेको षाइ मौन्दात |  | マ०，アマ5，5， |
|  | नगद तथा＊ैक्मा रहेको शन्तिम मौँज्दात | 3\％，59\％，005 |  |

काजके कितिके क्षलग्न प्रविकेत बनुक्षर

| एन．पप．प्रधान प्रमुस्व कर्यक्ररी अधिक्तृ | अषण राज बेष्ठ सन्न्नालक | किएषराज रेग्मी सल्ब्बालक | गयेशा राज रेग्मी स्र०्चालक | मनोहर दास मूल अ्वक्ष्क्र |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| बमिता छंगोल प्रमूब्व कित्त अधिक्त्त | त्रा．अनित राज मह्रार्द स्वतन्न्र सम्न्चालक | कमलन महृाई उन्बालक | मधुरलान सिन्या सक्ष्वानक | सुदर्शान राज पाण्डे，एफ．सिए． बरिष्ठ साभेंदार |
| मिति：₹०凶，कान्ऩण से गये | सान：कठमाउौ |  |  | एस．3ार पाप्ये एण्ड कम्मनी |

GY
लुनिब्बणी जबरल इब््योरेण्त्त कमाबी लिकिटेड
आर्थिक बर्ष २०७乡／०७६ मा दक्यूटीमा भएको परिवर्तन सम्बन्धी विबरण

| विबरण | पोयर पूँकी | पोयर बापत बतिम्रम भुत्तानी | संबित नाफा／ （नोलक्वाना | प्रस्ताबित बोलस पोयर | बीमा बगेड़ा | पूनीगत बरेढा कोष | योषर प्रिमियम | विसेष बगेड़ा झोम | क्यद्प बगेडा तथा कोष | बीमा कोष | मदा－किपत्ती चगेडा | कृत्र रक्म |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| हुर मौन्गत | ¢50，000，000 |  | 9OY，0२e，tir | － | 9，9¢r，\％es | － |  | － | १9，ท¢¢，9\％ |  | \％，465，045 | T¢о0， |
|  | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| ¢ल्नाषित मीजाल | 450，000，000 | － | 10Y，020， | － |  | － | 30，6イ2，M $\times 9$ | － | ११，ワ¢¢，\％ |  | 3R，65．064 | 7， 0 00，$\times 3,195$ |
|  |  | 5\％，0ヶ१，000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| तोपर हिनियम रक्म |  |  | $30,5 \times 2,3 \times 9$ |  |  |  | （ $70,572, \times 49$ ） |  |  |  |  | － |
|  | － |  | Ror，iry，ine | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | zor， |
| बीमा केषापा पारेक | － |  |  | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － |
| लगन क्ष बतोेा | － |  | ¢оп，r＞0 | － |  | － | － | － | （005，5\％） | － | － | － |
| प्रताषित कोनता होपर | － |  | （ $51,500,000$ ） | － $0,500,000$ | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － |
| प्रसाषित नगत लापांश | － |  | （6，R20，000） | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | （1，2\％0，000） |
|  | － |  | （19，9¢9，－） | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 90，9¢9， | － |
| समपर पोपर | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| बोनड तोपर बारी परोक्ष | － |  | － |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  | － |
| जन्तिम मौन्यात | 440，000，000 | 5x，0¢9，000 |  | －x， 5000000 |  | － | － | － | 10， 1000 ，$\times$ \％ |  | －$\times 1,330,5 \times 5$ |  |

काजके fितिके प्रंनग्न प्रतिवेनन अनुसार


गणेपा राज रेग्मी
息

विश्रराज रेग्मी
सज्नालक
कमल महृराई
सल्नालक

अरण राज श्रेष्ठ
सन्वालक
हा．घनिन राब महरार्त
सनतन्त्र सन्बालब

लमिबकी जबरल डन्स्योरेन्स कन्पली लिगिटेड
आर्मिक ब्र्ष २०ज\％／o७६ को एकिकृत आय－च्यय हिसाब

| क．स． | लिबरण | रक्म（k） |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | घनुसनी | यस पर्प | गत घर्ष |
|  | बाय |  |  |  |
| 9 | बीमाशुल्क（खुद） | 9 | ¢ ¢ 5，\％x¢，（\％） |  |
| २ | पुनर्बीमा कमिशन घाय |  | २००，१२ऐ，३२० | 9r9，२ช३，ఇ૧ง |
| ₹ | लगानी，कर्जा तथा अन्यनाट आय | 2 | ง0，บצO，35\％ | 50，4beses |
| $\gamma$ | बन्य प्रत्यक्ष काय |  | － | － |
| 4 | वार्थिक बर्षको शुरुको भुक्तानी हुन बॉंकी दावी वापत व्यबस्था |  | २०६，ง0x，ง२९ |  |
| $\xi$ | आर्थिक बर्षको शुरुको असमाप्त जोख्विम बापत च्यवस्पा |  |  | ३ง२，ธソ0，5イマ |
|  | बम्मा काय（क） |  | १めา१，३55，¢०३ |  |
|  | घघ |  |  |  |
| $\bigcirc$ | दावी भुक्तानी（घुद） | ₹ |  |  |
| 5 | अभिक्र्ता कमिशान |  |  | F， |
| 9 | पुनर्बीमा कमिशन खर्च |  | २心ヶ，54x | ソ०३，¢२¢ |
| 90 | सेबा शुल्क（घुद） | $\gamma$ | ¢．¢0२， $5 \times 4$ | ง，＜4 5，9\％9 |
| 99 | अन्य प्रत्यक्ष खर्च |  | － | － |
| १२ | व्यसस्थापन सर्च | 4 |  | १६३，७२२，३०し |
| 9\％ | वार्थिक बर्षको अन्त्यमा भुक्तानी हुन बाँकी दावी बापत व्यवस्था | $\xi$ | २१ง，¢95，3¢ง |  |
| १४ |  |  |  | २ぃっ0¢5，9そ5 |
|  | बम्मा क्यय（■） |  | १，२०め，－9§，引〕 | 9，9¢§，ช5¢，ช0२ |
| 94 | नाफा－तोष्सान क्विसाबमा सारेको घबता［（\％）－（ब）］ |  |  | ₹9९，С0§，२9\％ |


आजके मितिके सलग्न प्रतिकेदन \＆नुसार
एन．पि．प्रधान

प्रमुख कर्यक्ररी शधिक्त्त
बमिता उंगोन प्पमुख्य बित्त अधिक्तित

अरण राब बेष्ठ
स्बन्चालक

डा．अनिल राज मटृराई स्वतन्न सक्चालक

विश्रराज रेग्मी सक्नालक्र

कमल मद्धाई सम्बाजन

गणेशा राब रेग्मी त्वल्वालकर्व

मधुरनान सिन्या स०्वासक

मनोहर दास मूल शघ्याप्न

सुदर्शान राब पाण्जे，एक．सिए， यरिक्ठ साभेदार एस．कार पाण्ये एण्ड कम्पनी <br> \section*{लमियकी जबरल इन्स्योरेब्स बन्मनी लिखिटेड <br> \section*{लमियकी जबरल इन्स्योरेब्स बन्मनी लिखिटेड <br> <br> आर्भिक बर्ष २०७\％／o७६ को अग्ती／सम्पत्ति बीमाबो आय－क्यय हिसाब} <br> <br> आर्भिक बर्ष २०७\％／o७६ को अग्ती／सम्पत्ति बीमाबो आय－क्यय हिसाब}

| ■．．f． | विवरण | अनुसूनी | यह ब ब | गत बर्प |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | जाए |  |  |  |
| 9 | बीमाश्रुल्क（घुद） | 9 | ¢¢，३叉१，२¢9 | ¢¢，¢२マ，११₹ |
| ₹ | पुनर्बीमा कमिशान वाय |  | ४२，¢२\％，२¢२ | ३¢，00\％，¢90 |
| \％ | लगानी，कर्जा तथा अन्यबाट्र आय | 2 |  | Р，६७¢，३२० |
| $\gamma$ | शन्य प्रत्वक्ष क्षाय |  | － | － |
| $x$ | आर्षिक घर्षको एगुको भुक्तानी हुन घाँकी दावी वापत क्यवस्था |  |  | २，5Y5，90\％ |
| $\varepsilon$ | आार्थिक बर्षको एगुको असमाप्त जोखिम वापत ब्यवस्या |  | ३३，२६२，0ぬし | १७，०२०，२ヤ० |
|  | जम्मा जाएप（क） |  |  |  |
|  | व्यम |  |  |  |
| 5 | दावी भुक्तानी（ब्यु） | ₹ | ₹，३ちマ，ฯ२४ | 9१， ¢ $^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| 5 | अभिकर्ता कमिशन |  | め，¢₹ | ४，३३६，२ャ२ |
| 9 | पुनर्बीमा कमिशान खर्च |  | १६३，१७૪ | २5，リー |
| 90 | सेवा शुन्क（बुद） | $\gamma$ | ¢⿴囗จ९¢ | ¢¢¢， 5 \％ |
| 99 | ब्रन्य प्रत्यक्ष खर्च |  | － | － |
| 97 | व्यवस्थापन खर्च | $x$ |  |  |
| 97 | आार्थिक घर्षको खन्त्यमा भुक्तानी हुन घाँकी दावी बापत व्यवस्वा | \＆ | ¢，¢₹७，イさ？ |  |
| 97 | आार्षिक पर्षको अन्त्यमा असमाप्त जोबिम बापत व्यबस्या |  | ₹マ，9ヶ\％， 50 |  |
|  | जम्मा ब्यम्य（ब） |  |  |  |
| 98 | नाफा－才ोक्सान हिषाइया सारंको बचत्र［（क）－（ब）］ |  | 以n，ovex， |  |

बनुसूची १ बेति ई सम्म यसक अभिन्न अंग हैर ।
बाबके नितिको संलग्न प्ञतियेपन बनुस्सार
एन．पि．प्रहान
प्रमुस्र कार्यकारी घधिक्त
अमिता उंगोल
प्रमुक्ष वित्त अधिक्त्त

> घरूण राब बेप्ठ सन्नालक

गा．धनिल राज घद्वरार्द म्बतन्त्र सल्चालक

विश्वराज रेग्मी सक्चालक

कमन घट्रण्र्ष साग्वालक

गयेश राज रेग्मी सबत्वालक्र

मषुरलान सिन्या सम्बालक

मनोहर दास मून जिह्पक्र

सुदर्षान राब पाण्डे，एफ．सिए． बरिष्ठ साभेखार एस．कार．पाण्डे एण्ड कम्पनी

किति：२०ज़ा पन्नुण से गता स्थान：फढ्मातों

## लमिबणी जनरल इन्योरेन्स बन्पनी लिमिटेड

## आर्थिंत बर्ष २००य／ob६ को सामुत्रिक कीमाको आय－क्यय हिसाब

एन（द）

| ד．सं． | बिबरण | खऩसूची | पत्त बर्ष | गत बर्ष |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | आय |  |  |  |
| 9 | बीमाशुल्क（बुद） | 9 | U，¢¢¢，020 | 4，9x $0,55 \%$ |
| २ | पुनर्बौंमा कमिशान आय |  | 9१，イマス，\55 | १२．アจง，หマ¢ |
| ₹ | लगानी，कर्जा तथा अन्यबाट आय | २ | १，२६¢，YO5 | 9，\％0\％，3ัง |
| $\gamma$ | अन्य प्रत्यक्ष काय |  | － | － |
| $x$ | आर्थिक बर्षको शुरको भुक्तानी हुन बाँकी दावी वापत ब्यवस्था |  |  | 595．25x |
| $\xi$ | आर्थिक बर्षको शुछको असमाप्त जोखिम वापत ब्यवस्था |  | 5Yo，¢ux | W0， 5 ¢ |
|  | नम्मा काय（क） |  |  |  |
|  | ब्यय |  |  |  |
| $\bigcirc$ | दावी भुक्तानी（बुद） | ₹ | Y，¢ア¢，¢9¢ | 9，9¢心馬䮄 |
| 5 | अमिकर्ता कमिएान |  | 809．34\％ | ちサ久， |
| 9 | पुनर्बौंमा कमिश़न खर्च |  | － | Fง，VR5 |
| 90 | सेबा पुएलक（बुद） | ＊ |  | ห२， |
| 99 | बन्य प्रत्यक्ष खर्च |  | － | － |
| १२ | व्यवस्यापन खर्च | 4 | ช，905，9¢0 |  |
| 93 | आर्थिक बर्षको अन्त्यमा भुक्तानी हुन बांकी दावी बापत व्यवस्बा | \＆ | २．¢¢心．以×9 | ₹，२Y₹，Y听 |
| 97 | आर्थिक बर्षको अन्त्यमा असमाप्त जोख्⿰亻⿱丶⿻工二十⿱亠䒑十 |  | ३，¢₹て，『以及 | R，46x， 8 \％ |
|  | नम्मा ख्यम（\＃） |  | १ง，३१६，ソou | १२．アら§，३ちง |
| 9x | नाफा－नोक्सान द्विसाब्मा सारेको बचत्र［（क）－（ए）］ |  | ७，१२३，久ち9 | 5，953，$\times 10$ |


आजके मितिको संसग्न प्रतिपेषन बनुसार

| एन．सि．प्रधान प्रमुख कार्यकारी थधिक्त | घ्रण राब केष्ठ सम्चालक् | विावराज रेग्मी सल्चालक | गणेथा राब रेग्मी सन्नाजक | मनोत्र दास मूल श्रध्यक्ष |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| अमिता ठंगोन प्रमुष्व वित्त बधिक्त | जा．औनिन राज मट्टरार्द स्बतन्ब घल्लालक | कमच घदृवार्द सम्ब्बालक | मघुतलान सिन्या सम्ब्वानक | सुदर्शान राब्न पाण्डे，एफ．सिए． परिष्ठ साभेबार एस．वार．पाण्डे एण्ड कम्पनी |

सिशि：२०जर，फ़ान्युण स१ गतो स्थान：申ठ्माबों

## लुमिबी जबरल इबस्योरेण्स कस्पबी लिकिटेड <br> आराथिक उर्ष २००४／ठ७६ को मोटर वीमाको आय－ख्यय हिसाब

| \＃． m ． ． | बिबरण | बनुसूची | यस बर्ष | गत बर्ष |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | आ |  |  |  |
| 9 | बीमाए़ल्क（बुद） | 9 |  | ¢Y३，३Y¢，0w |
| २ | पुनर्षीमा कमिशान काय |  |  | F9，9९0，ห\％9 |
| 3 | लगानी，कर्जा तथा बन्यबाट काय | २ | Y¢，YPY，Y弦 |  |
| $Y$ | बन्य प्रत्यक्ष आय |  | － | － |
| K | वार्षिक बर्षको एुरको भुक़त्रानी हुन बांकी दावी बापपत व्यबस्या |  | 9Р३，¢६，¢，¢९० |  |
| $\xi$ | आर्थिक बर्षको पुरुको असमाप्त जोख्विम बापत क्यवस्था |  |  |  |
|  | चम्मा बाय（क） |  | १，१₹६，२३४， 59 |  |
|  | ब्यम |  |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ | दावी भुक्तानी（बुद） | Э |  | ३С9，0ヶ२，20Y |
| 5 | अमिकर्ता कमिश़न |  | 5，9きマ，¢25 |  |
| 1 | पुनर्षीमा कमिशन खर्च |  | २ง，¢ \％ | २5，0ヶ¢ |
| 90 | सेवा शुएक्क（घुद） | Y |  |  |
| 99 | बन्य प्रत्यक्ष खर्च |  | － | － |
| 97 | व्यवस्थापन खर्च | \％ |  | 900，S叉，\％ev |
| 93 | आार्षिक बर्षको बन्त्यया भुक्तानी हुन ब्बांकी दावी बापत व्यवस्या | $\xi$ |  | 99き，ร¢0 |
| 9\％ | आार्थिक बर्षको अन्त्यमा असमाप्त जोख्विम बापत व्यकस्पा |  |  |  |
|  | चम्मा क्याय（I） |  |  | १，09\％，0४\％，¢3¢ |
| 92 | नाफा－नोम्सान द्विसाबमा सारेको बचत［（क）－（ब）］ |  |  | २२ง，ए⿺9，9¢¢ |

अनुसूची $९$ देंति ६ सम्म यसक्ण अभिन्न कान हुन।
भाजको मितिक्षे संलग्न प्रतिकेदन श्नसार

| एन．िि．प्रधान प्रमुख्त कार्यकारी अधिक्त | वहण राब ल्रेष्ठ मक्चालक | विशवराज रेग्मी सन्बालत्र | गणेत्र राज रेग्मी सन्बालक | मनोठर द्वास मूष्त अह्यक्ष |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| घमिता हंगोन प्रमुख्त वित्त घघिक्त | ढा．बनिन राज घट्टाई सततल सब्बालक | कमन भद्रारा सक्चालक | मघुरनाल सिन्या सज्नाजक | सुदर्शान राज पाण्दे，एक．सिए यरिष्ड सामेंदार <br> एस．कार．पाण्ठे एण्ह कम्पनी |

मिनि：₹०ज，फान्नुण से गते
क्वान फाठमार्य

लुम्बिकी जबरल इन्स्योरेबस कम्पजी लिमिटेड

## आर्थिक बर्ष २०७\％／0७६ को ड़न्जिनियरिर्ष बीमाको आय－क्पय हिसाब

| －．．t． | किषरण |  |  | रकम（6） |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | लनुसूची | यस घर्ष | गता घर्ष |
|  | बाप |  |  |  |
| 9 | बीमाशुएक（खुद） | 9 | 5，Нムఇ，२Y5 |  |
| २ | पुनर्षीमा कमिशन काय |  |  | २२．३ๆ，२¢१ |
| ३ | लगानी，कर्चा तथा बन्यबाट काय | ？ | २，\＄¢ | २，१६३，ҮҮ¢ |
| $\gamma$ | अन्य प्रत्यक्ष काय |  | － | － |
| $\underline{1}$ | आार्षिक बर्षको शुरको भुक्तानी हुन बौंकी दावी वापत व्यबस्पा |  | 3，90ง，5३2 |  |
| $\xi$ | अर्षिक बर्षको शुरको असमाप्त जोखिय वापत व्यदस्पा |  | २，৩ヤ9，०२৩ |  |
|  | नम्मा वाय（क） |  | イミ，イ¢ | ३३，ソง0，マ४9 |
|  | ज्यय |  |  |  |
| $\vartheta$ | दावी भुक्तानी（डुद） | ₹ |  | 9，9＞9，496 |
| 5 | अभिकर्ता कमिरान |  | €，979，¢३ | 乡，ЧО३，を¢\％ |
| 9 | पुनर्बीमा कमिएान खर्च |  | ¢r，eek | 989，4＞9 |
| 90 | सेबा शुल्क（घुद） | $\gamma$ | 『२，000 | ¢¢，¢¢9 |
| 99 | अन्य प्रत्यक्ष खर्च |  | － | － |
| १२ | व्यवस्थापन खर्च | $x$ | 95，9¢\％，१२5 |  |
| १₹ | आर्थिक बर्षको वन्त्यमा भुक्तानी हुन बॉंकी दावी वापत व्यबस्या | $\xi$ | २，३६२，९९० | ३，\％0ง，ヶそマ |
| १४ | आर्षिक बर्षको अन्त्यमा असमाप्त जोखिम बापत व्यवस्या |  | ४，३९१，¢२४ | २，৩ヤ9，०२৩ |
|  | नम्मा क्यय（ब） |  | アア， $599 .\{55$ |  |
| 92 | नाफा－नोक्तान ¢िसाषमा सारेषो ब凶त्र［（\％）－（ब）］ |  |  | x，979， v9 |


अवदें मितिकमे मनग्न प्रतितेतन बनुप्रार

एन．पि．प्रषान प्रमुख्व कर्यकारी अधिक्त

घमिता हंगोल प्रमुल्य वित्त यधिक्त

करणण राज्त सेष्ठ सल्ब्वालक

ठा．अनिन्न राज महृराई स्वतन्न सम्चालक

विशबराज रेग्मी सत्बालक्र

कमल मह्रार्ए लन्न्नालक

गणेशा राज्त रेग्मी स्रत्पाबक

मघुरलाल सिन्या सन्नालक

मनोहर दास मूल अं्यक्ष

भिबिः ₹०रह फान्मुण सी गदे लान：बक्रमायँ

## ल्यिक्बिी जलरल इन्स्योरेबस कम्पनी लिखिटेड

अर्षिक बर्ष २०७乡／०७६ को बाली तथा पशुपंछी बीमानो आय－ब्यय हिसाब
रकम（क）

| Ф．स． | किषरण | बनुसूनी | यस घ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | गत बर्प |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | बाय |  |  |  |
| 9 | बीमाशुल्क（चुद） | 9 | 9x，₹З |  |
| २ | पुनर्बीमा कमिश्रन आय |  | 90，¢०३，२०९ | १६，०३०，¢оц |
| ३ | लगानी，कर्जा तथा अन्यवाट ग्राय | २ | 2 55, ¢¢ | १，४२४，99४ |
| ช | बन्य प्रत्यक्ष 及ाय |  | － | － |
| $\underline{L}$ | आर्थिक 凹र्षको शुरकों भुक्तानी हुन काकी बावी वापत क्यवस्या |  |  | 740，¢¢ |
| $\xi$ | आरार्थिक बर्षको श्रापको असमाप्त जोखिम वापत क्यवस्या |  | め，จアめ，マจ¢ | 3，005，5c |
|  | चम्मा काय（Ш） |  |  | ই२，३け，¢९¢ |
|  | घ्यम |  |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ | बावी भुक्तानी（घुद） | ₹ | १२，งơ，oy¢ |  |
| 5 | अभिकर्ता कमिशन |  | 99，くアマ， | ¢，¢5〉，३弓 |
| 9 | पुनर्बीमा कमिशन बर्च |  | － | － |
| 90 | सेबा शुल्क（खुद） | $\gamma$ | १¢२，これめ | 99\％，yor |
| 99 | घन्य प्रत्यक्ष खर्च |  | － | － |
| १7 | व्यबस्थापन खर्च | 4 | 5，ல४¢，¢०२ |  |
| १₹ | वार्थिक घर्षको अन्त्यमा भुक्तानी हुन बौकी दावी बापत व्यवस्या | $\xi$ | २，¢ちマ．¢¢ | 以上§，२९२ |
| १\％ | आर्थिक षर्षको उन्त्यमा असमाप्त जोख्विम वापत व्यवस्था |  | ט．9qu，0Yo | x，บश2，マ9\％ |
|  | चम्मा घ्यक（Ш） |  |  | २ぃ，१०३，ףヤマ |
| 94 | नाफा－तोक्सान हिषाबमा सारेको बचत्ता［（\％）－（ब）］ |  | （१०，Х૪६，ఇ飞以） | ४，२६5，¢¢ ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |




> एन.पि. प्रधान प्रमुख्र कार्यकारी अं्विक्त्त
> बमिता हंगोन प्रमुख वित्त वं्विकृत्त

बएण राज शेष्ठ
सत्चालक

ता．वनिन राज घटृरार्घ
स्ततन्त्र सक्यालक

विश्वराज्र रेग्मी सन्चालक

कमन महूरार्झ
सन्चालक

गणेश्रा खान रेग्मी सन्बालक

मघुरानान किन्या सन्नाजक

मनोहर दास मूस अध्यक्ष

सुदर्शान राज पाण्टे，एफ．सिए परिष्ठ सामेंदार एस．कार．पाण्ठे एण्ठ कम्पनी

मिति：₹०जक，फान्युण ॥ गते ब्लान：काठमायं

## लमिब्बी जाबरल डन्स्योरेन्स क्नानी लिमिटेड

आर्थिक बर्ष २०७५／ob६ को लघ यीमाको आय－ब्यय हिसाब
रकम（5）

| ¢．${ }^{\text {en }}$ | बिनरण | बनुषूची | यस घ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | गत ब ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | भाप |  |  |  |
| 9 | बीमाश़ाल्क（खु］） | 9 | ३६२，9に |  |
| २ | पुनर्वीमा कमिश्रन काय |  | － |  |
| \％ | लगानी，कर्जा तथा अन्यबाट काय | $?$ |  |  |
| Y | बन्य प्रत्यक्ष काय |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{y}$ | आर्थिक घर्षको शुरको भुक्तानी हुन षांकी शायी वापत क्यषस्या |  | － |  |
| $\xi$ | अार्षिक घर्षको शुखको बसमाप्त जोखिम वापत क्यवस्या |  | － |  |
|  | चम्मा क्वाय（\％） |  | ३६そ，${ }_{\text {¢ }}$ |  |
|  | घय |  |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ | षायी भुक्तानी（ब़ुद） | $\ddagger$ | २пア，२०४ | － |
| ¢ | अभिक्त्ता कमिशन |  |  | － |
| 8 | पुनर्बीमा कमिश्र खर्च |  | － | － |
| 90 | सेवा शुन्क（बुद） | Y | २，६२२ | － |
| 99 | बन्य प्रत्यक्ष खर्च |  | － | － |
| १२ | व्यवस्पापन खर्च | $y$ | r9，902 | － |
| १7 | आर्थिक षर्षको शन्त्यमा भुक्तानी हुन बांकी दावी बापत व्यवस्षा | $\xi$ | － | － |
| 9＊ | आर्षिक्र घर्षको अन्त्यमा असमाप्त जोखिम वापत व्यवस्या |  | 959，059 | － |
|  | चम्मा ख्यय（ब） |  |  | － |
| 92 |  |  |  | － |


बाजकमे कितिक्षे षंलग्न प्रविकेतन बनारार

एन．सि．प्रघान
प्रमुष्त्र कार्यकरी अधिक्त

अमिता ठंगोल प्रमुख्र वित्त बधिक्त

बषण राज्य शेष्ठ सक्ल्बालक

ठा．अनिन्न गज महृाई स्वतन्व सन्वालक

विशबराब रेग्मी सम्बालक

कमल महराई सन्च्चालक

गणेपा राज्य रेग्मी पव्चालक

मघुरलाल सिन्पा सन्न्बालक

मनोहर दाष मूस आह्यक्ष

सुदर्शन त्राज पाण्डे，एफ．सिए मरिक्ठ स्साभेवार एस．बार．पाण्डे एण्ठ कम्पनी

लिनिः २०ण₹，फान्गुण ₹१ गते जान：कावमाँ।

## लमिक्वीी जनरल इक्स्योरेन्स कम्पती लिखिटेड

## आर्षिक बर्ष २०७\％／o७६ को विनिध्र बीमानो आय－अय हिसाब

रकम（ब）

| ¢． F ． | दिबरण | अनुसूनी | बस्र दर्ष | गत घर्ष |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | माय |  |  |  |
| 9 | बीमाशुएक（बुद） | 9 |  | २२，マテイ，₹₹¢ |
| २ | पुनर्बींमा कमिशन आय |  |  | २०，4С9，559 |
| ३ | लगानी，कर्जा तथा अन्यबाट नाप | ？ | ¢，0以9， |  |
| $\gamma$ | अन्य प्रत्यक्ष अपय |  | － | － |
| $\underline{ }$ | आर्थिक बर्षको शुरुको भुक्तानी हुन बाँकी दावी बापत व्यवस्पा |  | २，०จ४，१६४ | 9，517，530 |
| $\xi$ |  |  | ११，9१ง，9め5 | ช，59\％，50\％ |
|  | नम्मा याय（ब） |  |  |  |
|  | ब्वप |  |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ | दावी भुक्तानी（खुद） | ३ | १¢，¢¢0，0才\％ | §，2マち，¢引¢ |
| 5 | अभिकर्ता कमिशन |  | ३，२ム9，ロムマ | จ，0ゝ5．¢ ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| 9 | पुनर्बीमा कमिशन बर्च |  | ३३，पマ5 | १२ง，¢＊9 |
| 90 | सेवा शुल्क（बुद） | $\gamma$ | ¢00，93？ | २२६，¢२२ |
| 99 | अन्य प्रत्पक्ष खर्च |  | － | － |
| १२ | व्यवस्बापन खर्च | 4 | 9२，ห४२，9९5 | 99，१З६，३०ง |
| 9\％ | आर्षिक बर्षको अन्त्यमा भुक्तानी हुन बौकी दावी बापत व्यवस्पा | $\xi$ | ט，409，95\％ | マ，0จะ，9¢ |
| १४ | आर्षिक बर्षको अन्त्यमा असमाप्त जोखिम बापत व्यवस्था |  | ३३，イママ，¢२マ | 97，99७，9\％5 |
|  | बम्मा ज्यूय（घ） |  | 50，090，125 |  |
| 94 | नाफा－नोप्तान ¢िसा凶मा सारेफो कबता［（ष）－（ब）］ |  |  | 95，\5§，ИY |


चाजके निस्तिमे म्वलग्न पतिकेषन अनुसार

| एन．पि．प्रध्रान प्रमुख्व कार्यकारी वधिक्त | करण राज क्षेष्ठ सन्च्वालक | विश्वराब रेग्मी सब्वालक | गणेपा राज रेग्मी सल्बालइ | मनोछर दास मूस अध्यह斤 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| यमिता हंगोन प्रमुख्ख वित्त वह्विक्त | गा．वनिन राब घट्टराई स्वतत्त्र सक्जानक | कमन महरार्म सल्चालक | मघुरलान सिन्या सन्नाजक | सुद्रान राज पाण्डे，एक．सिए परिष्ठ साभेवार <br> एस．कार．पाण्डे प्ण्ड कम्पनी |

किति：२०जक，फान्गुण तो गते ज्ञान：काठमायों

लुमिबनी जनरल इक्स्योरेबस ळम्पनी लिमिटेड
कान．शobर／ove
वित्तीय विवरणको अभिन्न अंगको रुपमा रहने अनुसूनीहर

बनूघूनी－१
（क）बीमाशून्क（खुत）
रकम（र）

|  | चीमाकों किशिस | पुप्र बीमायुक्र |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | गत्र घ0 | गत बर्ष | यक्ष घi | गत क्षर्ष | यह－ | गत बर्ष |
| 9 | अग्नी／सम्पति |  | 99\％，п0¢， 2 ¢ | 9Y¢，र心\％，？3¢ | १२२，२ヶ२，イп |  | ¢ุ¢，¢२४，११३ |
| 7 | सामुन्तिक | きせ，¢¢そ， $50 \cup$ |  |  | २5，7¢х，000 | －，¢¢Y，以 0 | 世，94以，5¢\％ |
| \％ | मोटर |  |  |  | १२३，090，0¢6 |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ | इन्जिनियरी |  | १२२，Ү＜ |  | ११६，＊₹5，ช२5 |  |  |
| 4 | बानी तथा पशुपंद्री | $0^{10,091,050}$ |  |  |  | 9世，२設，「50 | 99， 240, צ३२ |
| E | लघु | マそ，96気 | － | － | － | 根々， 9 | － |
| 4 | विषिष्र | 975，060，6ax |  | ¢२，२२凶，イ¢O |  |  | २२，२३४，Эข¢ |
|  | बम्मा | १，₹¢0，₹＊ | १，7¢२，หษせ，¢₹¢ | 凶09§§で，११₹ | yon，zus，uye |  |  |

ख）कुल बीमाशुन्क
रकम（रु）

| －．．む． | बौनाकों किलिस | प्रत्पष्त बीमागु｜स्त |  | प्राप्त पुरतीका चुन्त（Accopted） |  | क्ल बीमागुन्क |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | यब घम | गता घम | यह बर्प | गत बर्ष | यस घर्प | गत बम |
| 9 | अगनी／सम्पवि |  |  | ט－3， | १そ७っため々 |  | 992，50ヶ，yャb |
| २ | सामुद्रिक |  |  | － | 994，5マ¢ | 30， 5 ¢， 5001 | ₹₹，ชヤ₹，乌り३ |
| 3 | मोटर |  |  | २0¢，¢x¢ | マアマ，¢ママ |  |  |
| $\gamma$ | छुन्बिनियरीप्ष | १४२，9x心，\％00 | १२०，¢¢¢，\％\％ | \9¢，心ヌ\％ | १，ヤム૪，०३マ |  | १२२，หญロ，หᄃマ |
| $\underline{2}$ | बाली तथा पशुपंद्धी | 心，09ア，0¢0 |  | － | － | 心009ア，0¢0 | とい，マ४マ，૧६० |
| $\xi$ | बघु | ₹¢२，${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | － | － | － | 习¢ア，965 | － |
| $\checkmark$ | विषि⿻्土 | १ソム，アロマ，०९३ |  | १६п，¢̧\％ | ¢マU，ム९ち | qY¢，0vo，水 | ¢ |
|  | बम्मा | १，३そら，らイヤ，0¢0 |  |  | २．¢ףち．२ア¢ | 9，5¢70，200，509 |  |

## लमिबती जनरल इन्स्योरेवस बन्पली लिमिटेड

आतर्थिक बर्ष २०ज\％／005
वित्तीय विबरणको अभिन्त अंगको रूपमा रहले अनुसूनीहक

## अनुसूची－२

लगानी，कर्लां तथा अन्यब्यट आय
रकम（र）

| क．सं． | बिबरण | यक्त बर्ष | गत बर्ष |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | सरकरी ₹ सरकारको जमानत प्राप्त सेक्यूरिटीनाट अं्य | २२०，¢乡० | ₹१२，३७ヤ |
| २ | वाणिज्य बैकको मुड़ती निकेपबाट शाय | ๆイ9，ईいゃ，○३以 | १२०，ห६ヶ，२१९ |
| ₹ | विकास बैंकको मुद्रती निक्षेपबाट आाय | २ち，०६२，०१९ | २ง，¢२イ，¢¢¢ |
| Y | नागरिक नगानी योजनाषाट आय | － | － |
| 4 | वित्तीय संस्थाको मुद्ती निकेपबाट आय | २，ム९१，२०९ | २，३०३， |
| $\xi$ | पब्लिक कम्पनीको साधारण \ोयरबाट नाभांश | いきら，Мく\％ | ¢ ¢₹，¢२₹ |
| $\checkmark$ | अग्राधिकार शोयरषाट लाभाश | － | － |
| G | ＊＊क तथा वित्तीय संस्याको डिवेन्चरबाट आय | － | － |
| $\rho$ | अन्यक्याट क्षाप | २，१५३，¢१० | 6，yoz，x9\％ |
|  | क）\ोयर निस्काशन घाम्बानी | － | － |
|  | ख）विविध आम्दानी | २，१¢३，¢¢0 |  |
| 90 | कर्जाताट जाय | － | － |
| ११ | अन्य निक्षेपबाट（मुत्ती वाहेक）माय | そ，以及 そ，¢¢¢ | イ，०४ร，¢¢9 |
| १२ | बगानी किकीमा नाफा | － | － |
|  | न्यून नगानी विक्रीमा नोक्सान | － | － |
| १\％ | नगानी（खरीद）मा नाफ़ | － | － |
|  | न्यून लगानी（खरीद）मा नोक्सान | － | － |
| 98 | स्पिर सम्पत्ती विकीबाट नाफा | － | ₹ 2 ， $5 ¢ 9$ |
|  | न्यून स्थिर सम्पत्ती विकीबाट नोक्सान | （r，२०п） | － |
| 94 | खाता अपलेख़न | － | － |
| १¢ | अधिल्ला वर्षसंग सम्बन्धित आय | ¢३，以¢ | － |
| 96 | अन्य औाय | － | － |
|  | चम्मा |  |  |

नगानी，कर्जां तथा बन्यबाट आयमो औौड़फँद्ध

|  | नाभा－नोष्ट्रान पिसाबसा सारोग | १०९，१६卬，१४० |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | अग्नी／सम्पत्ति चीमाको आय－ष्यय हिताभमा सारेको | ¢，\＄ワ9，२ค9 | ९，ฐけャ，ママ० |
| २ | सामुद्रिक बीमाको बाय－घ्यय हिसाबमा स्सारेको | १，२६४，ช०п |  |
| з | मोटर बीमाको धाय－व्यय हिसाबमा सारेको |  | ¢९，¢尹९，२० |
| $\gamma$ | द्वन्जिनियरी़्र बीमाको शाय－यय हिसाबमा सारेको | २，3¢ $0,5 ¢ \gamma$ | २，१६₹，หイ5 |
| 4 | बाली तथा पशुपंब्घी बीमाको काय－ष्यय हिसानमा सारेको | ¢ 5 ，¢¢ | १，२२४，99\％ |
| $\xi$ | नघु पीमाको आय－स्यय हिसाफमा सारेको | १，३¢ | － |
| $\checkmark$ | विविय बीमाको आय－ष्यय हिसाबमा स्षारेको |  | ३，¢¢¢，¢¢ |
|  | जम्मा |  |  |

लुम्बिनी जनरल इ़बस्योरेक्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड
आर्थिक बर्व रoज4/0७द
वित्तीय बिबरणको अभिन्न अंगको रुपमा रहने अनुसून्चीहर

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| दारी भुक्तानी |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { wi. } \\ & \text { षं. } \end{aligned}$ | सी किलिए | जासु घा. $\mathbf{0 .}$.मा परेषो जाती कुजाओ |  | एक्र आत. बै. अधि परेखी पात्य भुक्याओ |  | उद़्र था.स. पषि परोगो राली भूलग्री |  | तीन घा.त. कषि परेको पात्य भुजाली |  | नार बा.व. षा हो $\begin{aligned} & \text { लन्ब }\end{aligned}$ बधि परों वाबी भुत्तानी |  | कुम डाती भुत्तानी |  | क्न यावी भुक्तानीमा पुर्मामषणनी fिस्या |  | पारी भुत्तानी (बत) |  |
|  |  | यद बता | गत ax | यस बस | गत बस | यत्ब बम | गत बस | यस | गत बतो | यद बता | गत बता | यक बर्ष | गत बर्ष | यस बस्य | गत बसं | यक पर्य | गत बत्य |
| 9 | जानो/ชमात | 90, >u, ${ }^{\text {ate }}$ | T0, H (1) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | - | ¢ M | 1.002, $\chi_{0}$ |  | १:M,m | - | p,kr, oue | 80, \%o,nu |  | menns |  |  |  |
| $\bigcirc$ | ¢ापदीक | Strove |  |  |  |  | - |  | - | - | - | स, | x 2 Respo |  |  | vamex | M, \%erat |
| ; | मोटर | \%2, |  |  | 72\% | mistres | R120x,sm | 2, |  | $4 \times 3 \times 4 \times 0$ | 9,5mest |  |  | 48, mi, |  | roo,fo:3 |  |
| $\checkmark$ | (nantenty | \$vetua |  |  | 4,R¢5, \%op |  | सर,9¢ |  | - | 7.90, 90.7 | - | cerraxt |  | ¢ |  |  | 1.19 .40 |
| * | थानो क्रप पगW\% | xamsa | R,Iranp | \& Masco | 20xג70 |  | - |  | - | - | - | ¢xament | n, $\times \infty, 1 \times 1$ | x, | \% $\times$ xama |  | \$, \%oxir |
| \& | ब 4 | *-7, 304 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | 20, 304 |  |  | - | 2action |  |
| - |  | \%,00, 989 |  | 4,moran |  | *ม, \%\% | 50, $0^{2}$ |  | - | - |  | Funo,m | \%.grele | K.80, 194 | Rrsomen |  |  |
|  | कस्ता |  | \%¢, 10.15 | mermina |  | ตรศมเง |  | 2aty, | spor,ar | r,acree | Smm,oor | 4, |  | RRictm |  | ห? $\times 15$ | mosen, $5 \times 5$ |




## लुिनबी जनरल इन्स्योरेन्स कम्पली लिमिटेड

आर्थिक बर्ष २०७乡／०७६
अनुसूची－女
ख्यवस्थापन खर्च
रकम（द）

| －．．t． | बिबरण | यक्त बर्ष | गत बर्ष |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | कर्मचारी घर्च（अनुसूची ५．१ बमोल्बिम） |  | ¢r，9२5，rro |
| ？ | घर भाडा |  | ¢，300，२०२ |
| ） | बिजिनी तथा पानी | १，5＊0，205 | १，Ү¢，woy |
| $\gamma$ | मर्मत तथा सम्भार |  |  |
|  | （क）मबन | १，२ॅ¢，१३ァ | 80\％，090 |
|  | （ब）सषारी साघन | २ऐ5，प05 | २११，ヤธ¢ |
|  | （ग）कार्याजय उपकरण | ऐс३，२¢२ | ३३ฯ，0ヶ₹ |
|  | （घ）फर्निचर | S0，5¢5 | Kき， $\mathrm{\chi} \ddagger \times$ |
| 4 | संचार |  | ¢，¢イき， |
| $\xi$ | घ्पाई तथा मसनन्व |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ | खर्च हुने कार्पाजय सामान | － | 99以50 |
| 5 | परिवक्षन | ¢，0ア৩，¢0\％ | ช，3¢0，2\％ |
| ¢ | शैण घर्च（मत्ता समेत） |  |  |
|  | （क）धान्तरिक | 9，99\％，90\％ | sp\％．3¢ |
|  | （ब））दैदेपिएक | २०७，Яマ | イちア，¢くマ |
| 90 | वभिकर्ता तानिम सर्च | － | २₹，000 |
| १9 | घभिकर्ता（बन्य） | － | － |
| 97 | यीमाशुलक | CTE，YY\％ | 035，45\％ |
| १\％ | सुरका घर्च | १，¢०¢，२०० | ¢05，500 |
| १Y | कानूनी तथा परामर्शा खु］． | 9，¢३७，000 | १，¢¢૫，99¢ |
| 92 | पच पतिका तथा पुस्तरक | १३३，१६१ | 99¢，909 |
| १¢ | विन्तापन तथा प्रचार प्रसार | २，ห२३，095 | २，¢¢い， |
| 95 | व्यापार प्रबर्द्रन | 9．¢0u，¢イマ |  |
| 95 | अतिपी सत्कार | ¢，¢ワ३，200 |  |
| 98 | चन्दा तथा उपहार | १२Y，以ข | ३ちイ， |
| २० | संचालक स्रमिति सम्बन्दी घर्च |  |  |
|  | （क）बैठक मत्ता | ¢5\％，000 | ¢YY，200 |
|  | （ब）बन्य | ¢5，9\％ | 9ra，reo |
| ₹१ | अन्य समिति／ठप－समिति सम्बन्दी घर्च |  |  |
|  | （क）बैठक मत्ता | दut，000 | \¢9，000 |
|  | （ब）अन्य | YY૪，00३ |  |
| २२ | साघ्वारण समा सम्बन्घी घर्च | २९२，७Яマ | c®9，२४5 |
| २₹ | बेखा परीक्षण स्षम्बन्घी खर्च |  |  |
|  | （क）लेब्षा परीक्षण शुलक्ष | 970,000 | $9 \times 0,000$ |
|  | （ख）कर नेस्बा परीक्षण शुन्क | 970，000 | $9 \mathrm{qro,000}$ |
|  | （ग）बिस्तूत्त बेखा परीक्षण प्रतिबेदन शुल्क | २०，000 | २०，000 |
|  | （घ）बन्य गु］्क | － | － |
|  | （ह）आान्तरिक लेख्या परीकण घर्च | ३00，000 | 300，000 |
|  | （च）घन्य खर्च | १३，50才 | ३，rso |
| २ | थान | － | ३०5，90\％ |
| २ | ＊＊क वस्तूर | Эヤ३，२३९ | Үヤ२，६¢？ |
| マR | शुएक्ष तथा दस्तूर |  | १，05c，9ア৩ |
| २ | ［्ञास कही | 9१，9₹ఇ，9『¢ | 9\％，SEY，5心\％ |
| २5 | हुनाक टिक्ट | 8，550 | 90ミ，¢¢0 |
| $२ 9$ | समय | － | － |
|  | （क）विविध पर्य | ४，¢०२，¢१४ | 94，9¢9，＊＊9 |
|  | （ब）कर्याजय संचालन घर्च | १Y，0ง్̨，5¢0 | 9X，Y5Y，000 |
|  | （ग）बिडेशी मुद्रा समायोबन घर्च | －1，09 | ३い，Үア |
|  | बौड़सौउको हागि नम्मा |  |  |

（9）

## लमिबी जानरल हुण्सोरेन्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड <br> आर्थिक बर्ष २०७X／0け६ <br> वितीय दिबरणको अभिन्न अंगको हपमा रहने अनुसूचीहए

## व्यवस्थापन खर्चको बौँडकाँड

रकम（छ）

| क．रं． | बिबरण | यस ब बर्म | गत बर्म |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | नाफा－नोक्सान हिसाबमा सारेको | 9¢，६ア२，¢¢ |  |
| 9 | अग्नी／सम्पत्ति बीमाको श्राय－व्यय हिसाकमा सारेको | २৩，pp७，\％२ |  |
| २ | सामुद्दिक बीमाको व्वाय－ष्यय हिसालमा सारेको | Y，ア05，9\％0 |  |
| ₹ | मोटर बीमाको आय－व्यय हिसाबमा सारेको |  |  |
| $\gamma$ | पन्जिनियरीक्र बीमाको आय－ष्यय हिसाबमा सारेको | १૬，¢६१，9२¢ |  |
| 2 | वाली तथा पशुपंद्घी बीमाको क्राय－व्यय हिसादमा सारेको |  | ¢，イヤス，२२\％ |
| $\xi$ | नघु बीमाको क्वाय－व्यय हिसाबमा सारेको | ช9，90マ | － |
| $\bigcirc$ | विशिघ बीमाको आय－ष्यय हिसाबमा सारेको | १९，หヤ२，१९ร | 99，93\％，200 |
|  | चम्मा |  | १¢9，११२，¢¢ |

अनुसूनी－廿． 9
बर्मचारी खर्व
रकम（ऊ）

| ＊．t． | विबिरण | यष बर्ष | गत्त बर्य |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | तलब | ц૪，ร०२，和 | ४२，ヤ०२，१¢？ |
| ？ | मत्ता | マิ，95x，ช¢ | १६，३マ२，9\％ |
| \％ | वर्ँ बर्च |  | き，०३२，६¢し |
| $Y$ | सक्नपकोषमा घप | ३，5§Y，マ૧० | २，¢¢३，¢¢२ |
| 4 | तानिम प्रार्य | 9，3P৩，60\％ |  |
| $\xi$ | पोराक | － | － |
| $\checkmark$ | औपघोपषार | － | － |
| 5 | मीमा | 9，5verso | 5x0， $5 \times 7$ |
| 8 | पेन्सन तथा उपदान व्यबस्पा | め，หマ१，१९० | १६，३१३，३弓义 |
| 90 | विवा आापतको ब्बर्च तथा ष्यवस्था | ט，95¢，¢ \％ |  |
| 99 | भ्रन्य सुविष्षा बापत बर्च | १，०४¢．०१२ | 3q5，98？ |
| १२ | बन्घ |  |  |
|  | （\＄）अन्य कर्मचारी बर्च |  | 9，『fx，ヤY\％ |
|  | चम्मा | 90x，50ヶ，¢¢\％ |  |

लुमिबती जबरल इृन्स्योरेन्स कम्पजी लिमिंड़
आर्थिक बर्षं २००\%/00६
नित्तीय विनरणको अभिन्न अंगको र्पमा रहने अनुसूचीहक्


लूमिबनी जबरल इन्स्योरेन्स कन्पनी लिखिटेड

## आर्थिक बर्व २०७४／०७६ <br> बित्तीय बिबरणकों अभिन्न अंगकी रुपसा रहने अनुसूचीहर

## बनुसृची－७

आय－व्पय हिसाबबाट नाफा－नोक्सान हिंताबमा सारेको रकम
रकम（व）

| क． ¢． | बिबरण | बस ब बर्ष | गता बम |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | अग्नी／सम्पति तीमाको आय－ख्यय हिसाइ्यबाट सारेको |  | XY，3¢ |
| $₹$ | सामुन्रिक मीमाको बाय－ख्यय हिसाए－बाट सारेको | ง，१マ३．めら |  |
| ₹ | मोटर मीमाको काय－स्यय हिसाब्यबाट सारेको | १п३，२०п，ア२У |  |
| $\gamma$ | चन्चिनियरीः बीमाको भाय－व्यय हिसाबबाट सारेको | ¢．f¢x．grv |  |
|  | बानी तथा पशुपद्धी बीमाबो आय－ष्यय हिसापबाट सारेको | （१०， |  |
| \＆ | सघु गीमाबो बाय－ष्यय हिसाएलाट हारेको | （20ぬ， 50 ¢） |  |
| $\checkmark$ | विबिय बीमाके काय－ख्यय हिसायनाट सारेके | そ¢，२ヤง，̧oq | १¢，\5¢， |
|  | इसा |  |  |

बनुसूनी－द
ब्यबस्था किता
रकम（

| －．．．t． | बिकरण | पस बए | गत $\square^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | लगानीमा नोक्सानको लागि व्पबस्या फिर्ता | 550，000 | २，३ธᄃ，१叉 |
| ？ | कर्चास्ता नोक्सानको लागि व्यबस्या फिर्ता | － | － |
| ミ | रांकास्पद आसामी व्यवस्पा फिर्ता | イ\％ | 9，（69，25\％ |
| Y | अन्य ख्यवस्पा फिर्ता | － | － |
|  | चम्मा |  | ソ，9\％0，95\％ |

बनुसूनी－？
अपलेख्यन खर्चहए
रकम（6）

|  | बिकरण | थस बर्व | जता करों |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | प्रार्यम्मिक खर्षाहE | － | － |
| $₹$ | पूर्म संबालन खर्चह6 | － | － |
| 3 | पर सारिएका बर्चह्र | － | － |
| $\gamma$ | अपलेबन गरिएको लगानी | － | － |
| 4 | अपलेखन गरिएको कर्जा | － | － |
| E | अपलेख्नत गरिएको आसामी | － | － |
| 3 | अन्य अपलेख्यन | － | － |
| $\square$ | बस्ना | － | － |

## लविक्नी जणरल इन्स्योरेन्स कस्पबी लिलिटेड

## आर्थिक बर्ष २oטस／0ט६

वित्तीय विबरणको अभिन्न अंगको रुपसा रहने अनुसूचीहक

## अनुसूची－९क

सोयर सम्बन्द्धी खर्ण
रकम（6）

| （2．d． | बियरण | यक्ष बर्य | गत्र बर्ष |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | पोयर निएकासन खर्व | 954，000 | २२२，0メし |
| ₹ | तोयर शबिन्ट्रेसन बर्ष | 130，996 |  |
| 3 | ¢ोयर सुचिकरण सर्च | 9ソマ，0マษ | 106，400 |
| Y | नामांख वितरण बर्ष | － | － |
| 4 | ไोयर सम्बन्धी श्यन्य बर्च | － | － |
|  | चन्मा | 9，70४．988 | 9，709，794 |

अनुसूची－१०

| क．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | पिक्षण | यस्त बर्प | गत घर्प |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | दण्ड चरिबाना | － | － |
| ₹ | बिलम्ब शुन्क चरिबाना | － | － |
| ३ | बन्य | － | － |
|  | नम्मा | － | － |

## अनुसूची－११

नोक्सानीको लागि व्यवस्था
रकम（6）

| क．di． | बिबरण | यस्त | गत बर्ष |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| १． | लगानीमा नोक्सारीको हाणि ख्यषस्था | १，०२ए，१६० | 550，000 |
| $\eta$. | कर्जामा नोक्सानीको लागि ख्यबस्था | － | － |
| ほ． | शांकास्पव्व आसामी व्यक्यस्पा | イ¢，99\％，969 | Y，y07，¢x |
| Y | बन्य ख्यक्षस्पा | － | － |
|  | चम्मा |  |  |

## अनुसूची－१२

चीमा कोष
रकम（6）

| －$\quad$. | बैमाको निलित | इर्षका ड़ष्का बीमा कोष |  | नाष्क नीक्सान ी़स्साबबाट स्षारेको |  | Q4मों बन्त्पया बीका कोष |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | यक्ष बर्ष | गत बर्म | यत्र खर्ष | गत बर्ष | यक्ष बर्ष | गत्त बर्ष |
| 9 | घग्नी／सम्पति |  |  |  | १२，৩२०，ove | －x，¢¢9，0Р२ |  |
| २ | सामुद्रिक |  | 5，5rr，99\％ | २，305，5¢\％ | २，¢१३，妆 | 93， 5 ¢¢，心以？ | 99，4x0， $5 \times 0$ |
| ३ | मोटर | ₹ $₹ \uparrow$ ，०६¢，०१६ |  |  |  |  | 39¢，06¢，09\％ |
| $\gamma$ | छन्चिनियरीश | 90，924，¢（so | 5，३२5，३55 | ₹，१३२，३३ | १，5२บ，0¢マ | १३，२¢¢，3¢\％ | 90，9x\％，riso |
| 4 | बानी तथा पगुपुपंदी | 9，セイ9，5¢\％ |  | － | 9，$\times$ ¢ | 9，8イヶ，\％\％ | १，¢イ१，७9\％ |
| $\ddagger$ | बषु | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| $\bullet$ | विबिघ | २そ， 5 ¢ | २०，タマ¢¢ |  |  |  | र6，55\％， 0 \％ |
|  | चम्मा |  |  |  |  |  |  |

लूविबती जबरल इन्स्योरेन्स कन्पनी लिखिटेड

## आर्थिक बर्व २०७४／o७६ <br> बित्तीय विबरणकों अभिन्न अंगकी रुपमा रहने अनुसूचीहर

## घनुसूत्री－१३

（क）ओोयर पूँनी
रकम（क）

|  | दियरण | यत्र ब1 | गT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | यंधिक्त पौनी |  |  |
|  | क） $\mathbf{8 .} 900$ दरको $900,00,000$ घान घक्यूटी \ोयर | 9，260，000，000 | 9，000，000，000 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | ग）ฐ．．．．．．．．．दरको ．．．．．．थान परिबर्तनीय घग्राधिकार षोयर |  |  |
| २． | चारी प्ती |  |  |
|  | क）र． 9001 बरके ₹₹，00，000 बान इम्यूटी षोयर | 550，000，000 | 550，000，000 |
|  | ख）区．．．．．．．．．．．．बरको ．．．．पान धपरिबर्तनीय घग्राधिकार पोयर |  |  |
|  | ग）ฐ．．．．．．．．．．दरको ．．．．．．थान परिबर्तनीय कर्राधिकार षोयर |  |  |
| \％． | चुत्ता प्ची |  |  |
|  | क）रु． 9001 बरके ₹₹，00，000 घान ₹क्यूटी षोयर | 550，000，000 | 550，000，000 |
|  | न्यून：भुक्तानी प्राप्त हुन बौकी 区．．．．दरको ．．．4ान घक्यूटी ऐोयर |  |  |
|  | ख）区．．．．．．．．．．．परको ．．．．पान धपरिबर्तनीय अग्राधिकार पोयर |  |  |
|  | ग）区．．．．．．．．．．दरको ．．．．．．थान परिबर्तनीय अग्राधिकार घोयर |  |  |
|  | घ）बोनस \ोयरवाट आाएकों फयाक्सन पोयर |  |  |
|  | चम्मा चुत्ता पौनी | 550，000，000 | 550，000，000 |

（ख）योपर स्वामित्बकों सरहना
रकम（क）

| पोयरघनी |  | यक्ष ब1 |  | गत बर्ष |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | साघारण मयर षौचा | स्यामित्यको प्रतियात | साषारण और शैना | F－लमित्पयो प्रतियात |
| संस्पापक | नेपासी संगट्ति संस्थाहV | १¢， 5 Y，000 | 95 | १，¢5Y，000 | 95 |
|  | नैपाली नागरिक | २，\＄OY，000 | ३३ | र，\＄OY，000 | ३३ |
|  | विदेशी | － |  | － |  |
|  | कम्य | Y，ช55，000 | 49 | ช，ชद5，000 | 49 |
| सर्बसाधारण |  | Y，रิ२，000 | Y | Y，792，000 | Y |
| अन्य |  | － |  | － |  |
| पन |  | 5，500，000 | 900 | 5，500，000 | 900 |

# लुम्बिनी जारल इक्सयरुण्स कस्पणी लिमिटेड 

## आर्थिक बर्ष २oby／0ט६ <br> वित्तीय विबरणको अभिन्न अंगको रूपसा रहने अनुसूचीहक

（ग）एक प्रतियात का सो भन्वा यढ़ी तोषर स्वमित्व कएका रोपरबनीहएको किसरण

| ¢．${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ ． | किजरण | स्नापथ由पर संज्या | सबर्साषारण कोपर संस्बा | यस ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | जात ब बप |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | र6म（c） |  | रषम（6） |  |
| 9 |  | ¢¢२，¢¢ |  | ¢¢，¢心ค，Үо३ | ¢．5Y\％ |  | \＄．5Y\％ |
| २ | बी मनोहर बास मूल | －¢¢， 5 引३ | ११ษ，२ヤๆ |  | 8．ヶ२\％ | ᄃ¢，You，ห₹？ | 90．00\％ |
| ₹ | बी नेपाल हिमानयन ट्रेड कम्पनी प्रा．लि． | 4¢0，\＄99 | १，0レ® |  | ¢．3९\％ | \¢，२os，¢¢¢ | ६．ร९\％ |
| Y | बी राकर घियिये | スฯ9，७૪マ | 9१¢，ห¢ | ३习，१२२，¢¢ | ३． W \％\％ | ३३，9マ२，३६७ | 7．以明 |
| $\underline{ }$ | बी पुरज कैष | 399，900 | १३，¢¢¢ |  | 3．6．\％ | ই२，『レ5，\＄90 | 3．9\％\％ |
| $\leqslant$ | बी चिन्तामीण भट्रार्ष | qu9，¢7\％ | 90२，05२ | २5，9\％0，マ冖与 | ३． $20 \%$ |  | ₹．20\％ |
| $\checkmark$ | मी अस्ग राब शेष्षे | 9rさ，99\％ | 乡P，\®o | マ०，ちぞ5，マロ३ | २．引७\％ | マO，ムきの，マロミ | २．३4\％ |
| 5 | मी मिरेन्ब बडानार्य | qre，prz | Y0， XH | マ०，840，0¢० | २．32\％ | 20，840，090 | २．३२\％ |
| 1 | घीमती रीना सिल राणा（स्ब．प्रत्रान ज．．ब．रा．） | ११४，9¢5 | छษ， |  | २．०४\％ | 9，¢05， $5 \times$ ¢ | २．0ヶ\％ |
| 90 | बी प्रेस बहापुर बेष्ठ | 9\％\％解5 | 0，¢0\％ |  | 9．§2\％ | १४，マアメ，¢9 | 9．§2\％ |
| 99 | मी गोपात्र हमान | ¢२，Vण | ₹०，¢00 | 9१，३२७，३७\％ | १．マ®\％ | १२，ち5૪，000 | 9．7ヶ\％ |
| १२ | घी लोकराब पन्त | ११२，१९¢ | ₹ | ११，२२०，०४¢ | १．२ヶ\％ | 99，マイ९，600 | 9．२৩\％ |
| १३ | बी डेन्ट्रत फाइनान्त क．लि． | ११२，9̊を | २ | ११，२२०，०४¢ | 9．२ヶ\％ | 99，＊マ9，600 | 9．२ง\％ |
| $9 \times$ | बी रामकाजी गुरा केने | q06，0ヶ9 | २，995 | 90， 809, ¢¢ ¢ $^{\text {¢ }}$ | १．२૪\％ | 5，\＄99，000 | 9．00\％ |
| 94 | बी स्सनरार्बज बैक लि．（साबिक नारायणी नेश्रानल फाद्रनान्स्त क．लि．） | 5》，門0 | ¢，5¢\％ | －¢ ¢ ¢ ¢ ，\％ 5 | 9．0ヶ\％ | 5，शजk，900 | १．०२\％ |
| १¢ | मी कुमारी चैक लि．（साविक परिषमान्चल फाद्रनान्स क．नि．） | ム¢，ज¢9 | － | ¢， 9 95，900 | 9．07\％ | ¢，¢¢ ¢，¢00 | 9．0ヶ\％ |
| 95 | मी भबध्वज बुंगाना | ¢0，05\％ | ३マ，०२४ | 5．899，0x0 | 9．09\％ | 5，0¢\％，200 | 0．92\％ |
| 95 | बी स्वष्प गुरश कोने | ใ日，イР४ | ७，२२¢ | 50，¢廿⿻ | 0． 527 |  | 9．90\％ |

लाविबनी जबरल इन्स्योरेन्स कन्पनी लिखिटेड

## अर्थिक बर्ष २०งय／0७६

बित्तीय बिबरणकों अभिन्न अंगकी रुपमा रहने अनुसूचीहर
अनुसूबी－ 98
जगेडा तथा कोष $\quad$ रक्म（क）

| －．a． | ¢ियरण | यं बर्ष | गT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | स्पगन कर जगेड़ा | 90，\％00，5२9 | ११，ษ१¢，¢¢ |
| 7 | बीमा जगेद्रा |  | १， 5 ¢ |
| ₹ | पूँजीगत जगेग़ा | － | － |
| $\gamma$ | विशोष जगेडा | － | － |
| \％ | अन्य जगेड़्डा | － | － |
| $\xi$ | \ोया प्रिमियम | － | ३0，¢Y२，Y\9 |
| $\checkmark$ | प्रस्तावित कोनश ऐोयर | 54，500，000 | － |
| 5 | पूँजीक्त हुन नाकी बोनस \ोयर | － | － |
| 8 | नाफा－नोक्सान हिसाबडाट सारेको नाफा | १३い，ףイメ，马ミ० |  |
|  | जम्ना |  | ๆY心，¢ง，\％Y\％ |

बनुसूरी－१प
महा－विपत्ति बरोडा
रक्म（र）

| बर्बको पुष्मा महा－वियत्ति चलेडा |  | नाफा－बोफ्तान किसाबताट सारेको |  | सर्षयो सन्त्पमा महा－कियति चगेडा |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| यच बर्ष | गा बर्ष | पस बर्ष | गत बर्ष | यस बर्ष | गत बर्ष |
|  | 20，00¢， 99 | 90，9¢9，098 | 99，Р९२．9४5 | YP，\％३०，5以5 |  |
| ぽ，戒？，0以！ | 20， $0 \times 5$ | 90，9\％9， | १9，\＄९マ，ףソ5 |  | 习e， 5 ¢，okf |

## बनुसूजी－१६

तिन्न बाँकी बीरिकालिन उरण तभा सापटी
रक्म（र）

| －$\quad$. ．${ }_{\text {d }}$ ． | कियरण | यहत्त बर्य | गत बर्ष |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | हिबेन्बर／बण्ड | － | － |
| २ | बैं | － | － |
| ₹ | वित्तीय संस्मा | － | － |
| $Y$ | बन्य | － | － |
|  | अन्या | － | － |

अनुसूची－१ง
स्मिनर सम्पत्ति विबरण
रक्म（ ${ }^{(6)}$

| विबत्ण | परस मोष |  |  |  | जाएक कही |  |  |  | बूट मोप |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | तुण मौजारा | यस घर्ष बयेतो | यक्ण पर्य घटेको | नम्सा | गती बर्ससप्म | यक ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | नियो／ष्यायोन्न | नसमा | वस क्षर्षतम्मको | गत बर्षसम्मको |
| फ्रि होल्ड जमिन | ₹口，¢以¢，M\％ | － |  | ＊5，EWM， Mq | － | － |  | － |  |  |
| मषन |  | － |  |  |  | २．3才 |  | 95，Yoo， 2 ¢\％ | Yr，ozr，00Y |  |
| फर्निचर तथा फिक्स्चर्स |  |  |  | १¢，¢९१，¢¢ | १३，イ¢9，Р9\％ | १，३र0，5¢5 |  |  | Y，¢re，oup | \％，пアг，905 |
| कार्याजय हामान |  |  | १ง，マケ¢ | २०，ห२，，२¢¢ | १ఇ，吹，¢\％ | १，イ¢ ¢，¢९P | १，¢०२ |  |  |  |
| कम्प्पूटर तथा सूचना प्रभिधी उपकरण |  | 9，595，960 | － |  |  | १，3¢，${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | － | 5，\｛0そ，以く5 | 8，be9，¢¢ |  |
| घटृष्य सम्पत्ति（विवरण सुलाउने） | － |  |  | － | － |  |  | － | － | － |
| सबारी साघन | М，о२२，，¢¢¢ |  |  | X9， 9 ¢0，Ma | स，Tru， ¢ $^{\text {¢ }}$ | Y，tor， $\mathbf{6 x}$ |  | २2，以上， |  | २r，Gor，¢op |
| लिब तोन्ह सम्पत्ति | KFF，o¢\％ |  |  | K쿠， 0 ¢ | 从ミヲ， 0 ¢ |  |  |  | － | － |
| बन्य（प्रकृति घुलाउने） | － |  |  | － | － |  |  | － | － | － |
| नम्मा |  | ¢，३९९，२२₹ | १ง，२४＞ | २०६，४०९，९৭२ | ง२，२२०，\＄ou | ११，१२จ，＞९§ | १，२०२ |  |  |  |
| निर्माणाध्तिन पूँजीगत बर्ष |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 두त | 9¢¢，¢00， 5 設 |  | १७，२૫¢ | २о६，ห०९，ห9\％ | ७२，२२७，ఇou |  | १．20マ |  | 9ママ，9¢q |  |
| गत－${ }^{\text {a }}$ | १¢२，200，5¢ |  | २，099，97 | १¢9，ห¢¢，¢¢\ | Yo，3＜5，979 | 90，8ア5，弡5 | 9＊5，ロー |  |  | १२०，ธ२७，qヤจ |

लमिब्बिनी जलरल इुक्स्योरेन्स कम्पनी लिखिटेड

## आर्थिक बर्ष २०७\%/ov६ <br> बित्तीय विबरणकों अभिन्न अंगकी रुपमा रहने अनुसूचीछह



घनुसूची 95.9
रोयरमा लगानी
रकम（6）

| －．．．．f． | कम्पनी | प्रत रक्म | मंकित्त मूल्य | परत मूल्य | बजार मृल्य |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ताषारण गयर |  |  |  |  |
| 9 |  | 4，995，696 | 2，995，490 | $4,995,109$ | ૪，૪マ०，ই२३ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| २ |  | K（v），300 | K（v），300 | K（ve， 300 | ९ア२，¢け३ |
|  | बलबिद्डुत लगानी तथा विकाश कमपनीको $x, \bigcirc \bigcirc$ पान छ．१६१ वरके तोषर |  |  |  | ¢3， 29 |
| \％ |  | ૪，900 | Y，900 | Y，900 | マ१，ヶ9マ |
|  |  | छ，ヶ00 | छ，ち00 | §，ち00 | ३\％，96\％ |
|  | मेये गाइको फार्हनान्甘 वित्तिय संस्पा को २ิ बान के ५३२ को बोनस पोषर |  |  |  | १३，¢アマ |
| $\boldsymbol{Y}$ |  | 9，800 | 9，800 | 9,800 | २5，१२० |
|  | नेसावन मात्यको फाद्नान्त मिन्तिप संस्पा को १० पान व．१४\％० दरको बोनष गोयर |  |  |  | १イ，500 |
| 2 | प्यीन डेषलपमेन्ट＊ैब लिमिटेड को $90 \%$ बान б． 900 दरखे गोयर | 90， 200 | 90,400 | 90，400 | १२．0७\％ |
|  | गीन डेमनपमेन्ट＊ैक लिमिटेड को र२० पान हबपद रु．१०० दरको गोयर | ४२，000 | Ү२，000 | r२，000 | Y，३oo |
| $\xi$ | सुर्यॉडय लघु विन्तिय सस्पा को 90 बान रु． 900 दरखो होयर | 9，000 | १，000 | 9，000 | Ч，¢̧० |
|  |  | voo | voo | voo | ¢，¢ ¢ |
|  | सुर्योपय लघु वित्तिय संस्पा बो ९ पान ह．ज़ः दरखे बोनस गोयर |  |  |  | 0，इう |
| $\checkmark$ | ब्वारएपड़िसी मघु पित्तिप संस्षा को १० पान ฐ． 900 दरको पोषर | 9，000 | 9，000 | 9，000 | §，ヤ३० |
|  |  | छ，ヤ०० | छ，४०0 | छ，＞00 | २，¢乡२ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4，ช¢5 |
| 8 | बठण काबेनी पाबर क्मनीबों २१४ पान उ． 900 दरवो যोयर |  | 29， 8 OO | P9，400 | 4义，¢50 |
|  | सिनर्णी पाबर ठेपलपमेन्ट क्म्पनीको ई१६ पान छु． 900 दरवो गोयर | ¢，¢00 | ¢，¢00 | ¢，¢\％0 | ¢ $2 . \times$ ， |
| 90 |  |  | २，ソヶ0，＊マぬ | २，ヶ¢0，${ }^{\text {P\％}}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | १，ร99，०マา |
| 99 |  | २，9०२，＊00 | २，१०२，ง00 | २，१२०，（00 | १，9११，¢¢0 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 9，9१9．\％६० |
| १२ |  | 90，020，000 | 90，020，000 | 90，020，000 | －1，950，000 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 695，000 |
| १\％ |  | Y，200，000 | Y，200，000 | Y，200，000 | \％，0४0，000 |
|  | अभ्ना | २४，द¢¢७，१४२ |  | २४，¢¢ऐ，१४२ |  |




लून्बिली जणरल इन्र्योरेब्स क्म्पनी लिकिटेड

## आर्थिक बर्ष २०७४／०७६ वितीय विवरणको अभिन्न अंगको रुपमा र <br> वितीय बिवरणको अभिन्न अंगको रुपमा रहने अनूसूचीहर

३Үマ，૦п६，०»9

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लमिबिनी जबरल इुठ्सोरेब्स कम्पनी लिझिटेड

## आर्बिक बर्ष २००\%/00६ <br> वित्तीय बिबरणको अभिन्न अंगको र्पमा रहने अनुसूचीहए




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# बानुमूच्री २र <br> वित्तीय विवरण संग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीतिहरू 

## परिचय :

बुम्बिनी जनरल ईन्स्योरेन्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड (Lumbini General Insurance Company Limited) कम्पनी ऐन अन्त्रर्गत मिति २०६१ साल पौष ०९ गते स्थापित सीमित दायित्व भएको कम्पनी हो। यसको रजिस्टर्द कार्यालय ज्ञानेश्वर, काठमाड्डौंमा रहेको छ। यो कम्पनीका शेयरहरू नेपाल धितोपत्र विनिमय वजार लिमिटेउमा सूचिक्त छ तथा यसले बीमा समितिबाट बीमा ऐन, २०४९ को दफा १० को उपदफा ३ तथा बीमा नियमावली, २०४९ को नियम ८ को उपनियम (१) बमोजिम निर्जीवन बीमा व्यवसाय सञ्चालन गर्न मिति २०६२ साल अषाढ ३१ गते इजाजतप्राप्त गरेको हो । आर्थिक वर्ष २०७५ साल श्रावण १ देखि २०७६ साल अषाढ ३१ गते सम्मको संग्लग्न वित्तीय विवरणहरू यस कम्पनीको संचालक समितिको बैठकले मिति २०७६ साल माघ १२ गते स्वीकृति प्राप्त गरेको तथा विमा समितीको निर्देशनुसार परिमार्जन गरी फागुन १२ गते स्वीकृति प्राप्त गरेक छ।
१. वित्तीय विनरण तयारीका आद्यारहरू : यस कम्पनीको वित्तीय विवरणहरू ऐतिहासिक मूल्य अवधारणा (Historical Cost Convention) र व्यवसायको निरन्तरता (Going Concem) को आधारमा स्पष्ट रूपमा लेखा सम्बनिध टिप्पणीहरू अन्यथा उल्लेखित गरिएकोमा बाहेक प्रोदभावी (Accrual) आधारमा लेखाट्ट्न गरी सामान्यतया सर्वमान्य लेखा सिद्धान्तहरू (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles), नेपाल चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्ट संस्थाबाट जारी नेपाल लेखामान (Nepal Accounting Stendards-NAS), कम्पनी ऐन २०६३, बीमा ऐन २०४९, बीमा नियमावली २०४९, तथा बीमा समितिको वित्तीय विवरण सम्बन्धी निर्दशिका २०६५ को अधिनमा बीमा ब्यदसाय रहेको प्रचलन समेतलाई ध्यानमा राखि तयार गरिएको छ।
२. स्थिर सम्पत्ति हेखाहुन नीति : स्थिर सम्पत्तिहरू ऐतिहासिक मूल्य अवधारणाका आधारमा लागत मूल्यमा हासकट्टी गरी देखाईएको छ। सम्पति प्राप्त गर्नको लागि गरिएको खर्च तथा स्थापना खर्चलाई लागत मूल्यमा पुँजीकरण गरिएको छ।
३. ह्वासकट्टि लेखाहुन नीतिः चातु आब. मा थपिएका स्थिर सम्पतिहरूको ह्वास कट्टी आयकर ऐन, २०५८ द्वारा निदेश्शित दर तथा तरिका अनुसार घट्दो मूल्य प्रणाली (Diminishing Balance Method) को आधारमा हास कट्टी गरिएको छ।
8. पूँजीकृत नगरिने सम्पत्तिहरू सम्वन्धि लेखांक्रन नीति : कम्पनिले खरिद गरेको सबै स्थिर प्रकृतिका सम्पतिहरू पूँजीकृत गरिने नीति लिईएको छ। साथै रू. $90,000 /$ भन्दा कम मूल्यको सम्पत्तिलाई खरिद गरिएकै समयमा खर्च लेखिएको छ।
4. आयकर तथा स्थगन कर व्यबस्था नीति : आयकर ऐन, २०४ट को अधिनमा रही आयकर व्यवस्था गरिएको छ। वित्तीय विवरण अनुसारको सम्पत्ति तथा दायित्वको रकम तथा करका आधार बीच फरक भई श्रृजना हुने अस्थायी अन्तर (Temporary Difference) को कारणले भविष्यमा भृृृना हुने कर दायित्व तथा सम्पत्तिको लगत राखे उदेश्यले स्थगन करको लेखाडून गरिएको छ। स्थगन कर सम्पत्ति तथा दायित्व मापन गर्नका लागि जुन वर्षमा अस्थायी अन्तर समायोजन हुन सकछ सोही वर्षका लागि ऐनद्वारा लागु भईसकेको करको दर वाहालको करको दर लागु हुने अनुमान गरीएको छ। सायै स्थगन कर सम्पत्ति वा दायित्व्वाई भविष्यमा पर्याप्त करयोग्य भाय सिर्जित भई उक्त करयोग्य आयमा समायोजन गर्न सक्ने अनुमान गरी लेखाङ़न गरिएको छ। स्थगन कर सम्पत्ति तथा दायित्व्वलाई समायोजन (Net-Off) गरी अन्य सम्पत्ति अन्तर्गत देखाईएको छ ।

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६. लगानी लेखाहुन नीति : लगानी लेखाङुनको सम्बभ्धमा कम्पनीले बीमा समितिको लगानी निर्देशिकाको अधिनमा रही देहाए बमोजिम लेखाङ్ नीति लिएको छ :
(क) नेपाल सरकारको बचतपत्र ₹ ऋणपत्रमा गरिएको लगानीलाई अच्तित मूल्य वा परल मूल्य मध्ये जुन घटी छ सोही मूल्यमा लेखाख्नन गरिएको छ।
(ख) खण्ड (क) बमोजिमको लगानीको अङ्तित मूल्यभन्दा परल मूल्य बढी भएको भएमा त्यस्तो बढी रकमलाई स्थगन गरिएको खर्च (Deferred Expenditure) को रूपमा लेखाङ्न गरी सो खर्चलाई त्यस्तो लगानीको अवधि भित्र समानुपातिक आधारमा (Pro-rata Basis) मा अपलेखन गर्ने नीति अपनाईएको छ ।
(ग) बैक/वित्तीय संस्थाको मुद्दती निक्षेपमा गरिएको लगानीको लेखाङुन सांवा मूल्यको आधारमा गरिएको छ।
(घ) पब्लिक लिमिटेड कम्पनीले जारी गरेका ऊण्वपन्न हरूमा गरिएको लगानीको लेखाङ्न परल मूल्यको आधारमा गरिएको छ। ऋणपत्रहरूको लगानी मूल्यमा स्थायी मूल्य हास नभएसम्म मूल्यह्इस व्यवस्था गरिएको छैन।
(ङ) अल्पकालिन लगानीलाई लागत मूल्य वा बजार मूल्य जुनकम छ सोहि आधारमा लेखाङ्णन गरिएको छ।
(च) नेपाल पुनर्बीमा कम्पनि लिमिटेडमा गरेको ऊगानीलाई परल मूल्यमा लेखाकन गर्ने नीति लिईएको छ।
७. सटही घटबब समायोजन नीति: विदेशी मुद्रामा भएको कारोबारहरूको लेखांकन सोहि मितिको बैंक खरिद दरमा गरिएको छ। विदेशी मुद्दामा रहेको सम्पत्ति एवं दायित्वहरू लाई वर्षान्तको बैक खरिद दर अनुसार रूपान्तरण गरिएको छ र सो बाट उत्पन्न फरकलाई नाफा-नोक्सान हिसाबमा लेखांकन गर्ने नीति लिईएको छ ।
<. बीमा शुल्क आन्दानी लेखाछुन नीति :
(क) बीमा शुल्क आम्दानी बीमा समितिको निर्देशिका अनुसार नगद प्राप्तिको आधारमा लेखाङ్न गरिएको छ। तर नगद प्राप्ति मिति भन्दा बीमाशुल्क भुक्तानी गर्नु पर्न मिति पछि भएमा पछिल्को मितिमा शुल्क आम्दानी बाध्ने नीति लिईएको छ।
(ख) पुनर्बीमा स्वीकार गरे बापत प्राप्तहुने बीमा शुल्क आम्दानीको लेखाङ़न प्रोदमावी (Accrual) आधारमा गरिएको छ।
(ग) वीमाशुल्क एक वर्षभन्दा बढी अवधिको लागि एकमुष्ठ प्राप्त भएमा बीमा अवधिको समानुपातिक रूपमा चालु आर्थिक वर्षको लागि हुन आउने बीमा शुल्क आम्दानी बाँची बांकी रहेको रकम छुटै धरौटी खातामा रखिएको छ। तर एकल वीमाशुल्क तोकिएको वीमाको हकमा यो व्यवस्था लागु हुने छैन।
8. पूनर्बीमा कमिशन आम्दानी लेखाद्नुन नीति : पूनर्बीमा कम्पनी बाट प्राप्त कमिशन लाई प्रोदभावी (Accrual) आधारमा आम्दानी लेखाडुन गरिएको छ।
१०. अन्य आय लेखाहुन तथा वाहफांद्ध नीतिः कम्पनीले लगानीमा प्राप्त गर्ने ब्याज तथा अन्य आम्दानीलाई प्रोदभावी (Accrual) आधारमा लेखांकन गरी बीमा समितिको निर्देशिका अनुसार कुल आम्दानी लाई आय-व्यय हिसाब तथा नाफा-नोक्सान हिसाबको भार बमोजिम बांडफाड गरिएको छ।
११. कर्जा लेखाछुन नीतिः कम्पनीले आफ्नो कर्मचारीहरूलाई कर्मचारी नियमावत्री अन्तर्गत दिइएको कर्जा बाहेक अरु कुनै पनि प्रकारको कर्जा दिएको छैन।
१२. व्यवस्थापन खर्थ बाँउफाँड नीति : व्यवस्थापन खर्चको ९० प्रतिशत लाई वीमा समितिको निर्देशिका अनुसार प्रत्येक आय हिसाबहरूमा र बांकी १० प्रतिशत नाफा-नोक्सान हिसाबमा बाँडफाँड गर्ने नीति लिइएको छ।
93. बीमादावी भुक्तानी खर्च हेखाहुन नीति : कम्पनीले दाबी को ल्गागत गणना गर्दा बीमालेख बमोजिम भुक्तानी गर्नुपर्ने रकम तथा सो दावी फछ्र्य्यको लागि आवश्यक परामर्श तथा अनुसम्धान खर्च समावेश गरी लेखाङुन गर्ने नीति लिईएको छ, तर बीमकको पदाधिकारी वा कर्मचारीले गरेको कामको पारिश्रमिक ₹ अन्यखर्च बापतको ₹कम समावेश गरेको छैन।
98. बीमा दावी जापत दायित्व व्यवस्था लेखाहुन नीति : वीमा समितिको निर्देशिका अनुसार सूचित गरिएको बीमा दारीको दायित्व ब्रापत दाबी रकमको ११५ प्रतिशत व्यकस्था गरिएको छ।
१५. बीमाकोष सम्ब्धनमा : बीमा नियमावली २०४९ को दफा १५(ग) तथा म्री बीमा समितिको निर्देशिका अनुसार चुक्तापुँजी बराबर नभए सम्म खुद नाफाको 40 प्रतिशतले हुन आउने रकम बीमाकोष मा सार्ने गरिएको छ। उक्त रकमलाई प्रत्येक आय हिसाबको बन्तत को भारलाई आधारमा प्रत्येक किसिमको बीमासंग सम्बन्धित कोषमा बांडफांड गर्न गरिएको छ।
१६. कर्मचारी उपदान, विदा तथा अन्य सुविधा बापत व्यकस्था नीति : कम्पनीले कर्मचारी उपदान, विदा तथा अन्य सुविधा बापत गरिएको खर्चलाई प्रोदभावी आधारमा (Accrual Basis) हेखाङुन गरेको छ। उपदान, विदा तथा अन्य सुविधा बापतको रकमको भुकानी, भुकानी गरिने समयको अन्तिम तलबमान (Payment on the basis of last drawn salary) अनुसार गर्ने गरिएको छ ।
99. इंकास्पद आसामी व्यवस्था नीति : शंकास्पद आसामी बापत शतप्रतिशत व्यवस्था गरिकन नाफा नोक्सान हिसाब मा लेखान्कन गर्ने गरिएको छ। उक्त व्यवस्था गरिएको रकम प्राप्त भएमा प्राप्त भएको आर्थिक वर्षमा आम्दानी लेखाछुन गर्ने गरिएको छ।
१८. अपलेखन खर्च लेखाहून नीति : पट्टाको सम्पत्तिमा गरिएको खर्चलाई $५$ वर्ष वा पट्टा सम्फौता को अवधि जुन कम छ सोहि अनुसार खर्च लेखने नीति अवलम्वन गरिएको छ।

## १९. अन्य नीतिहरु :

क) बोनस ऐन, २०३० बमोजिम तथा मिति २०७३ श्रावण ३० गतेको श्री सर्बोच्च अदालतको नजिरको आधारमा को इजलास अनुसार को 90 प्रतिशत रकम कर्मचारी बोनस व्यवस्था गर्ने गरिएको छ ।
ख) लगानी बाट आम्दानी नीतिः ऊगानीबाट प्राप्त हुने आम्दानी प्रोदभावी र लाभाश आम्दानी नगद प्राप्तिको आधारमा लेखांकन गर्ने नीति रहेको छ।
ग) असमाप्त जोखिम जगेडा लेखाङ्रन नीति : कम्पनीले बीमा नियमावली, २०४९ तथा बीमा ऐन, २०४९ बमोजिम असमाप्त जोखिम जगेड्डा ब्रापत खुद बीमा शुल्कको 40 प्रतिशत रकमले व्यवस्थागर्ने नीति रहेको छ। सार्थै निर्देशिका अनुसार व्यवस्था गरेको रकमलाई पछिल्क्रो आर्थिक बर्षमा आम्दानी जनाउने, तर सामुद्रिक बीमाको हकमा तीनबर्ष पछिको आर्थिक बर्षमा आम्दानी जनाउने नीति रहेको छ।

घ) पुनर्बीमा चुल्क खर्च लेखांकन नीतिः पुनर्बीमा घुल्क खर्चलाई प्रोदभावी आधारमा लेखांकन गर्ने नीति रहेको छ।
ङ) ल्रगानी वर्गीकरण नीति: वासलातको दिनमा कायम रहेको लगानीहरूको अन्तिम भुक्तानी मिति एक वर्ष भन्दा बढी भएको लगानीहरूलाई दीर्घकालीन लगानीको रूपसा र सो भन्दा वाहेकको लगानीलाई अल्पकालीन लगानीको रूपमा देखाउने नीति लिईएको छ।

## （1）＂wnemanan

## अनुसूच्बी－२६ <br> वित्तीय विवरण संग सम्बन्धित लेखा सम्बन्धी टिप्पणीहरू

१．सम्भावित दायित्वहरू ：
अ）चुक्ता वा भुक्तानी हुन बाँकी लगानीः नभएको।
आ）प्रत्याभूति प्रतिबद्धता（Underwriting Commitments）：नभएको।
इ）बीमालेख अन्तर्गतका दाबी भन्दा बाहेक अन्यबाट बीमक उपर कुनै दावी परेको तर कम्पनीले दायित्व स्वीकार नगरेकोः नभएको।
ई）कम्पनीले वा कम्पनीको तर्फबाट दिईएको ग्यारेण्टी ：नभएको।
उ）अन्य दायित्व ：नभएको।
२．भुत्तानी गर्न बौकी दावी बापत दायित्व मूल्यान गर्दा अवलम्बन गरिएका आघारहरू：
क）भुक्तानी गर्न बाँकी दावी बापत दायित्वको अनुमान बिगत वर्षको अनुभव र सर्वेयरको परामर्श अनुसार गरिएको छ। बीमा नियमावली २०४९ को नियम १५（घ）को व्यवस्थाअनुरूप सूचित गरिएको दावीको अनुमानित दायित्वमा कम्पनीको अंशको ११५\％ले हुनआउने रकम दाबी वापत व्यवस्था गरिएको छ।
ख）श्रृजना भएको तर जानकारीमा नआएका（IBNR）बीमा दाबी को व्यवस्था गर्न आवश्यक नदेखिएकोले यस वर्ष सो वापत ब्यवस्था गरिएको छैन।
3．बीमकको सम्पत्तिमा आएको सीमितता तथा विवादठरू ：कम्पनीको सम्पत्तिमा कुने सीमितता तथा विवाद आएको छैन।
8．कर्जा，लगानी तथा स्थिर सम्पत्तिको लागि गरिएको प्रतिबद्धता ：कुने नभएको।
4．लगानी संग सम्बन्धित देहायका खरिद－बिक्री सम्भौताहरूको मूल्य ：
अ）खरिद गरिएको सम्पत्तिको स्वामित्व प्राप्त नभएको－नभएको।
आ）बिक्री गरिएको सम्पत्तिको भुक्तानी प्राप्त नभएको－नभएको।
६．यस वर्षभरी गरिएको फ़गानी तथा बिक्री／फिर्ता लिएको लगानीको सम्बन्घमा संस्था，मिति，परिमाण ₹ रकम समेत खुलेको विवरण ：आ．व．२००प10६ मा गरिएको थपलगानीको विवरण निम्नानुसार रहेको छ।

| क्र．स． | विवरण | रकम रू． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| १． | सरकारी बचतपत्र／7⿹勹⿰丿丿⿱二⿺卜丿， | \％，200，000 |
| २． | वागिज्य बैकहरससंगको मुद्दती | 4 $4<1,000,000$ |
| 3. | विकास बैकहरूसगको मुद्ती | ¢Y，400，000 |
| 8. | वित्तीयकम्पनीहरूसगको मुद्ती | $99,000,000$ |
|  | जम्मा | 1004，1800，000 |

आ．ब．२०७प／ण0६ मा म्याद भुक्तानपछि फिर्ता लिएको लगानीको विवरण निम्नानुसार रहेको छ।

| क्र．स．विवरण |  | रकम रू． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9． | वाणिज्य＊ैकहरूसंगको मुद्दती | у¢४，400，000 |
| 7. | विकास＊ैकहरूसंगको मुद्दती | ९७，८3१，¢9९ |
| 3. | वित्तीय कम्पनीहरू संगको मुद्दती | 90，400，000 |
|  | जम्मा | 4९८，८39，49९ |

दीर्घकालिन लगानीको विवरण यस प्रकार रहेको छ।

| क.स. | विवरण | रकम रू | म्याद समाप्ति |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9. | बिकास ॠणपत्र २०८३ (३ बर्ष) | 400,000 | \&/2\%/2०マ¢ |
|  | बिकास ॠणपत्र २०८२ (90 बर्ष) | $4,000,000$ | 4/3/2०२६ |
|  | बिकास ॠणपत्र २०८७ ( $9 \%$ बर्ष) | 7,000,000 | ¢/93/20३० |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { २. } \\ & \text { ३. } \end{aligned}$ | पब्हिक कम्पनीको साधारण सेयर नेपाल पूनर्बीमा कम्पनी लिमिटेड जम्मा |  |  |

QQ बैंक मौज्दात किसात सम्बग्वमा सम्बनित बैक/वित्तीय संस्थाको स्टेटमेन्ट सहितको हिसाब मिल्लान सम्बन्धी ब्योगा : कम्पनीको बैक मौज्दात हिसाब सम्बनित बैक/कित्तीय संस्याको स्टेटेन्टसंग हिसाब मिलान गरिएको छ।
८ बीमक/पनर्बामकसंग लिनु दिनु बाँकी हिसाव सम्बन्धमा सम्बन्धित बीमक/पनर्बीमकको समर्थन सहितको हिसाब मिलान सम्बमी व्योोरा : बीनक/पनर्बामकसँग ल्निनु दिन ँाँकी हिसाबको सम्बधमा अन्य बीमक/पनर्वामकको समर्थन पत्र प्राप्त भई अावश्यक समायोजन गरिएको छ।
\&. बौयकले गरेको लगानी प्रचलित बीमा ऐन, नियमावली तथा ीीमा समितिबाट तोकिए बमोजिन रहे नरहेको: बीमा समितिको ल्गानी निर्देन को के वर्ग अन्तर्गत नेपाल सरकार ₹ नेपाल राप्ट कै कैको ऋणपत्र वा नेपाल सरकारको जमानत प्राप्त ॠणपत्र २ बचतरपन्न मा कूल लगानीको २०\% हुरुर्पना सो बर्गमा बजार अभावका कारण लुगानी नपुग रहेको छ। नपुग रकम वाणिज्य बैक हरूको मुद्धतिमा लगानी गरिएको छ। तर अरु वर्ग मा प्रचलित बीमा ऐन, नियमाबही तथा बीमा समितिबाट तोकिए बनोजिय लगानी रहेको छ।
१०. बीमकको संचालक वा संचालक संग सम्बनित व्यक्ति वा संस्थासंग भरको कारोबार

क) बीमकको संचालक चा संचालक संग सम्बधित व्यक्ति वा स्स्थासंग काोबार भएको छैन।
ख) आव. २००3 $/ 0 / 30$ मा सम्पन्न १२औ बार्षिक साधारण समाको निर्णय अनुसार मोबाइल, इंन्टनेट पत्रपत्रिका तथा इच्चन खर्च वापत मातिक रू. ५ हजार, रू. ३ ल्याख बराबरको औष्घोपचार बीमा, १५ लाख बार्रको ब्यक्तिगत दुर्ट्रना बीमा प्रदान गरिएको छ।
११. बीमकले आपनो सम्पतिको सुरखणना लिएको आणको धितो, सर्त तथा औचिल्यः कमनीते आप्नो समत्पत्तिको सुसपणमा कुने ऋण लिएको छेन।
१२. बीमकले कर चुत्ता प्रमाण पत्र प्राप्त गरेको आव. तथा त्यस्तो चुक्ता प्रमाणपत्र प्राप्त हुन बाँकी आ व. र सो सम्बली विवरणका साथै अघिलो आव. हुकोो कर जरिवाना ब्याज वापत दावी परेको र यस आ. व. मा भूक्कानी भएको रकम : कम्ननील आव. २०७३७ष४ को करवुत्ता प्रमाणपन्न प्राप्त गरेको छ।
१३. फिर्ता गरेको बीमाशुलक्को पर्शिाण ₹ कारण : यस आव मा कम्पनीले रू ९४, ,८c, १५४ बीमाशुल्क निम्न कारणहरूले गर्दा मिर्ता गरेको ह:
(क) बीमितको अनुरोधमा बीमांक रकम घटाइएको।
(ख) बीमितको अनुरोधमा बीमालेख रद्ध गरिएको।
(ग) दोहोरो बीमालेख जारी हुन गएको ।
(घ) प्रतितपन्त रद हुन गएको।
(₹) बीमालेखमा वहन गरिएको जोखिम हटाइएको।
(च) संयुक्त बीमा गरिएको बीमालेखहखूमा अन्य बीमा कम्पनिहरूको बीमशुल्क हिस्सा भुक्तानी गरिएको ।
(छ) बीनमालेख जारी गर्दा विभिन्न कारणबस तुटि भा सो बीमालेख रद्ध गराई त्यसको सहामा नयां बीमालेख जारी गरिएको।

(97) What wata pobvobe
१8. अपलेखन हुन बॉकी खर्चको विवरणः नेपाल सरकारको बचतपत्र/ऋणपत्रमा लगानीगर्दा तिरेको प्रिमियमको रकमलाई सो लगानीको अवधिभित्र समानुपातिक आधारमा अपलेखन गर्न नीति अनुरूप यस बर्ष अपलेखन गर्न बाँकी नरहेको ।

$=$
-
$=$१५. चुत्ता पूँंजी मघ्ये अं्रिम भुक्तानी प्राप्त (Paid-in Advance), भुक्तानी प्राप्त हुन बौँकी (Calls-in Arrears) र ज़फत गरिएका तर पुन.निष्काशन नगरिएका शेयर : मिति: २०७६/०१/२५ मा सम्पन्न बिशेष
 शेयरमध्ये संस्थापक शेयरधनीहरूबाट अषाढ महिनासम्म अग्रिम भुक्तानीकों रूपमा रू. ८४,०९९,००० प्राप्त भएको र सो रकमलाई वासलातमा शेयर वापत अग्रिम भुक्तानी शिर्षकमा देखाइएको छ।
वासलात तयार हुदाको मितिसम्म हकमप्रद शेयर निष्काशन गरी सस्थापक शेयर तर्फको पूरै अर्थात ८,९७,६०० कित्ता र सर्बसाहारण शेयरतर्फको ८,६२,४०० मघ्ये ७,६२६७४ कित्ताको लागि आवेदन परी बांडफांड गरिएको तथा बांकी $९ ९, ७ २ ६$ कित्ता शेयरहरू घितोपत्र सम्बन्धी प्रचलित कानून बमोजिम लिल़ामीको प्रकृयामा रहेको छ।
 नमएको ।
96. वर्ष भरिमा भएको वासलात बाहिरको कारोबारको विवरणः वर्ष भरिमा वासलात बाहिए भएको कारोबारलाई अनुसूची २६(१) मा देखाइएको छ।
१८. अधिल्ला बर्षठरू सँग सम्बन्चित आम्दानी तथा खर्षहरको हुदाहुद्टै विवरण : नभएको।
११. उल्किखित पुँदा बाहेक वासलात, नाफा नोक्सान हिसाब, आय-व्यय हिसाब लगायतका वित्तीय

(ख) यस कम्पनीले आ.व. २०६४/०६५ र २०६५/०६६ को लागि घोषित नगद लाभांशमध्ये रू. ३,३१,२०५/- बुभिलिन बाकी रहेकोमा कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को ब्यबस्था तथा कम्पनी रजिष्ट्रारको कार्यालयको निर्देशन अनुसार आवश्यक प्रकृया पूरा गरी हाल उत्त रकम लगानीकर्ता संरक्षण कोषमा जम्मा गरिएको छ।
(ग) २०ज़ साल अषाढ मसान्त्रमा प्राप्त केही प्रिमियम चेकहरू संकलनार्थ सम्बन्धित बैकहरूमा पठाईएको रकम २०७६ साल श्रावण महिनामा जम्मा भएका मध्ये भ्रावण ८ गते पछिका मितिहरूमा जम्मा हुन गएको रकम रू ४६,१११,१७९ लाई अन्य च्यवस्था अर्न्तगत व्यवस्था गरी समायोजन गरिएको छ ।
(घ) यस समीक्षा वर्षमा प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत श्री एन. पि. प्रधान लाई तलब, भत्ता, बोनस तथा सुबिधा बापत रकम रू. ५६,३९,१३८०० प्रदान गरिएको छ। नायब प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत श्री बिनोद काजी श्रेष्ठलाई तलब, भत्ता, बोनस तथा सुबिधा बापत रकम रू. २, ज०,९९९०५ ₹ नायब प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत श्री रामचन्द्र श्रेष्ठलाई तलब, भत्ता, बोनस तथा सुबिधा बापत रकम रू. २,७४६,८१६.९० प्रदान गरिएको छ ।
(ठ ) नेपाल पुनर्वीमा कम्पनीको संस्थापक झेयरमा लगानी : नेपाल सरकारबाट तत्कालिन १७ निर्जीवन बीमा कम्पनीहरूको संयुत्त लगानीमा स्थापित आकस्मिक बीमा कोषलाई नेपाल सरकारबाट विघटन गरी नेपाल पुनर्बीमा कम्पनी लिमिटेडमा परिणत गरेपछि आकस्मिक बीमाकोषमा गरिएको शुरूको लगानी रू ३५,७१,४२८ तथा सो कोषबाट प्राप्त लाभांश रू ६,४१,७०,५७१ समेतलाई पुंजीकृत गरी संस्थापक शेयरमा परिणत गरिएको र नेपाल पुनर्बीमा कम्पनीको पुँजी वृद्धिको सन्दर्भमा सस्थापक शेयरमा थप लगानी गरिएको रू. ४,५१,६९, 000 तथा रू. ४८,९०५,००१ समेत गरी रू १६१,८१६,८०० भएको छ।
(च) चेपाल इन्स्योरेन्स एकोसिएसन (लघु बीमा कोष) मा लगानी : यस समीक्षा वर्षमा नेपाल बीमक संघ मार्फत गरिने लघु बीमाको लागि गठित कोषमा रू. १,७३४,८६८ लगानी गरिएको छ।
(छ) मह्ञाविपति कोष: बीमा समितिले २०७१ असोज ८ गते जारी गरेको परिपत्र नं. ७६ अनुसार वित्तीय विवरणमा नाफा(नोक्सान हिसाब अन्तर्गत बाँडफाँडका लागि उमलब्ध रकमको १० प्रतिशतले हुने रकम रू १०,१५२,९१६ महाविपत्ति जगेडा बापत छुट्याएईएको छ।
(ज) अघिक्कृत तथा जारी पूँजी वृद्धि : कम्पनीको मिति २०६६/०१/२५ मा सम्पन्न बिशेष साधारण सभाबाट कम्पनीको अधिकृत पूंजी रू १ अर्बबाट बृद्धि गरी रू. १ अर्ष २५ करोड पुन्याउने र जारी तथा पुँजी रू. ८८ करोडबाट वृद्धि गरी रू. १ अर्ब ५ करोड ६० छाख पुन्याउने प्रस्ताइ पारित भएकोमा सो पूंजी बृद्धि सम्बन्धी निर्णय कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालयमा अभिलेख भईसकेको छ।
(झ) नगद लालांश बापत व्यवस्था : संचालक समितिको बैठकको निर्यणबाट प्रस्तावित बोनस शेयरमा लाग्ने कर बहन गर्न चुक्ता पुँजी रू. ८८, $00,00,000,00$ को ०.४९ प्रतिशत ले हुने रकम रू. ४,२९०,००० नगद प्रस्ताव गरी सो रकम प्रस्तावित नगद लाभांश बापत व्यवस्था गरिएको छ।
(अ) प्रस्ताबित बोनश शेयर : संचालक समितिको बैठकको निर्णय बाट समीक्षा वर्षको चुक्ता पूंजी को ९.७५ प्रतिशतले हुन आउने रकम रू. ८५, ८००,००० लाई बोनश शेयर बापत व्यवस्था गरिएको छ। उल्केखित बोनश शेयर बीमा समितिको स्वीकृति तथा साधारण सभाबाट अनुमोदन पश्चात जारी हुनेछ ।
(ट) कर्मचारी बोनस : बीमा समितिको निर्देशिका अनसार प्रस्तुत वर्षमा जम्मा मुनाफा GAAP वा NFRS मध्ये १० प्रतिशतले हुन आउने कम रकम अनुसार रू. ३५,०९५,५८९ कर्मचारी बोनस दापत व्यबस्था गरिएको छ।
(ठ) आयकर ब्यवस्था : आयकर ऐन, २०५८ तथा सो ऐन अन्तर्गत बनेको नियम अनुसार कायम भएको करयोग्य आयको आधारमा आयकर गणना गरी यस बर्ष आयकर बापत रू ११२,९४०,४३६ (गत बर्ष रू. ११,५४,८५,८१४) व्यबस्था गरिएको छ। स्वयं तथा तूला करदाता कार्यालयबाट कर निर्धारण बख़त उत्त व्यबस्था फरक पर्न आएमा सोही बर्ष आवश्यक समायोजन गरिने छ।
(ङ) गत बर्षका रकमहरूलाई आवश्यकता अनुसार पुनः वर्गीकरण तथा पुनः सामुहिकरण गरिएका छन् ।

लुमिबती जनरल इन्स्योरेणस कम्पनी लिमिटेड
आर्थिक बर्ष २००x／ov६
वित्तीय विवरणको अभिन्न अंगको रपमा रहने अनुसूचीहर

## बनुसी प्रमुख सूच सूर्चर

| \％ $\mathrm{k}_{\text {d }}$ | ．किए | स－${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 91．abunur | ตn． 1 ．axiw |  |  | भा．．．．ovilup | भा．．．otal｜¢ |
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| 9 | 包称 | E |  |  |  | $\xi \xi_{6}$ |  | reatwi， |
| ？ | तोर रूका | \％－m | 5，500，000 | 5，50， 000 | \＄， 00,000 | \＄，700，000 | 3，45，以 |  |
| 7 | पह．पोल कितापी पुल | v | 7or | 991 | स） | Por | $95 ?$ | ＊ห |
| $\gamma$ | अ गाप | ¢ | zoram，${ }^{\text {and }}$ |  | 9M，Rr， |  | 9Prato，oce |  |
| 4 |  | \％ | ？ | २ | $n$ | $n$ | \％ | \％ |
| 4 |  | \％ | 90.28 | － | २＊ | 9 | 9\％ | ฯ |
| － |  | I | \％\％ | k 0 | 35 | 9，Mo | ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | no |
| 5 |  | लमात | 4 | ＊ | 20 | 䂭 | － | 95 |
| 1 |  | ग्रापात | $r_{5}$ | ¢о | $\xi$ | ¢0 | $\xi$ | $¢_{\chi}$ |
| 90 |  | प्रवियत | 94 | 98 | 9 | 20 | 9 | १२ |
| 19 |  | प्रीपात | ${ }^{\text {\％}}$ | צ0 | ir | （ | 9 | $\xi$ |
| $9{ }^{\text {\％}}$ |  | ग्रवपात | 5 | － | \＆ | ＊ | ir | \＆ |
| 9 |  | ग्रवपात | \％ | \％ | 2 | ＊ | \％ | 2 |
| $9 \times$ |  | प्रीजात | $9 \times$ | 9 | 97 | १\％ | $9{ }^{\text {\％}}$ | १२ |
| 4 |  | प्रापात | ； | \％ | P | ？ | 2 | \＆ |
| 9 |  |  | 30 | pr | $9 \%$ | \％ | 908 | $9 \%$ |
| 94 | कमती को |  | 7 | 200 | 950 | 9＊ | १२२ | 906 |
| 95 |  | 俱 | $n$ | ＊ | \％ | 20 | 9 | $9{ }^{4}$ |
| 4 |  | प्रीपात | q | kP | ri | 4 | 4 | 45 |
| 20 |  | \％ | vis，ovi | V60，krp |  | \％owe | W，新 |  |
| \％ |  | ग्रापतन | 9 | $\because$ | $\times 1$ | $\xi_{0}$ | ＊ | $\xi$ |
| 3 |  | ग्राप़त | n | Vo | 4 | $4{ }^{5}$ | 938 | ＊ |
| 2 |  | मूलामा | TEF，\％ | १ห9，5\％ |  | 97，7\％ | 9RR，n7 | 910，羽 |
| 38 |  <br>  | प्रीजात | 97．9 | ＊．7 | 1 | － | c | $\xi$ |
| 3 |  | प्रीपात | $0.0 \gamma$ | 0.03 | 9 | \％ | $\gamma$ | २ |
| $\star$ | मोलेग्तो मीनित | बुपात | 9.10 | 9．र९ | २ | \＃ | श | ？ |

## लमिबीी जनरल इन्स्योरेन्स कम्णनी लिमिटेड

आ ब．२०७ห／०७६ को वित्तिय विबरण अनुसारको थय अनुपातहक

| ■．．． | 何效 | भाज्य | आाऩ | － |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢ |  |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |  | 5\％ |
| ₹ | बुद मीका शया़मा यदि |  |  | －983 |
| 1 | नगारीमा यृ¢ | 789，30\％，明 |  | 92\％ |
| － |  |  |  |  |
| $\gamma$ |  | 9，990xイY，9\％P |  | V＊ |
| \％ | घुर विमा \ून्ब र पुवी बनुपात |  | 9，9¢3¢\Y，9\％\％ | \＄2\％ |
| $\xi$ | सोत्रेन्तो घनुपात |  | $9,000,000,000$ | 9,0 |
| ग |  |  |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ |  |  | 2，g4，fors3 | ¢\％ |
| 5 | पोषरपा घएको लागानो र 区ूर बम्मा समत्रि | २ ，¢¢¢，97\％ | २，b4， | 9\％ |
| 1 |  |  | 30c，999，49 | 40\％ |
| － |  |  |  |  |
| 90 | घुत्र बोलिय ध्राण बनुपात |  | 9，70， 3 Nus，09 | 75\％ |
| 99 |  |  | F\％rx93， | 10\％ |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 97 | दापी बनुपात | 199，2a，99\％ | Sor，bit，5is | KS\％ |
| 9\％ |  |  |  | 27\％ |
| 97 | क्यिमानको यनुपात |  |  | － 2 |
| \％ | चम्मा खर्य बगपपात | $0.2 Y$ | Soy，ust，值 | $0 \%$ |
| \％ |  |  |  | 97\％ |
| 91 |  | 99，0¢9，．र¢9 |  | 水 |
| － | सगान्ती प प्रदिय |  |  |  |
| 95 | नगारीनाट צाप र 区्रू बीमा पुल्क |  | 2，900，050，754 | 8\％ |
| 98 | पुपौना प्रतिपक्न | 〉2，34， 000 | $9,7 \times 0,13,1 \times 19$ | 54 |

## नविकरण（Renewals）

| －．． | पौप्ता ज्ञार |  <br>  |  |  | पिक्यण बत्पात （1／$/ 11$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | वग्नी／पम्पति बीमा | $93,6 \leq \gamma$ | \＄，5以 |  | $0 . \mathrm{P}$ |
| $?$ | मोटर बीमा |  |  | Y，70心 | 0.00 |
| $\geqslant$ | सामुन्दिक बीमा | 6x¢？ | १Y，彐ํ | 906，009 | 0.97 |
| $Y$ | छन्जिनियरिए तषा केष्बेरार जोषित्य बीमा | 9，邓ᄌ 5 | － | $9, \mathrm{rxo}$ | 0.00 |
| K | कणप तपा लघु बीमा | 93，5Y\％ | 9 | 93，565 | 0.00 |
| $\xi$ | विबिद्य बीमा | §，9\％ | xur | 5， $2 \times 5$ | 0.04 |
|  | चम्मा | 990，析 | 95， ¢ $_{\text {¢ }}$ | 929， 5 ？ | $0.9 \%$ |

लमि्बिणी जनरल ड़न्स्योरेब्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड
आर्थिक बर्ष २०७य／०७द
वित्तीय विबरणको अभिन्न अंगको ₹पमा
वित्तीय विबरणको अभिन्न अंगको रपमा रहने अनुसूनीहए

बीसाएको बिबरण

| ¢．t． | जामाको किसीम |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | यह पर्य | णात पष्य | यह पम | गत पर्य | यस 看 | गत थम | यह पष | गत षम |
| 9 | बलनी／／म्पति | २०，पマ | qus84 |  | ११२，09₹，¢イヤ，¢9¢ |  |  |  |  |
| २ | स्षामीक्षिक | 5，059 | Y，Rou | २5，Р२०，930×09 |  |  |  | \＄，³\％，000，5\％ |  |
| ＊ | मोटर | －9，¢¢₹ | १0६，009 |  |  | १¢，506，5ra，kuy | १३，२२०，¢२०，३マ० |  |  |
| $\gamma$ | इल्बिनियरीए | 9，0ヶ3 | १，＞\％ | \＃5，305，727，593 | －0，309， 5 M9， 99 |  |  |  | १，२ャ0めС२，¢९ア |
| ＊ | घनी ठ्रा पगुगुषी |  | १7，¢した | ३，¢99，3ヶ5，5\％ |  | \％，9\％0，99x，5¢0 |  |  |  |
| \＆ | बघ | 99， 59 | － |  | － | － |  |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ | विविष | ¢．ア9\％ |  | 3，650，00，008 |  |  |  | २，，wr，oqu，rre |  |
|  | बस्ना |  | 9×イ，¢ア\％ |  |  |  |  |  |  |



## विषय: आ.व. २०ఆ५/⿴द्द को वित्तीय विवरण स-शर्त स्वीकृति बारे।

 स्वीकृतिको लागि पेश हुन आएको तहाँको आ.व. श०ज५/ज६ को समितिबाट जारी निर्देशन बमोजिमको वित्तीय
१. बीमकको अण्डराइटिड्ग तथा दावी भुक्तानी प्रकृया प्रभावकारी बनाउनुहुन।
२. बीमकको सल्भेन्सी पार्जिन १.५ भन्दा कम रहेको प्रति बीमक सचेत ग्रहनुनुन।
३. बीमकले स्थिर सम्पति बिक्रि गर्दा समितिको पूर्व स्वीकृति लिनुहुन।
 4. बीमाशुल्क वापतको रकम दाखिला हुन ढिलो भएको प्रति बीमक सचेत रहनुहुन। ६. बीमकले PAN,VAT बिजक लिए मात्र कारोबार गर्नुहुन।
 हुन।

## 97 -

[^0]
## बीमा समितिको उल्लेखित पत्रमा निर्धारित शर्तहरूबारे सज्वालक समितिको धारणा:

9. कम्पनीले हाल विद्यमान सफ्टवेयरमा स्तरोन्नति गरी नयां सफ्टवेयर खरिद गरेको ₹ उक्त प्रविधिबाट अण्डरराइटिछ्न प्रकृयामा चुस्त, आधुनिक प्रविधिमैत्री भएको छ। साथै दावी भुक्तानी प्रकृयालाई पनि अभ सुधार गर्दे लगेको छ।
२. सोल्भेन्सी मार्जिन निर्धारित मापदण्ड अनुसार हुने गरी व्यबस्था गरिनेछ।
३. स्थीर सम्पत्ति बिक्री गर्दा बीमा समितिको स्वीकृति लिने गरिएको छ। कुनै कमी कमजोरी भए त्यसमा सुधार गरिनेछ।
४. कम्पनी ऐन अनुसार महिला सञ्वालक यथाशिघ्र नियुक्ति गरिनेछ।
10. बीमाशुल्क बापतको रकम समयमै दाखिला गर्न ब्यवस्थापनलाई निर्देशन दिइएको छ।
६. केहि सामान्य खुद्रा सामग्रीहरूको PAN VAT बिल प्राप्त नहुने भएपनि अबदेखि उत्त बिजक प्राप्त हुने गरी खरिद गरिनेछ ।
Q. आन्तरिक तथा बाह्य लेखापरीक्षकले औल्याएका कैफियतहरू सुधार गदैं लगिएको र आगामी दिनमा त्यस्ता कैफियतहरू नहुने गरी कार्य गर्न व्यबस्थापनलाई निर्देशन दिइएको छ।
C. २०७६/१२/०५ मा श्री बीमा समितिबाट वित्तीय विवरण स्वीकृत भए पश्चात निर्धारित समयभित्र साधारण सभा गर्ने योजना भएपनि कोभिड-१९ को कारण लागु गरिएको लकडाउनले गर्दा साधारण सभा गर्न नसकिएको ₹ सोको जानकारी मितिः २०७६/१२/०९ गते श्री बीमा समिति समक्ष गराइएको छ ।

# LG्रा लुम्बिनी जनरल इन्स्योरेब्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड 

## को <br> प्रबन्धपत्र <br> （संशोधनको लागि तयार गरिएको ३ महले विवरण）

कम्पनीको प्रबन्धपत्रको दफा $x$ को खण्ड（ख）र（ग）मा निम्नानुसार संशोधन गर्ने：

हालकी व्यबस्था
ख）कम्पनीको जारी पूंजी रु．

पाँच करोड साती लाख）हुलेछ।

ग）कम्पनीको चुक्ता पूँजी र．
$१, 0 火, € 0,00,000 /($（एक अर्क्ष पांच करोड साठी लाख）हुनेछ

संशोधित स्यवस्था
ख）कस्पनीको जारी पूंजी रु．
$१, १ ४, १ ५, 00,000 /($（एक अर्ब चौध
करोड अठार लाख）हुनेछछ।

संघोधन गर्नु परें कारण
चुत्ता पूँजी बृद्धि हुने भएकोले

बोनस शेयर वितरण पश्चात चुत्ता पूँजी बृद्धि हुने भएकोले

## नियमावली <br> （संशोधनको लागि तयार गरिएको ३ महले विवरण）

कम्पनीको नियमाबलीको नियम $\check{\square}$ को उपनियम $२$ को मा निम्नानुसार संशोधन गर्ने：

हालको व्यबस्ता
२）यस कम्पतीमा कम्तीमा १ लना महिला सहित $९$ जनाकी सञ्बनलक समिति होछ। तो समितिमा समूरूत प्रतिनिधित्ब वेढाय बमोजिस हुनेछः
क）सस्थापक पोपरधनीहरकाँ समूह ＂क＂आाट निर्थाचित बा आपसी समकदारीबाद मनोनित कएका ४ जना।
（ख）सर्वसाघारण श्रेयरघनीइकको समूह ＂ब＂ब्वाट निर्वाचित ₹ जना।
ग）ऐनको व्यबस्था अनुरूप नियुत्त स्वतल्ब सञ्चालक २ जना।

## प्रस्ताबित संशोधन

२）यस कम्मनीमा कम्तीमा १ लना महिला सहित ७ ननाको सञ्बालक समिति हुोछ। सो समितिमा समूहुगात प्रतिनिधित्व देहाय बमोजिस हुलेछः：
क）संल्थापक शेयरधनीहएको समइड＂क＂ जाट निर्षाचित बा आपसी समभदारीबाट मनोनित कएका ४ जना।
（ᄌ्व）सर्बसाधारण योयरधनीहरकको समूह ＂स＂बाट निबांचित २ जना।
ग）ऐल्लको ख्यक्षस्या अनुर्म निपुप्त स्तलत्र सश्वालक १ जना।

## संशोधन गर्नुपर्ने कारण

बीमा समितिबाट जारी गरिएको बीमकको संस्थागत सुसासन सम्बन्बी लिद्देडिका， २०ง⿱亠 बमोजिम सञ्वालकको संख्या बहिमा $७$ सदर्स्यीय रहने घ्यबस्थाको कार्यान्वयन गर्नुपर्ने भएकोले
(17) "hem ownos


कुल बीमा व्यवसाय वर्गीकरण







## क्षेत्रीय／प्रादेशिक कार्याल्यय－प्रमुखहरू：



## शाखा कार्यालय－प्रमुखहरू：

|  | 崳 चुमन साज पंगेनी नारायगगढ |  | ओी शन्नु प्रसाद स्तौला न्यूरोड |  | भी ए के．सिंक भक्तपुर | $9 \%$ | 匀角 सतिब धुषाए भैरहवा |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | タी प्रकाइ घन्द्र घघान बनेपा | 6 | वी ओोस गिरी बाग्रुज | 941 | ग्री अर्जुन बझापुए पौतेल ईटहरी | 70 | ब्री कुमार खत्नी कहुंकी |
| 3 | क्री धर्म राज बहु धनगढी | 9 | ग्री सुतोध कुछ्गेक ठमेल | १4 | श्री मोतीबाल श्रेष्ब दमौली | २१ | 我 अजय क्षमार सिढ बौद्ध |
| 8 | औ यब्ष प्रसाद सापकोटा नेपालगंज |  | मी अमित क्षेन्नी जनकपुर |  | मी अनिल कुमार यादव लहान | २२ | भी यादब सुवेदी थापाथली |
| 4 | औी सइजय मण्कल विराटनगर | 99 | भी चन्द्र प्रकाश बास्बोटा बिर्तामोड |  | शी सूर्य क्यमार श्रेष्ठ ललितपुर |  |  |
| E | भी हरि कुमार सर्मा हेटौडा |  | बी तुपान सापकोटा दाङ्र |  | आी अनु ज्यौपाने सुर्खेत |  |  |
|  |  |  | －शाखा कार्याएय | － | प्रभुखहस） |  |  |
| 9 | की दिपक पोख्रेल सङ्खुवासभा | $\xi$ | बी डिक्ल प्रसाद तिमिलौना लम्की | ११ | श्री किरण पौढेल चन्द्रौटा | १द | ब्री शैलेन्द्र वराम्पाकी मगर बर्दिबास |
| 7 | भी सन्तोप तिवारी भोजपुर | 0 | भी मोतीलक्क बोलोरा रूकुम | १२ | भी राजु षके दिपायल |  | री सुदीप चौषरी उदयपुर |
| 3 | भी बा马ु राम आचार्य खोटाङ्ग |  | ब्री कुमार गज़रेल द्रमक |  | सी एक बह्रादुर कहुवाए चन्दपुर | १८ | औ उमेश खधिकारी लमजुछ్گ |
| 8 | 新 राम घन्द्र केसी चरिकोट | 8 | 勿 टेक राज मृ्ट महेन्द्रनगर | 98 | बी धेवेन्द्र पौड्डेल बेनी | 99 | औ नारायण प्रसाद गौडेख स्याङ्जा |
| 4 | औ楊 दिशेश तिस्सिना फिदिम | 90 | त्री सिताराम कार्की गोरखा |  | शी पुखेन राई धरान | 70 | 胗 गजेन्द्र प्रसाद खत्री बभाङ్ |

# व्यवस्थापन समूह तथा विभागीय प्रमुखहरु 



ही एन. पि. प्रधान पस्ब काबंबतरी चधिब्त्त



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क्षेत्रीय／प्रादेशिक कार्यालयहए：

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| शाखा कार्यालयहर： |  | उप－शाखा कार्यालयहर： |  |
| न्युरोड，काठमाडौ | ：फोन：О१－४२१६६९५ | संखुवासभा | ：फोन：०२९－४६११४४ |
| ठमेल，काठमाडौं | ：फोन：О१－૪૪३३९९९ | लम्की | ：फोन：०९१－५૪०ぬ१९ |
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| बनेपा | ：फोन：О११－६६१७६マ | महेन्द्रनगर | ：फोन：०९९－久२३२१० |
| नारायणगढ | ：फोन：ОЦ६－女३२९૫้ | दमक | ：फोन：०२३－久ち૪०१३ |
| बिर्तामोड | ：फोन：О२३－Ц又ぬそ६¢ | चन्द्रपुर |  |
| ईटहरी | ：फोन：०२४－久ち5905 | गोरखा | ：फोन：О६४－૪२०द७ |
| लाहान | ：फोन：О३३－ц६२२३१ | चन्द्रौटा | ：फोन：О७్－ц૪०६०० |
| जनकपुर | ：फोन：०४१－ц¢00४ง | दिपायल | ：फोन：०९४－४१२२७¢ |
| हेटॉंडा | ：फोन：О૫ Э－ц२૪२丩० | चरिकोट | ：फोन：o४९－४२१७४૪ |
| दमौली | ：फोन：О६ц－久६०६， | स्पाङ्गजा | ：फोन：о६३－४४०१५० |
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| नेपालगञ्ज | ：फोन：ОБq－५२६३२ | उदयपुर | ：फोन：О३Ц－૪२१३२३ |
| धनगढ़ी | ：फोन：○९१－¢२久⿴囗口 | फीदिम | ：फोन：०२૪－¢२०००弓 |
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| सुर्ख़त | ：फोन：Оद३－ऐ२૫०૪१ | लम्जुए | ：फोन：०६६－प२१૪૪२ |
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| कलड़्रि | ：फोन：О१－Ц२२ぬ＞ห้ | धरान | ：फोन：०२४－૫२०७Щด |
| बौद्ध | ：फोन：О१－४४६९७२६ | बभाह⿸厂 | ：फोन：०९२－૪२१३૪० |
| थापायली | ：फोन：०१－४१०११૬४ |  |  |


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